





MOTOAMERICA AMA ROAD RACING SERIES FIM NORTH AMERICA CHAMPIONSHIP REGULATIONS

This book (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Regulations") has been printed on 12-20-2019. Successive editions can be printed for supplementing and/or amending. The new editions will be dated and issued to all relevant Bodies.

THIS BOOK PREVAILS OVER ALL OTHER AMA AND FIM NORTH AMERICA ROAD RACE RULE BOOKS.

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20201 EDITION - Version 12-38-1-2020

Articles amended as of 1-1-20210 are in bold bold type

Articles amended after 1-1-20219 are in red bold type

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2.0 TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

Amendments to the technical regulations may be made by the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau at any time.

During free practices, qualifying practices, Superpole for Superbike and warm up sessions: If a motorcycle is found not to be in conformity with the technical regulations during or after the session, its rider will be given a penalty for the event such as a ride-through, a drop of any number of grid positions for the next race, suspension and/or withdrawal of championship or cup points.

Races: If a motorcycle is found not to be in conformity with the technical regulations during or after a race, its rider will be given a penalty such as a time penalty or disqualification.

2.1 INTRODUCTION

Motorcycles for the MotoAmerica Superbike Championships must be motorcycles with a valid road homologation in one of the following areas: USA, EU or Japan.

These motorcycles must be available for sale to the public in the shops and the dealerships representing the manufacturer in at least one of the above areas before the third event of the current championship in order to be allowed to be used in the remaining championship events.

2.2 CLASSES

2.2.1 The production based racing classes will be designated by engine capacity and level of technical freedom.

2.3 GENERAL ITEMS

2.3.1 Main Frame

- a. The main frame is considered as any structure that joins the steering tube, engine and swing-arm pivot. If the steering tube, engine mounts or swing-arm is connected through a removable bracket (with engine removed) then those brackets will be considered as part of the main frame. If the steering tube, engine mounts and rear swing-arm pivot connect to the main frame without removable brackets, then any additional brackets will not be considered as part of the main frame. If there is any part in question the Technical Directors decision is final.
- b. If the rear section (rearward of the engine, meant for the riders seating) of a frame is not removable then there is no rear sub-frame and only a main frame. Regulations applying to the rear sub-frame will not apply to main frames.

2.3.2 Materials

The use of titanium in the construction of the frame, front forks, handlebars, swing arm, swing arm spindles and the wheel spindles is forbidden. For wheel spindles, the use of light weight alloys is also forbidden. The use of titanium alloy nuts and bolts is allowed in certain classes specified in their respective sections.

2.3.3 Handlebars and Control Levers

- a. Exposed handlebar ends must be plugged with a solid material or rubber covered.
- b. The minimum angle of rotation of the steering on each side of the center line or mid position must be of 15° for all motorcycles.
- c. The front wheel, tire and the mudguard must maintain a minimum gap of 10 mm from any part of the machine that can cause binding, regardless of the handlebar position.
- d. Solid stops, other than steering dampers, must be fitted to ensure a minimum clearance of 30 mm between the handlebar with levers and the tank, frame and/or other bodywork when on full lock in order to prevent trapping of the rider's fingers (see diagrams A, B, C).

- e. Repair by welding of light weight alloy handlebars is prohibited.
- f. Composite handlebars are not allowed in any class.
- g. All handlebar levers (clutch, brake, etc.) must be ball ended. The diameter of this ball is to be at least 16 mm. This ball can also be flattened in any case but the edges must be rounded. The minimum thickness of this flattened part is to be 14 mm. These ends must be permanently fixed and form an integral part of the lever.
- h. Each control lever (hand and foot levers) must be mounted on an independent pivot.
- i. The brake lever, if pivoted on the footrest axis, must work under all circumstances, such as the footrest being bent or deformed.
- j. Modified rider controls will be considered for the mobility challenged subject to a report by the Medical Director, the Technical Directors decision is final.
- k. Clutch lever may have a guard fitted equivalent to a brake lever guard.

2.3.4 Compulsory Safety Items

- a. All drain plugs must be lock wired (safety wired). The use of clips is not permitted. External oil filter(s), screws and bolts that enter an oil cavity must be safety wired (i.e. on crankcases) or have a secondary retention mechanism.
- b. Brake caliper bolts must be safety wired or have a secondary retention method. The use of clips is permitted.
- c. Motorcycles must be equipped with brake lever protection, intended to protect the handlebar brake lever from being accidentally activated in case of collision with another motorcycle.
 - i. Composite brake lever guards are not permitted, however, FIM approved guards will be permitted without regard to the material. Only composite guards need FIM approval.
 - ii. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any guard not satisfying this safety purpose.
- d. A solid protective cover (shark fin) shall be securely fixed (bolted or riveted, bonding permitted with the approval of the Technical Director) to the swingarm and must always cover the opening between the lower chain run, swingarm and the rear wheel sprocket, irrespective of the position of the rear wheel.
- e. All fasteners must meet factory torque specification. If any fasteners (i.e. axles, pinch bolts, brake calipers, etc.) are found to be loose while on the race course the competitor will be subject to penalties.
- f. Where breather or overflow pipes are fitted they must discharge via existing outlets. The original closed system must be retained; no direct atmospheric emission is permitted.
- g. Motorcycles must be equipped with a red light on the instrument panel that will illuminate in the event of oil pressure drop.

2.3.5 Wheels and rims

- a. Any modification to the rim or spokes of an integral wheel (cast, molded, riveted) as supplied by the manufacturer or of a traditional detachable rim other than for spokes, air valve or security bolts is prohibited.
- b. Tire retention screws may be used to prevent tire movement relative to the rim. If the rim is modified for these purposes, bolts and/or screws must be fitted.
- c. The distance between the rim walls is measured inside the flange walls in accordance with ETRTO.
- d. A non-slip coating/treatment may be applied to the bead area of the rim.
- e. Wheel balance weights may be discarded, changed or added to.

Aluminum or steel inflation valves are compulsory. Angled valves are recommended.

2.3.6 Tires

Tires must be replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.

- a. The tread pattern must be made exclusively by the manufacturer when producing the tire.
- b. As a safe minimum, the depth of the tire tread over the whole pattern at pre-race control must be at least 2.5 mm.
- c. Tires which at the preliminary examination have a tread depth of less than 1.5 mm are considered as non-treaded tires and the restrictions applying to slick tires will then apply to them.
- d. The surface of a slick tire must contain three (3) or more hollows at 120° intervals or less, indicating the limit of wear on the center and muster areas of the tire. The rider shall not enter the track if at least two (2) of these indicator hollows are worn on different parts of the periphery.

2.3.7 Tire warmers

a. The use of tires warmers and suspension pre-heaters is allowed.

2.3.8 Use of tires

- a. The competitors shall only use tires listed on the allocation sheet provided by the official supplier.
- b. For each event, all tires must be made of the same quality and shall be strictly identical.
- c. All tires to be used must be easily identifiable with a color marking or a numerical system, to be applied by the official supplier at the time of manufacturing.
- d. The official supplier shall provide the Technical Director with a written description of the markings and the general characteristics of the different types of tires.
- e. At the beginning of the event, the official supplier may be requested by the Technical Director to deliver to him four (4) samples of each type of tire to be used at the event.
- f. Any modification of the tread pattern by the official supplier is not permitted after the start of the practices.
- g. Any modification or treatment (cutting, grooving) is forbidden.
- h. Every tire used during the event must be marked with an adhesive sticker with a number allocated by the Technical Director.
- i. Tire allocation stickers must be applied on the left side of each tire by the entrant.
- The tire stickers will be given to the teams in a sealed envelope before the first practice after the rider's machine has passed technical pre-inspection. The rider is solely responsible for the use and safe keeping of the tire stickers.
- k. The use of motorcycles without the official stickers will be immediately reported to the Race Direction whom will take appropriate action.
- I. The allocation of individual tires will be made on a random basis, with no involvement of any representative from the tire supplier, teams or riders. Those tires will be individually identified and may not be exchanged between riders, including between teammates, and may not be exchanged by the tire supplier after the allocation, except with the permission of the Race Direction.
- m. In exceptional cases, should the sticker be damaged or applied in the wrong way, up to two (2) extra stickers may be provided at the sole discretion of the Technical Director. However, the damaged sticker must be returned to the Technical Director and/or the tire it was applied to and must be absolutely intact and unused.

n. The Technical Director may, at his discretion, require the exchange of one (1) or more competitors' tire(s) for a tire sample under his control. The tires exchanged remain under his control and he can exchange them for the tires of another competitor.

2.3.7.1 Tire allocations by class

a. The Technical Director and/or Race Direction has the ability to modify the tire allotments based on the official schedule; this modification will be noted in the event supplementary regulations. During a normally scheduled event, the tire allotments will be as follows:

Class	Single Race Event	Two-Race Events	
Superbike	N/A	16	
Supersport	10	12	
Stock 1000	8	10	
Twins Cup	8	10	
Junior Cup	7	8	

2.3.7.1.1 Superpole participants

Superbike Only. The **nine (9)** competitors that are eligible to participate in Superpole will be allowed to use a qualifying tire which will be separate from the rider's standard allocation.

2.3.8 Ballast

- a. The use of ballast is allowed in order to comply with the minimum weight limit. The use of ballast must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.
- b. The ballast must be made of (a) solid metallic piece(s) firmly and securely connected either through an adapter or directly to the main frame or engine with a minimum of two (2) steel bolts (min. 8 mm diameter, 8.8 grade or over). Other equivalent technical solutions must be submitted to the Technical Director for his approval.
- c. Fuel in the fuel tank can be used as ballast. Nevertheless, the verified weight may never fall below the required minimum weight.

2.3.9 Timekeeping instruments

All motorcycles must have a correctly positioned timekeeping transponder.

- a. Teams must provide their own transponder. MotoAmerica will not provide transponders.
- b. The transponder must be approved by the official timekeeper. See Team Handbook for compatible models.
- c. The transponder should be fitted centrally on the machine and as low to the ground as possible avoiding being shielded by bodywork. The manufacture suggested direction of the transponder should also be respected.
- d. It is the team's responsibility to ensure that the transponder is **located in an** optimal position and working properly. Any machine without a working transponder is not allowed on the circuit.

Correct attachment of the transponder bracket consists of a minimum of tie-wraps but preferably consists of screws or rivets. Any transponder retaining clip must also be secured by a tie-wrap. Velcro or adhesive alone will not be accepted. The transponder must be working at all times during practices, qualifying, Superpole and races, also when the engine is switched off.

2.3.10 Wings and Aerodynamic Aids

Wings and other aerodynamic aids will only be considered legal if originally fitted to the homologated road specification machine in all of Europe, Japan and North America. For race use the wings must follow the dimensions, profiles and positions of the homologated shapes exactly (+-1mm). For copies of the OEM parts the leading edges (including end plates) must have a minimum circumference of 4mm and must have a rounded end (8mm radius) or be enclosed / integrated into the fairing.

The OEM parts may be used 'as is' with the exception that the wing root and 10mm from the end face maybe be modified to allow mounting to the (race) fairing. This may not be in the form of an extension and the size of the wing will be measured with reference to the face of the wing root.

The wing must be fitted in the same 'relative' position (accepting the tolerance allowed for the fairing) and the angle of attack must be within $+/-4^{\circ}$ of the original angle of attack relative to the chassis.

For active or dynamic aerodynamic parts, ONLY the standard homologated mechanism may be used. The range of movement must be the same as that used by the homologated road machine in normal use - not the mechanical maximum.

The Technical Directors decision will be final.

2.3.11 Crash Protection

Crash protection may be fitted to the frame, using existing mounting points, or pressed into the ends of the wheel axles. Wheel axles may not be modified for the fitment of crash protection. (this does not apply to SBK or Twins Cup). Crash protection (frame sliders) may not provide an aerodynamic advantage unless originally fitted to the homologated machine see art. 2.3.10.

2.3.12 Homologated Parts

Homologated parts are the OEM parts supplied fitted to the machine during manufacture and as delivered. Unless stated otherwise these parts may not be remade, refinished, treated, coated or modified in any way.

Parts from different homologations may not be used on machines from another homologation including when sharing the model name but excepting when the part is superseded for production reasons and also accepted by the FIM.

See Appendix: 'Homologation Rules' for details

2.3.13 Approved Parts

All approved parts must be approved by the Technical Director before they are allowed to be used. The approved part list can be found at: http://www.motoamericaregistration.com/competitor-info/

SUPERBIKE TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

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2.4 SUPERBIKE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following rules are intended to give freedom to modify or replace some parts in the interest of safety, research and development and improved competition between various motorcycle concepts.

EVERYTHING THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND PRESCRIBED IN THIS RULEBOOK IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN

If a change to a part or system is not specifically allowed in any of the following articles, then it is forbidden.

Superbike motorcycles require an FIM homologation (see FIM homologation procedure for Superstock, Supersport and Superbike motorcycles). All machines must be normally aspirated. All motorcycles must comply in every respect with all the requirements for road racing as specified in these technical regulations, unless they are already equipped as such on the homologated model.

Once a motorcycle has obtained the homologation, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of 8 years (see Homologation art 1.4.4), or until such time that the homologated motorcycle is disqualified by new rules or changes in the technical specifications of the corresponding class.

The appearance from the front, rear and the profile of Superbike motorcycles must (except when otherwise stated) conform in principle to the homologated shape (as originally produced by the manufacturer). The appearance of the exhaust system is excluded from this rule.

2.4.1 Motorcycle specifications

All parts and systems not specifically mentioned in the following articles must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.

2.4.2 Engine configurations and displacement capacities

The following engine configurations comprise the Superbike class.

Over 750cc up to 1000cc	4 stroke	3- and 4-cylinder
Over 850cc up to 1200cc	4 stroke	2- cylinder

The displacement capacity bore and stroke must remain at the homologated size. Modifying the bore and stroke to reach class limits is not allowed.

2.4.3 Balancing various motorcycle concepts

In order to equalize the performance of motorcycles with different engine configurations, an air restrictor may be applied according to their respective racing performances.

This handicap is applied only to the '1200cc 2-cylinder' motorcycles.

A new 2-cylinder entry will not be included in the 'Balancing various motorcycle concepts' rules until the performance is proven during the first two years of use

in the MotoAmerica Superbike Championship. In the case that a new 2-cylinder entry wins a race in the Dry in the first year, restrictors will be applied from the start of the second year.

A new 2-cylinder entry is considered an entry by a new manufacturer to the championship, not a new model of machine from an existing manufacturer.

The air restrictor handicap will be applied according to the relevant provisions described in Art 2.4.3.3: the size of the intake ports will be changed by means of air restrictors. These changes to the size of the air restrictor diameter will be applied in 2 mm steps.

Each racing season will begin with the same balancing level as the preceding season finished.

The MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau can at any time modify the handicap system to

ensure fair competition.

2.4.3.1 Balancing calculation

- a. After three events, the best manufacturers of the 1000cc 4-cylinders and 1200cc 2cylinders will be selected according to the sum of the points of the best two riders for each manufacturer.
- b. By taking the race points of the riders of the selected 1000cc 4-cylinder manufacturer and of the selected 1200cc 2-cylinder manufacturer in each race, an average will be calculated after every event, the 'event average'.

If in any of the races there is only one finisher from one of the selected manufacturers, the 'event average' will be calculated from the first rider of each selected manufacturer in each race.

No 'event average' points will be calculated if one of the selected manufacturers has no finishers. The 'event average' will then be calculated based on the results of the other race from the same event.

If neither race has any finishers from one of the selected manufacturers, the event will not be considered.

c. 'Wet' races (as declared by the Race Direction) are not taken in account for the calculation of an 'event average'.

2.4.3.2 Air restrictors for 1200cc 2-cylinders

Application: Only the 1200cc 2-cylinder engines may be fitted with air restrictors. Should a restrictor be required, then the first restrictor size to be installed will be equivalent to a Ø52mm circular area. Air restrictor size will be adjusted in steps equivalent to a change of 2mm in diameter, between Ø52mm and to a minimum of Ø46mm (None <> Ø52mm <> Ø50mm <> Ø48mm <> Ø46mm), if needed during the Championship, as described below in Art. 2.4.3.4

Definition: An air restrictor is a metallic device with a tract of constant controlled section which is placed in the induction tract between the throttle body and the cylinder head. The length of the controlled tract must be at least 3 mm. No air and/or air-fuel mixture to the engine must by-pass the restrictor. No part of the fuel injection system (injector, needle, slide, etc.) shall extend through the restrictor.

The manufacturer must supply the FIM/MotoAmerica with 10 sets of plug-calibers (gauges) to check the diameter of the air restrictor when using one of the prescribed sizes (Ø52, Ø50, Ø48, Ø46 mm).

A manufacturer may have a non-circular air restrictor, provided that the area of this restrictor is equivalent to the area of a nominal circular restrictor. In this case, the manufacturer must supply the FIM/MotoAmerica with 10 sets of plug-calibers (-gauges) for measuring the restrictor during the technical verifications.

The FIM/MotoAmerica may also request the manufacturer to supply a cut section of the air restrictor(s) in each of the prescribed sizes.

2.4.3.3 Air restrictor adjustment

The minimum air restrictor size is increased or decreased in 2 mm steps in diameter of equivalent circular area, according to the following procedure:

a. If the gap in the average value of 'event averages', calculated as described in article 2.4.3.1 is more than 5 points in favor of the 1000cc 4-cylinder manufacturer, and

If a rider of a 1000cc 4-cylinder motorcycle is leading the riders' MotoAmerica Superbike Championship standings at that time, then

The initial air restrictor size of all the 1200cc 2-cylinder motorcycles will be increased by one size, or as a last step, the air restrictor will be withdrawn.

b. If the resulting gap of the average value of 'event averages', calculated as described in article 2.4.3.1, is more than 5 points in favor of the 1200cc 2-cylinder

manufacturer, and

If a rider of a 1200cc 2-cylinder motorcycle is leading the riders' MotoAmerica Superbike Championship standings at that time, then

The initial air restrictor size of the 1200cc 2-cylinder manufacturers will be reduced by one size, or as a last step, to a minimum of \emptyset 46 mm (or the equivalent area 1661.9 mm2).

If the air restrictor size is not updated, then the results of three more events will be considered and the best manufacturers for each engine configuration will be updated considering the sum of points of the best two riders from each selected manufacturer over six events, and updated every third event. A new average value of the 'event averages' will be calculated over six events, until the points gap of the average value of the 'event averages' from the last minimum weight update is higher than 5 points.

The MotoAmerica Technical Director will inform all the teams about the possible air restrictor size adjustments, within 24 hours from the end of the last event, where the average value of the 'event averages' was calculated. The new air restrictor size adjustments must be applied from the first following event.

2.4.4 Minimum weight

All machines 168kg (370.5lbs)

At any time during the event, the weight of the whole motorcycle (including the tank and its contents) must not be less than the minimum weight.

There is no tolerance on the minimum weight of the motorcycle.

During the final technical inspection at the end of each race, the selected motorcycles will be weighed in the condition they finished the race, and the established weight limit must be met in this condition. Nothing may be added to the motorcycle. This includes all fluids.

During the practice and qualifying sessions, riders may be asked to submit their motorcycle to a weight control. In all cases, the rider must comply with this request.

The use of ballast is allowed to stay over the minimum weight limit and may be required due to the handicap system. The use of ballast and weight handicap must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.

2.4.5 Numbers and number plates

Numbers must be easily legible, in a clear simple font and contrast strongly with the background color. Backgrounds must be of one single color over an area large enough to provide a minimum clear area of 25 mm around the numbers.

The sizes for all the front numbers are:	Minimum height: Minimum width:	140 mm 80 mm
	Minimum stroke:	25 mm
	Minimum space	20
	between numbers:	10 mm
The sizes for all the side numbers are:	Minimum height:	120 mm
	Minimum width:	70 mm
	Minimum stroke:	20 mm

The allocated number (& plate) for the rider must be affixed on the motorcycle as follows:

Minimum space between numbers:

10 mm

 Once on the front, either in the center of the fairing or slightly off to one side; the number must be on a strongly contrasting background. No advertising is allowed within 25mm in all directions.

- Once on each side of the lower rear portion of the lower fairing. The number must be on a strongly contrasting background with no advertising within 25mm in all directions.
- c. Any outlines must be of a contrasting color and the maximum width of the outline is 3mm. The background color must be clearly visible around all edges of the number (including outline). Reflective or mirror type numbers are not permitted.
- d. Numbers cannot overlap

In case of a dispute concerning the legibility of numbers, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.

2.4.6 Fuel

- a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.
- b. Please refer to Article: 2.10 for additional details

2.4.7 Tires

- a. The maximum number of tires, of any type, available to each rider during the event will be specified in Article: 2.3.7.1
- b. A maximum of 11 tires per rider can be mounted at any time.
- c. For Superbike races only, wet tires will not need to be marked with a tire sticker. They will not be considered in the total number of tires available for use; however normal allocation limits still apply.
- d. After the third free practice session, the tire supplier will allocate one (1) rear 'qualifying tire' to all riders that will participate in Superpole.
- e. Qualifying tires can only be used during Superpole. If the qualifying tire is used during any session (excluding Superpole), the rider will lose his qualifying time and must start from the back of the grid.
- f. During free practices, qualifying practices, Superpole for Superbike, warm up sessions and races, front and rear tires are required to be marked with tire stickers.
- g. See article. 2.3.7

2.4.8 Engine

The following engine specifications and components may not be altered from the homologated motorcycle except as noted:

- a. The homologated engine design model cannot be changed.
- b. The method of cam drive must remain as homologated.
- c. The method of valve retention must remain the same as the homologated model. No pneumatic valve retention devices are allowed unless fitted to the homologated model.
- d. The sequence in which the cylinders are ignited (i.e. 1-2-4-3), must remain as originally designed on the homologated model. Simultaneous firing of two (2) cylinders is also forbidden if not adopted on the homologated motorcycle. Up to five (5) degrees firing difference in two (2) cylinders is regarded as 'simultaneous' firing.

2.4.8.1 Fuel injection systems

'Fuel injection systems' refers to the throttle bodies, fuel injectors, variable length intake tract devices, fuel-pump and fuel pressure regulator.

- a. The original homologated fuel injection system must be used without any modification.
- b. The fuel injectors must be stock and unaltered from the original specification and manufacture.

- c. Air funnels may be altered or replaced.
- d. Primary throttle valves cannot be changed or modified.
- e. Secondary throttle valves and shafts may be removed or fixed in the open position and the electronics may be disconnected or removed.
- f. Variable intake tract devices cannot be added if they are not present on the homologated motorcycle and they must remain identical and operate in the same way as the homologated system. All the parts of the variable intake tract device must remain exactly as homologated (except the air funnels). Variable intake tract devices may be replaced with fixed air funnels.
- g. Air and air-fuel mixture must go to the combustion chamber exclusively through the throttle bodies.
- h. Electronically controlled throttle valves, known as 'ride-by-wire', may be only used if the homologated model is equipped with the same system.
- If the variable intake tract actuation mechanism mounts or fuel injector mount is an integrated part of the air funnel, then those parts alone may be redesigned maintaining the exact geometry of the original parts.

2.4.8.2 Cylinder head

The cylinder head must be the originally fitted and a homologated part. The following modifications are allowed:

- a. The cylinder head must begin as a finished production part using homologated materials and castings. Material may only be added by epoxy or removed by machining. No machining or modification is allowed in the cam box / valve mechanism area.
- b. The intake and exhaust system including the number of valves and/or ports (intake and exhaust) must be as homologated.
- c. Porting and polishing of the cylinder head normally associated with individual tuning such as gas flowing of the cylinder head, including the combustion chamber, is allowed. Epoxy may be used to shape the ports.
- d. The throttle body intake insulators may be modified.
- e. The compression ratio is free.
- f. The combustion chamber may be modified.
- g. Valves must remain as homologated.
- h. Valve seats can be modified or replaced for repair. The material must remain as homologated.
- i. Valve guides must remain as homologated. Modifications in the port area are allowed by machining.
- j. Valve springs may be altered or replaced; their material must remain as homologated. An additional spring may be added or the spring may be removed.
- k. Valve spring retainers, collets and/or spring seats may be altered or replaced.
- Valves must remain in the homologated location and at the same angle as the homologated valves.
- m. Rocker arms (if any) must remain as homologated.
- n. The exhaust air bleed system must be blocked and the external fittings on the cam cover(s) may be replaced by plates.
- o. The shim buckets / tappets may be replaced but must be the same height, diameter, material type, surface finish and shim to top surface dimension as the homologated part. The weight must be equal to or greater than the homologated part.
- p. The homologated cylinder head / cam cover may be replaced by a cosmetic replica

of higher specific weight material (i.e. replace magnesium part with aluminum).

2.4.8.3 Camshaft

- Camshafts may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. Offsetting the camshaft is not allowed. The camshaft must remain in the homologated location.

2.4.8.4 Cam sprockets or cam gears

- a. Camshaft sprockets, pulleys or gears may be altered or replaced to allow degreeing of the camshafts.
- b. The cam chain or cam belt tensioning device(s) can be modified or changed.
- c. The cam chain may be altered or replaced but must remain the same type.

2.4.8.5 Cylinders

- Cylinders must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The cylinder base gasket(s) may be changed.
- c. The top face of the cylinder may be ground to adjust deck height.

2.4.8.6 Pistons

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.

2.4.8.7 Piston rings

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.

2.4.8.8 Piston pins and clips

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.

2.4.8.9 Connecting rods

- a. Connecting rods may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. The weight must be the same or greater than the original homologated part.
- b. The material must be the same type as the homologated item (e.g. steel, titanium, alloy) or steel.
- c. If the original connecting rod is fitted with a little end insert, then the replacement connecting rods may also have an insert of the same material as fitted in the original homologated connecting rod.
- d. If the original homologated connecting rod is not fitted with a little end insert then the replacement connecting rods may be fitted with an insert of the same material as the connecting rod or steel.
- e. The center to center (little end to big end) length of the rod must be the same as the original homologated item.
- f. Connecting rod bolts are free.

From 2020 for any newly homologated machines:

- g. The connecting rod must the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- h. Connecting rod big end bolts may be changed but must be of the same weight or heavier, same material or of higher specific weight material.
- i. The weight of the connecting rod assembly is the homologated weight (normally the weight of the middle weight rod) with a tolerance of +/-3%.

2.4.8.10 Crankshaft

Only the following modifications are allowed to the homologated crankshaft:

- a. Bearing surfaces may be polished.
- b. Surface treatments may be applied to the crankshaft.
- c. Balancing is allowed but only by the same method as the homologated crankshaft. For example, heavy metal (i.e. Mallory metal inserts), is not permitted unless originally specified in the homologated crankshaft.
- d. The addition or reduction in weight of the crankshaft in order to reach a racing balance can be no higher than **3%** of the homologated weight without the tolerance as shown on the homologation specification of the crankshaft.
- e. The balancing must be performed by the original method (e.g. drilling or machining) and in the same position (e.g. edge of flywheels).
- f. Polishing of the crankshaft is not allowed.
- g. Balance shaft must remain as homologated. No modifications are allowed.

2.4.8.11 Crankcase / Gearbox housing

- a. Crankcases must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed. If the crankcases have integral cylinders, then the top face of the cylinder may be machined to adjust deck height. Oil spray nozzles may be modified. No other modifications are allowed (including painting, polishing and lightening).
- b. It is not allowed to add a pump used to create a vacuum in the crankcase. If a vacuum pump is installed on the homologated motorcycle, then it may be used only as homologated.
- Oil-pan (sump) may be altered or replaced and oil pick up may be altered or replaced.
- d. One threaded port may be altered for direct oil pressure/temperature sensor fitting in the crankcases or engine covers.
- e. See 2.4.10.1/k./iv.
- f. The oil breather cover must remain as homologated but the internal breather/damper plate can be modified or replaced.

2.4.8.11.1 Lateral covers and protection

- a. Lateral (side) covers may be altered, modified or replaced (excluding pump covers). If altered or modified, the cover must have at least the same resistance to impact as the original one. If replaced, the cover must be made in material of the same or higher specific weight and the total weight of the cover must not be less than the original one.
- b. Titanium bolts may be used to fasten lateral covers.
- c. Oil containing engine covers cannot be secured with aluminum bolts.
- d. All lateral covers/engine cases containing oil and which could be in contact with the ground during a crash, must be protected by a second cover made from metal such as aluminum alloy, stainless steel, steel or titanium. Each side (left and right) of the engine must have at least one (1) protective cover installed on the farthest protruding engine cover containing oil. Composite covers are not permitted. FIM approved covers will be permitted without regard of the material or dimensions.
 - i. The secondary cover must cover a minimum of 1/3 of the original cover. It must not have sharp edges that could damage the track surface. Covers must be fixed properly and securely with a minimum of three (3) case cover screws that also mount the original covers/engine cases to the crankcases.
 - ii. Heavy duty engine case covers may be used in lieu of secondary case covers.

- iii. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any cover not satisfying this safety purpose.
- e. Plates or crash bars from aluminum or steel also are permitted in addition to these covers. All of these devices must be designed to be resistant against sudden shocks, abrasions and crash damage.

2.4.8.12 Transmission / Gearbox

- a. Transmission shafts and gear set must begin as originally fitted and homologated. Shimming is allowed.
- b. Undercutting and surface treatments are permitted.
- c. OEM shift drum detent stars may be modified or replaced.
- d. External quick-shift systems are permitted (including wire and potentiometer).
- e. Countershaft sprocket, rear wheel sprocket, chain pitch and size can be changed. Chain master links must be rivet type.
- f. Final drive system, if not by chain, may be modified to chain type using kits specified on the eligible equipment list.
- g. The sprocket cover may be modified or eliminated

2.4.8.13 Clutch

- a. Aftermarket or modified clutches are permitted including:
 - i. Friction plates and steel plates
 - ii. Clutch hub
 - iii. Springs
 - iv. Hardware
- b. The clutch basket (outer) must be the originally fitted and homologated part but may be reinforced.
- c. Back torque limiters are permitted.
- d. No power source (i.e. hydraulic or electric) can be used for clutch operation if not installed in the homologated model for road use. Human power is excluded from the ban.
- Clutch system type (wet or dry / single or multi-plate) and method of operation (cable/hydraulic) must remain as homologated.

2.4.8.14 Oil pumps and oil lines

- a. The originally fitted and homologated oil pump must be used. The oil pressure relief spring is free.
- b. Oil lines may be modified or replaced. Oil lines containing positive pressure, if replaced, must be of braided reinforced construction with swaged or treaded connectors.

2.4.8.15 Cooling System

- a. The only liquid engine coolant permitted is water.
- b. The water pump must remain as homologated.
- c. The original radiator or oil cooler may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- d. Additional radiators or oil coolers may be added.
- e. The original oil/water heat exchanger may be modified, replaced or removed.
- f. The cooling system hoses and catch tanks may be changed.
- g. The radiator fan and wiring may be changed, modified or removed.

- h. The oil cooler must not be mounted on or above the rear mudguard.
- The appearance from the front, rear and profile of the motorcycle must in principle conform to the homologated shape after the addition of additional radiators or oil coolers.

2.4.8.16 Air box

- a. The air box must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed except as noted in the following:
 - i. If the homologated air box is used to mount top type fuel injectors, then the air box and the attached systems must remain as homologated.
 - ii. If the homologated air box is used to mount variable intake tract devices, then the air box and the attached systems must remain as homologated and function in the same way (excepting the air funnels – see article 2.4.8.1).
 - iii. If used, variable intake tract devices must function in the same way as on the homologated system (see article 2.4.8.1).
- b. Air filters, internal flap type valves, sensors and vacuum fittings may be removed, modified or replaced with aftermarket parts. Should any modification be required for the fitment of these parts it will be at the discretion of the Technical Director.
- c. Any holes in the air box to the outside atmosphere resulting from the removal of components must be completely sealed from incoming air.
- d. The air box drains must be sealed.
- e. Ram air tubes or ducts running from the fairing to the air box may be modified, replaced or removed. If tubes/ducts are utilized, they must be attached to the original, unmodified air box inlets.
- f. All motorcycles must have a closed breather system. All the oil breather lines must be connected (may pass through an oil catch tank) and exclusively discharge in the air box.
- g. If the top of the air box is formed by the bottom of the tank, then that part of the tank will be considered as the air box and must conform to its homologated shape excepting two (2) mm variance in corner radii and must be the same volume. A drybreak / quick-release connector may be fitted (see article 2.4.8.17).
- h. Additional heat shielding is allowed to be applied to the lower face / side of the air box (i.e. foil heat tape).

2.4.8.17 Fuel Supply

- a. The fuel pump and fuel pressure regulator must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The fuel pressure must be as homologated. The pressure tolerance at the technical control is +/- 0.5 bar in respect to the maximum pressure of the homologated motorcycle. All motorcycles must have a special device on the fuel line in accordance with FIM specifications for fuel pressure checks, or teams must provide a temporary adaptor to allow checks.
- c. Fuel lines from the fuel tank up to the injectors (fuel hoses, delivery pipe assembly, joints, clamps, fuel canister) may be replaced and must be located in such a way that they are protected from crash damage.
- d. Quick connectors or dry break connectors may be used.
- e. Fuel vent lines may be replaced.
- f. Fuel filters may be added.

2.4.8.18 Exhaust system

a. Exhaust pipes, catalytic converters and silencers may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. Catalytic converters must be removed.

- b. The number of the final exhaust silencer(s) must remain as homologated. The silencer(s) must be on the same side(s) as on the homologated model.
- c. For safety reasons, the exposed edge(s) of the exhaust pipe(s) outlet(s) must be rounded to avoid any sharp edges.
- d. Wrapping of exhaust systems is not allowed except in the area of the rider's foot or an area in contact with the fairing for protection from heat.

The noise limit for Superbikes will be 115 dB/A (with a 3 dB/A tolerance after the race only) measured at 6000rpm (4-cylinder) and 5500rpm (2-, 3- cylinder).

The test will be carried out according to the details noted in Article 2.14

2.4.9 Electronic control system

- a. The engine control system (including ECU) must be either:
 - i. A DWO/FIM approved "Superbike Kit" system (See art 2.4.9.1)
 - ii. A MotoAmerica approved "Superbike Kit" system (See art 2.4.9.2)
 - iii. The homologated ECU with or without software changes (See art 2.4.9.3)
 - iv. DWO/FIM approved "Superstock 1000" kit model
- b. The central unit (ECU) may be relocated.
- c. The original speedometer and tachometer may be altered or replaced.
- d. The wiring harness is free.
 - i. Each team must provide a download connection lead to the Technical Director.
- e. Telemetry (remote signals to or from the bike) is not allowed.
- f. No remote or wireless connection to the bike for any data exchange or setting is allowed whilst the engine is running or the bike is moving.
- g. Spark plugs, spark plug caps and HT leads (if applicable) are free.
- h. Battery is free

h. <u>Proposed for 2023 follow FIM / Manufactures recommended electronics</u> systems

2.4.9.1 The DWO/FIM approved "Superbike Kit" system must meet the following:

- The system must be a complete package including all electrical / electronic parts not supplied on the homologated motorcycle required for full operation of all strategies – except the wiring harness.
- b. Only the machine manufacturer or one approved partner can submit a single system for approval.
- c. The total price of the complete system including ECU, dashboard/display, all additional sensors essential for full operation of all strategies, IMU, software, enable codes, data logging, analysis software, ECU 'tuning' or 'setting' software, data logger, download/connection cable, example harness design, manual for use, (not a complete list), is €8000 Euro (excluding taxes). Data logging only sensors are excluded from the price cap.
- d. There must be at least 50 "Superbike Kit" systems (currently approved system) available worldwide per season, if ordered, through authorized distributors or dealers. The "Superbike Kit" system must be marked and considered as for race use only.
- e. Lead time less than 8 weeks
- f. No other external ignition/injection controllers, traction control modules or other active expansion modules or calculation units may be fitted
- g. The ECU must be from the FIM/DWO approved superbike ECU list.

- h. The following sensors may be used:
 - 1. Throttle position (multiple)
 - 2. Map sensor, map sync (pressure sensor on the intake port used to synchronize the engine during the start)
 - 3. Air box pressure
 - 4. Engine pick-ups (cam, crank) (Crank trigger may be replaced.)
 - 5. Lambda
 - 6. Exhaust valve/motor position/feedback
 - 7. Twist grip position
 - 8. Front speed
 - 9. Rear speed
 - 10. Gearbox output shaft speed
 - 11. Gear position
 - 12. Gear shift load cell
 - 13. Front brake pressure
 - 14. Rear brake pressure
 - 15. Oil pressure
 - 16. Air pressure
 - 17. Water temperature
 - 18. Air temperature
 - 19. IMU (various signals)
 - 20. Transponder / lap time signal
 - 21. Knock sensor
 - 22. Fuel pressure
 - 23. Oil temperature
 - 24. Fork position
 - 25. Shock position
 - 26. Tilt / tip-over switch
 - 27. GPS unit
 - 28. Rear tire temperature (external) (multiple)
 - 29. Rear tire monitor (temperature and pressure)
 - 30. Front tire monitor (temperature and pressure)
- i. Sensors on the above list that are originally fitted to the standard machine may be replaced with alternative sensors, however they must be included in the Superbike Kit System and inside the total price (article 2.4.9.1.c).
- j. Two (2) additional sensor channels (that are not included in the above list) may be added to the machine. These sensors must be declared to the Technical Director, they may be changed only between meetings and if changed a new declaration must be made.
- k. Redundant/doubled sensors are allowed but must be included in the "Superbike Kit" system if they are required for safe operation.
- I. Analog/logic to CAN sensors are allowed.

- m. The sensors originally fitted to the homologated machine and used as homologated, will not be included in the price limit.
- N. When the following sensors are damaged through crashes they may be replaced by parts of the same function but do not have to be the same specific part from the "Superbike Kit" system:
 - i. Fork and shock potentiometers
 - ii. Brake pressure sensors
 - iii. Gear shift sensor (but must remain the same type included with the kit i.e. load cell, switch, etc.)
- Before the pre-season test, before the mid-season test(s) or at the season midpoint and within three hours of the last race of the season any firmware / software updates being used by the factory teams must be made available to all same manufacturer customer SBK teams (more frequent updates are allowed).
- p. The manufacturer must provide current strategies but may remove the ability to change or see these settings. Base mapping must be provided.
- Only firmware and software from the FIM/DWO approved software and firmware list may be used.
- r. Factory teams may use any development firmware and software which will be made available to teams according to the update schedule.
- s. Any essential hardware updates required must be made available to customer teams from the same race as the factory team and available free of charge to update those "Superbike Kit" systems purchased in the current season.
- t. The transponder is NOT included in the "Superbike Kit" system.
- u. The selection of logged channels is free.
- Coils and coil drivers are free and must be included in the "Superbike Kit" system if altered.
- w. No other external ignition/injection controllers, traction control modules or other active expansion modules or calculation units may be fitted unless included in the Superbike System.
- The factory teams must use the current season's "Superbike Kit System". No backdated parts may be used.
- y. Superbike kit systems remain approved for three (3) seasons (first season inclusive).

Manufacturer nominated "Superbike Kit" system suppliers please also see "Superbike Kit System Approval Requirements" documentation.

2.4.9.2 The MotoAmerica approved "Superbike Kit" system must meet the following:

- a. The system must be the MoTec M130 spec system with MotoAmerica approved activations. See Technical Bulletin 01-2019.
- b. There must be at least 50 "Superbike Kit" systems (currently approved system) available worldwide per season, if ordered, through authorized distributors or dealers. The "Superbike Kit" system must be marked and considered as for race use only.
- c. Lead time less than 8 weeks
- d. The ECU must be from the MotoAmerica approved superbike ECU list.
- e. The following sensors may be used:
 - 1. Throttle position (multiple)
 - Map sensor, map sync (pressure sensor on the intake port used to synchronize the engine during the start)

- 3. Air box pressure
- 4. Engine pick-ups (cam, crank) (Crank trigger may be replaced.)
- 5. Lambda
- 6. Exhaust valve/motor position/feedback
- 7. Twist grip position
- 8. Front speed
- 9. Rear speed
- 10. Gearbox output shaft speed
- 11. Gear position
- 12. Gear shift load cell
- 13. Front brake pressure
- 14. Rear brake pressure
- 15. Oil pressure
- 16. Air pressure
- 17. Water temperature
- 18. Air temperature
- 19. IMU (various signals)
- 20. Transponder / lap time signal
- 21. Knock sensor
- 22. Fuel pressure
- 23. Oil temperature
- 24. Fork position
- 25. Shock position
- 26. Tilt / tip-over switch
- 27. GPS unit
- 28. Rear tire temperature (external) (multiple)
- 29. Rear tire monitor (temperature and pressure)
- 30. Front tire monitor (temperature and pressure)
- f. No other external ignition/injection controllers, traction control modules or other active expansion modules or calculation units may be fitted
- g. Sensors on the above list that are originally fitted to the standard machine may be replaced with alternative sensors, however they must be included in the Superbike Kit System and inside the total price (article 2.4.9.2.b).
- h. Two (2) additional sensor channels (that are not included in the above list) may be added to the machine. These sensors must be declared to the Technical Director, they may be changed only between meetings and if changed a new declaration must be made.
- Redundant/doubled sensors are allowed but must be included in the "Superbike Kit" system if they are required for safe operation.
- j. Analog/logic to CAN sensors are allowed.
- k. The sensors originally fitted to the homologated machine and used as homologated, will not be included in the price limit.
- I. When the following sensors are damaged through crashes they may be replaced by

parts of the same function but do not have to be the same specific part from the "Superbike Kit" system:

- i. Fork and shock potentiometers
- ii. Brake pressure sensors
- iii. Gear shift sensor (but must remain the same type included with the kit i.e. load cell, switch, etc.)
- m. Before the pre-season test, before the mid-season test(s) or at the season midpoint and within three hours of the last race of the season any firmware / software updates being used by the factory teams must be made available to all same manufacturer customer SBK teams (more frequent updates are allowed).
- n. The manufacturer must provide current strategies but may remove the ability to change or see these settings. Base mapping must be provided.
- o. Only firmware and software from the MotoAmerica approved software and firmware list may be used.
- p. Any essential hardware updates required must be made available to customer teams from the same race as the factory team and available free of charge to update those "Superbike Kit" systems purchased in the current season.
- q. The transponder is NOT included in the "Superbike Kit" system.
- r. The selection of logged channels is free.
- Coils and coil drivers are free and must be included in the "Superbike Kit" system if altered.
- t. No other external ignition/injection controllers, traction control modules or other active expansion modules or calculation units may be fitted unless included in the Superbike System.
- u. The factory teams must use the current season's "Superbike Kit System". No backdated parts may be used.
- v. Superbike kit systems remain approved for three (3) seasons (first season inclusive).

2.4.9.3 Homologated ECU and DWO/FIM approved 'Superstock 1000' kit model.

- a. The originally fitted and homologated ECU may be used with or without software changes.
 - i. The homologated ECU cannot have any hardware or physical modifications.
 - ii. No extra sensors may be added for control strategies except for shift rod sensors and lambda sensors.
 - iii. Software changes may include, but are limited to, the same control strategies as the "Superbike Kit" system. (See 2.4.9.1)
 - iv. Maximum retail price of the ECU, software and combined or separate data logging systems must meet the same requirements as the DWO/FIM Superstock 1000 kit. (See Article 2.6.9.1-)
- b. For complete DWO/FIM approved Superstock 1000 kit requirements, see article 2.6.9.1

2.4.9.4 Generator, alternator, electric starter

- The stator/coils must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. The flywheel may be modified or replaced.
- c. The ACG must generate sufficiently to maintain battery charge.
- d. The use of a 'booster' battery is permitted except during parc fermé.

- e. The electric starter must operate normally and always attempt to start the engine during the event.
- f. The starter motor gear system must be the originally fitted and homologated parts. Surface and hardening treatments are allowed.
- g. Motorcycles should self-start on the starting grid in neutral. Push-starting on the starting grid is not allowed, however start line officials may push start the motorcycle if necessary (in gear).
- h. During parc fermé, the starter must crank the engine at a suitable speed for starting for a minimum of 2 seconds without the use a boost battery. No boost battery may be connected to the machine after the end of the session.

2.4.10 Main frame and spare motorcycle

- a. During the entire duration of the event each rider may only use one (1) complete motorcycle, as presented for technical control, with the frame clearly identified with a seal. In case the frame needs to be replaced, the rider or the team must request the use of a spare frame to the Technical Director.
- b. One (1) spare complete motorcycle is allowed per rider.
- c. A team may opt to have one (1) spare machine shared by two or more riders.

Explanation of Procedures

Only one (1) complete motorcycle may be presented for the preliminary technical checks and it will be the only motorcycle allowed on the track and in the front of pit box during the practices, gualifying, Superpole and races.

The frame of this motorcycle will be officially sealed by the Technical Director or by his appointed staff. The seal will bear a serial number, which will be recorded. Any attempt made to remove the seal will damage it irreparably.

At any time during the event the technical stewards, under the direction of the Technical Director, may check the seal and verify that it conforms to the motorcycle and rider it was assigned to. For cross reference, every frame must have a unique number (VIN) punched on the steering-head.

If the primary or active motorcycle is damaged in a crash or in any other incident and is declared unrepairable (safely and in the available time) by the Technical Director or his appointed staff then the seal on the damaged motorcycle will be destroyed by the technical staff and the chassis of this motorcycle must not be used for the remainder of the event. The new serial number will be recorded by the Technical Director.

During set up day (usually the day before first official practice session) no restrictions apply regarding the location of the spare motorcycle. From the start of the first practice session, any spare motorcycle must be kept out of view. It is recommended that team working areas incorporate an area for this purpose. During an event, minor adjustments may be made to the spare motorcycle, the intent being to allow teams to maintain parity with the primary bike.

In the event the spare motorcycle is used in competition, the primary machine is taken out of competition. At that time, the damaged machine must be kept out of view.

The spare machine can only be used in the next session to which the incident occurred rendering the primary bike not able to be used. In a race situation, if the primary bike is required to be replaced with the spare machine at any time during Race 1, the first opportunity to use the spare machine is the next session or race. A race will be deemed to have begun when the rider exits pit lane for the sighting laps. All restarts, including those three laps or less, are a continuation of the original race or session.

The team may rebuild the original primary machine, however only in the case of TOTAL PROVEN WRECKAGE with the spare bike can an application be made to utilize the original machine. The decision of the Technical Director regarding this is final.

The damaged frame may be impounded by the Technical Director for later examination

2.4.10.1 Frame body and rear sub-frame

- a. The main frame must be the originally manufactured, fitted and homologated part with only the following modifications allowed.
- b. In all the following cases the main frame may only be altered by the addition of gussets, tubes or plates unless stated otherwise. The additions may be welded or bonded. No gussets or tubes may be removed, other allowed modifications are detailed within the following section of these rules. These additions must be documented by the reference team (or manufacturer).
- c. Holes may be drilled on the frame only to fix approved components (i.e. fairing brackets, steering damper mount).
- d. The homologated position (of engine, steering stem or pivots) is considered as the position in which the production motorcycle is supplied. (Fore and aft is considered along the bottom plane of the original bearing seat).
- e. Suspension linkage mounting points on the frame must remain as homologated.
- f. If the original chassis includes adjustable inserts for the engine mounting position then:
 - The inserts are free BUT the chassis cannot be modified further (except as mentioned in b).
 - ii. There is no limit to the range of adjustment.
- g. If the original chassis has fixed engine mounts then the engine must be mounted in the homologated position.

Steering Stem Position:

- h. if the homologated machine has adjustable/exchangeable bearing inserts/bushes for the steering stem position then:
 - i. The inserts/bushes can be used to adjust the fore and aft position of each bearing.
 - ii. No part of these bushings may protrude axially more than 3 mm from the original steering head pipe location nor may the bearing be inset.
 - A slot and clamp may be machined/added to allow easier bushing exchange. Other positive retention mechanism may be allowed at the discretion of the Technical Director.
 - iv. The chassis cannot be modified further except as mentioned in point b.
- i. If the original chassis has a fixed steering stem position, then the steering stem axis/position may be adjusted by moving the steering head bearings.
 - i. The fore and aft position of each bearing can be a maximum +/-6 mm in respect to the original bearing location (excluding tolerances).
 - ii. The original bearing seats may be modified (ovaled) or increased in diameter to insert special bushings.
 - iii. No part of these special bushings may protrude axially more than 3 mm from the original steering head pipe location nor may the bearing be inset.
 - iv. The steering head pipe can be reinforced in the area of the bearing seats.
 - v. Welding and machining is allowed for the purpose of making these modifications.

Swingarm Pivot Position:

- j. If the original chassis includes adjustable inserts for the swinging arm pivot axis, then:
 - i. Inserts/bushings are free

- ii. The chassis cannot be modified further (except as mentioned in b).
- iii. There is no limit to the range of adjustment.
- k. If the original chassis has a fixed swingarm mounting pivot axis:
 - i. The swing arm pivot axis may be moved a maximum of 5 mm radially (excluding tolerances) measured from the homologated axis.
 - ii. Modifications may be made to the frame at the swing arm pivot area to allow this. Welding and machining is allowed for the purpose of making this modification, regardless of the technology used and the dimensions of the component or section of the frame (i.e.: cast, fabricated, etc.).
 - iii. The method of adjustment is free e.g. bushings, inserts, offset axles. For machines fitted with exchangeable inserts as standard then the homologated position is considered as the position in which the production motorcycle is supplied.
 - iv. Should this pivot / axles pass through the crankcases then the relevant crankcase mounting hole may be machined larger, no welding or other modifications will be permitted. Crankcases may be machined for swingarm clearance only.
- I. The original lock stops may be removed from the frame body by grinding or machining. However, another form of lock stop must be fitted.
- m. All motorcycles must display a vehicle identification number punched on the frame body (a proper 'legal VIN' or a unique designation by the team to which the Technical Director may choose to append). No detachable plates are permitted.
- n. No polishing or surface refinishing is allowed but the paint scheme is not restricted.
- o. Fairing brackets may be altered or replaced.
- p. Front and rear sub frame may be changed altered or removed.
- q. Crash protectors may be fitted to the frame using existing points (max. length: 50 mm) or pressed into the ends of the wheel axles (max. length: 30mm).

2.4.10.2 Suspension - General

- a. Participants in the Superbike class must only use the approved and listed suspension units for that season. <u>Proposed for 2023</u>, <u>Suspension price caps will be</u> reduced to \$6000 Forks and \$2500 Shock.
- b. The approved products from the manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one month before the first round of the Superbike season and remain available all season. The products must be available within six (6) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. Setting parts and tuning parts must be provided by the suspension manufacturers to all customers/teams/participants using the manufacturer's products. These parts can be used by all participants during the season. These parts shall be available for immediate delivery to all teams/customers.
- d. Teams may not modify any part of the forks or shock absorber. All setting parts must be supplied by the suspension manufacturer and available to all teams/riders.
- e. The suspension manufacturers are allowed to offer service contracts when a team is using the approved and listed suspension products. The suspension manufacturers cannot demand a service contract for a customer or participant in order to obtain a suspension product.
- f. Electronic suspension cannot be used.
- g. An electronic controlled steering damper can only be used if installed on the homologated model for road use. However, it must be completely standard (any mechanical or electronic part must remain as homologated).

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2.4.10.3 Front Suspension

- a. The front fork in whole or part may be changed but must be the same type homologated (e.g. leading link, telescopic, etc.).
- b. The upper and lower fork clamps (triple clamp, fork bridges) and stem may be changed or modified.
- c. A steering damper may be added or replaced with an 'after-market' damper.
- d. The steering damper cannot act as a steering lock limiting device.

2.4.10.4 Swing-arm (rear fork)

- a. The rear fork may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. However, the type (single or double sided) must remain as homologated._
- b. The use of carbon fiber or Kevlar materials is not allowed if not homologated on the original motorcycle.
- c. Rear wheel stand brackets may be added to the rear fork by welding or by bolts.
- d. Brackets must have rounded edges (with a large radius). Fastening screws must be recessed.
- e. Swing arm spindle (pivot) may be modified or replaced.

Proposed for 2023- Only approved and price capped swing arms will be allowed

2.4.10.1 Rear suspension unit

- a. Rear suspension unit may be changed but a similar system must be used (i.e. dual or mono).
- b. The rear suspension linkage may be modified or replaced.
- c. The original fixing points on the frame (if any) must be used to mount the shock absorber, linkage and/or rod assembly fulcrum (pivot points).
- d. Removable top shock mounts may be replaced. If replaced they must retain their homologated geometry.

2.4.10.2 Wheels

- a. Wheels may be replaced but not modified (see article 2.3.4) and associated parts may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. Aftermarket wheels must be made from aluminum (aluminum) alloys.
- c. The use of the following alloy materials for the wheels is not allowed: Beryllium (>=5%), Scandium (>=2%), Lithium (>=1%).
- d. Each specific racing wheel model must be approved and certified according to JASO (Japanese Automotive Standards Organization) T 203-85 where W (maximum design load) of art. 11.1.3 is 195 kg for front wheel and 195 kg for rear wheel, K = 1.5 for front and rear wheels. Static radius of tire: front 0.301 m, rear 0.331 m.
- e. Wheel manufacturers must provide copy of the certificate for their wheel(s) as proof of compliance to the Technical Director when requested.
- f. The homologated road bike wheel and sprocket carrier assembly may be used with no modification irrespective of material. They must meet article 2.4.10.6(d)(e). Bearings and spacers may be changed.
- g. On motorcycles equipped with a double-sided swing arm (rear fork), the rear sprocket and brake rotor must remain on the rear wheel when the wheel is removed.
- h. Bearings, seals, and axles may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. The use of titanium and light alloys is forbidden for wheel

spindles (axles).

Wheel rim diameter size (front and rear)
Front wheel rim width:
Rear wheel rim width:

2.4.10.52.4.10.3 Brakes

a. Participants in the Superbike season must only use the approved and listed front brake parts (calipers, master cylinders, brake discs, brake pads and dry break systems) for that season. <u>Proposed for 2023- approved list will be revised and price cap will be reduced</u>

17 inches 3.50 inches

6.00 inches

- b. The approved products from the manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one month before the first round of the MotoAmerica Superbike season, and remain available all season. The products must be available within four (4) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. No parts can be added to the approved list during the current season. Performance related updates are not allowed. Any product changes due to manufacturing or material supply issues must be approved in advance.
- d. Front brake master cylinders may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- e. Front brake calipers may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- f. Rear brake master cylinders may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- g. Rear brake calipers may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- h. Brake pads or shoes may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- i. Brake hoses and brake couplings may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. The split of the front brake lines for both front brake calipers must be made above the lower fork bridge (lower triple clamp).
- j. Hydraulic anti-knockback systems may be fitted to the brake lines/caliper.
- k. Brake discs may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. Only steel (max. carbon content 2.1 wt. %) is allowed for brake discs. Alloys containing beryllium are not allowed to be used for brake calipers.
- I. The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) cannot be used.
- m. The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) ECU can be disconnected or dismantled. The ABS rotor wheel can be deleted, modified or replaced.
- n. Front brake system cooling ducts are allowed.

A.10.62.4.10.4 Handlebars and hand controls

- a. Handlebars, hand controls (subject to Art 2.4.8.1) and cables may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. Cable operated throttles (grip assembly) must be equipped with both an opening and a closing cable including when actuating a remote ride by wire grip/demand sensor.
- c. Motorcycles must be equipped with a functional ignition kill switch or button mounted on the right-hand handlebar (within reach of the hand while on the hand grips) that is capable of stopping a running engine. The button/switch must be red.

2.4.10.72.4.10.5 Foot rest and foot controls

a. Footrests, hangers/brackets and hardware may be replaced and relocated but the

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hangers/brackets must be mounted to their original frame mounting points.

- b. Foot controls: gearshift and rear brake must remain operated manually by foot.
- c. Footrests may be rigidly mounted or a folding type which must incorporate a device to return them to the normal position.
- d. The end of the footrest must have at least an eight (8) mm solid spherical radius.
- e. Non-folding footrests must have an end (plug) which is permanently fixed, made of aluminum, plastic, Teflon or equivalent type of material (min. radius of eight (8) mm). The plug surface must be designed to reach the widest possible area of the footrest. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any plug not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.4.10.82.4.10.6 Fuel tank

- a. The fuel tank must conform in principle to the homologated appearance and location of the original tank; however, its actual shape can be slightly changed to suit the rider's preference and increased fuel volume. The tank may also be modified below the upper frame line and under the seat.
- b. The tank may be replaced by a fuel cell and a structural cover.
- c. The material of construction of the fuel tank may be altered from the one of the tank fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- d. All fuel tanks must be filled with fire retardant material (e.g. fuel cell foam), or be fitted with a fuel cell bladder.
- e. Fuel tanks made of composite materials (carbon fiber, aramid fiber, glass fiber, etc.) must have passed the FIM Standards for fuel tanks or be lined with a fuel cell bladder.
- f. Tanks made of composite material must bear the label certifying conformity with FIM Fuel Tank Test Standards. Fuel tanks without a fuel cell bladder must bear a label certifying conformity with FIM Fuel Tank Test Standards. Such labels must include the fuel tank manufacturer's name, date of tank manufacture and name of testing laboratory.
- g. Each manufacturer is required to inform the FIM/CCR Secretariat of its fuel tank model(s) which have passed the FIM test standards, together with a copy of the fuel tank label. Full details of the FIM Fuel Tank Test Standards and Procedures are available from the FIM (See 'Fuel Tank Test Standards' below).
- h. All fuel bladders must conform to the FIA Standard FT3.5-1999, specifically for the chapters 2 (Fuel bladder lifetime), 3 (General requirements), 4 (Fittings and connections), 5 (Sampling and pretreatment), 6 (Testing) and 7 (Performance requirements).
 - This includes also that, as stated in 3, all fuel bladders should be supplied with a suitable fuel resistant polyurethane foam baffling, conforming to Mil Spec MIL-B-83054, SAE-AIR-4170 or equivalent. This foam shall fill a minimum of 80 % of the volume of the fuel bladder. Where rapid refueling is expected, an anti-static foam conforming to Mil-Spec MIL-F-87260 (USAF) should be employed.
- i. The fuel tank must be fixed to the frame from the front and the rear with a crashproof assembly system. Bayonet style couplings cannot be used, nor may the tank be fixed to any parts of the streamlining (fairing) or any plastic part. The Technical Director has the right to refuse a motorcycle if he is of the opinion that the fuel tank fixation is not safe.
- j. The original tank may be modified to achieve the maximum capacity of 24 liters, provided the original profile is as homologated.
- k. A cross over line between each side of the tank is allowed (maximum inside diameter 10 mm).
- I. Fuel tanks with tank breather pipes must be fitted with non-return valves which

discharge into a catch tank with a minimum volume of 250 cc made of a suitable material.

- m. Fuel tank filler caps may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle, and when closed, must be leak proof. Additionally, they must be secured to prevent accidental opening at any time.
- n. The same size fuel tank used in practice must be used during the entire event.

2.4.10.2.12.4.10.6.1 Fuel tank homologation

- a. Any fuel tanks, made of non-ferrous materials (with the exception of aluminum) must be tested according to the test procedure prescribed by the FIM.
- b. Each manufacturer is responsible for testing its own fuel tank model(s) and will certify that the fuel tank exceeds the FIM test standard, if it has passed the FIM test procedure for fuel tanks.
- c. Each manufacturer must affix a quality and test label on each fuel tank type that is produced for competition use. This quality and test label will be the recognition of a fuel tank model which has passed the FIM test procedure.
- d. All fuel tanks that are made to the same design, dimensions, number of fiber layers, grade of fiber, percentage of resin, etc., must be identified with the same quality and test label.
- e. The quality and test label will include the following information on each label affixed to each fuel tank: name of the fuel tank manufacturer, date of fabrication, code or part number, name of testing laboratory, fuel capacity.
- f. Each manufacturer is requested to inform the FIM/CCR Secretariat of its fuel tank model(s) which have passed the FIM test procedure, with a copy of the quality and test label.
- g. Only fuel tanks that have passed the FIM test procedure will be accepted.

2.4.10.11 Fairing / Bodywork

- a. The fairing, mudguards and body work must conform in principle to the homologated shape as originally produced by the manufacturer. Headlights must be included even when considered external.
- b. The fairing has a tolerance of +/-15mm from the original homologated road fairing, respecting the design and features of the homologated fairing, with the exception of the oil containing portion of the lower fairing, seat area and the area supporting the screen. The front upper fairing section (cowling) above the area of the front wheel cavity (front view) may have its frontal are increased in width by up to 30 mm per side (60 mm overall). It must still conform to the style of the original machine (scaled +/-15 mm planar) incorporating all included design features, however it may not exceed the homologated maximum width of the fairing side panels (excluding wings). The decision of the Technical Director will be final.
- c. The windscreen may be replaced.
- d. The ram-air intake must maintain the originally homologated shape and dimensions.
- e. The original air ducts running between the fairing to the air box may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. Particle grilles or "wire-meshes" originally installed in the openings for the air ducts may be removed.
- f. The lower fairing has to be constructed to hold, in case of an engine breakdown, at least half of the total oil and engine coolant capacity used in the engine (min. 5 liters). The lower edge of openings in the fairing must be positioned at least 70 mm above the bottom of the fairing.
- g. There may not be exit air vents in the front half of the lower fairing 40mm below a horizontal centerline between the wheel axles of the machine. The Technical Director may give permission for the lower fairing to have additional vents added if vents have been filled to meet this and the oil containment requirements.

- h. Any added vents will not allow the exit of air in the front half of the fairing lower if they are behind a water or oil radiator.
- i. Exceptions may be made to 2.4.10.11.f/g with the sole agreement of the Technical Director if a manufacturer produced an FIM approved close fitting, oil containing engine shroud and it is fitted in addition to the belly pan. In this case, OEM shaped air vents will be allowed in the front lower half of the fairing.
- j. Any vents in the fairing lower must have their inner surface leading edge in-line with the trailing edge or overlap to reduce the risk of liquid spraying from the machine.
- k. The lower fairing must incorporate one hole of 25 mm in the bottom of the front lower area. This hole must remain closed in dry conditions and must be opened only in wet race conditions, as declared by the race director.
- I. A feature may be built into the shape of the belly pan on its rear lower section. It may not extend around the tire. The maximum dimensions when viewed from below (normally z-minus axis) are 120mm front to rear and 200mm in width. The feature may project 30mm from the bottom of the original belly pan shape. The feature must have rounded edges and must not create a 'plough' action (for safety and to stop issues in the gravel traps). The only aerodynamic effect must be to redirect the airflow laterally around the rear tire. No downforce may be created. If there is any doubt about the aerodynamic effects then a CFD run of the whole machine (with rider) must be submitted to the Technical Director's decision on suitability is final.
- m. Minimal changes are allowed in the fairing to permit the use of an elevator (front stand) for wheel changes and to add plastic protective cones to the frame or the engine.
- n. Holes may be drilled or cut in the fairing or bodywork to allow additional increased intake air to the oil cooler. Holes bigger than 10 mm must be covered with a particle grill or fine wire mesh. Grill/mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- o. Original openings for cooling in the lateral fairing/bodywork sections may be partially closed only to accommodate sponsors' logos/lettering. Such modification shall be made using wire mesh or perforated plate(s). The material is free but the distance between all opening centers, circle centers and their diameters must be constant. Holes or perforations must have an open area ratio > 60%.
- p. If the upper fairing has a rear edge/section that returns to the frame, reducing airflow between the fairing and frame (or sealing the fairing to the frame), then slots/notches may be removed from that area only. No material can be removed from the lateral (side) surfaces of the fairing. A maximum of 50% of the rear face may be removed.
- q. A Gurney flap (lip/deflector) may be fitted at the edge of the lateral air vents or the rear edge of the fairing to increase vent effectiveness. The Gurney flap may project a maximum of four (4) mm from the lateral surface of the fairing and must have a rounded end. It should be formed from the same material and be a molded part of the fairing. The Technical Director's decision on suitability is final.
- The front fender must conform in principle to the homologated shape originally produced by the manufacturer.
- s. Holes may be drilled in the front mudguard to allow additional cooling. Holes bigger than 10 mm must be covered with metal gauze or fine mesh. Mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- t. A rear fender may be added or removed.
- u. Material of construction of the front mudguard, rear mudguard and fairing is free.

2.4.10.12 Seat

a. The seat may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated

motorcycle. The appearance from front, rear and profile must conform in principle to the homologated shape.

- b. The top portion of the rear body work around the seat may be modified to a solo seat.
- c. Holes may be drilled in the seat or rear cowl to allow additional cooling. Holes which are bigger than 10 mm must be covered with metal gauze or fine mesh. Mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- d. Material of construction of the seat is free.
- e. All exposed edges must be rounded.

2.4.10.13 Rear safety light

All motorcycles must have a functioning red light mounted at the rear of the machine. This light must be switched on any time the motorcycle is on the track or being ridden in the pit lane and the session is declared WET. All lights must comply with the following:

- a. Lighting direction must be parallel to the machine center line (motorcycle running direction) and be clearly visible from the rear at least 15 degrees to both left and right sides of the machine center line.
- b. The rear light must be mounted near the end of the seat/rear bodywork and approximately on the machine center line, in a position approved by the Technical Director. In case of dispute over the mounting position or visibility, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.
- Power output/luminosity equivalent to approximately: 10 15 (incandescent), 0.6 1.8 W (LED).
- d. The output must be continuous, no flashing safety light is allowed while on track. Flashing is allowed in the pit lane when the pit limiter is active.
- e. The safety light power supply may be separated from the motorcycle.
- f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any light system not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.4.11 The following items MAY BE altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.

- a. Any type of lubrication, brake or suspension fluid may be used.
- b. Gaskets, seals and gasket material
- c. Bearings (ball, roller, taper, plain, etc.) of any type or brand may be used.
- d. Fasteners (nuts, bolts, screws, etc.) may be altered or replaced. Internal engine bolts must remain of standard homologated materials or materials of higher specific weight.
- e. Thread repair may be made using inserts of different material such as Helicoils and Timeserts.
- External surface finishes and decals

2.4.12 The following items MAY BE removed

- a. Instrument and instrument bracket and associated cables
- b. Tachometer
- c. Speedometer and associated wheel spacers
- d. Chain guard

2.4.13 The following Items MUST BE removed

a. Headlamp, rear lamp and turn signal indicators (when not incorporated in the fairing). Openings must be covered by suitable materials.

- b. Rear-view mirrors
- c. Horn
- d. License plate bracket
- e. Tool box
- f. Helmet hooks and luggage carrier hooks
- g. Passenger foot rests
- h. Passenger grab rails
- i. Safety bars, center and side stand brackets welded to the main frame may be removed.

SUPERSPORT TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

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2.5 SUPERSPORT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following rules are intended to give freedom to modify or replace some parts in the interest of safety, research and development and improved competition between various motorcycle concepts.

EVERYTHING THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND PRESCRIBED IN THIS RULEBOOK IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN

If a change to a part or system is not specifically allowed in any of the following articles, then it is forbidden.

Supersport motorcycles require an FIM homologation (see Appendix FIM homologation procedure for Superstock, Supersport and Superbike motorcycles). All machines must be normally aspirated. All motorcycles must comply in every respect with all the requirements for road racing as specified in these technical regulations, unless they are already equipped as such on the homologated model.

For 20201: 2013-20201 Kawasaki ZX-6R (636) is accepted as homologated for MotoAmerica competition. <u>Proposed for 2022- The Kawasaki ZX-6R (636) will be</u>

homologated by FIM for competition.

Once a motorcycle has obtained the homologation, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of 8 years (see Homologation art 1.4.4), or until such time that the homologated motorcycle is disqualified by new rules or changes in the technical specifications of the corresponding class.

The appearance from the front, rear and the profile of Supersport motorcycles must (except when otherwise stated) conform in principle to the homologated shape (as originally produced by the manufacturer). The appearance of the exhaust system is excluded from this rule.

2.5.1 Motorcycle specifications

All parts and systems not specifically mentioned in the following articles must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.

2.5.2 Engine configurations and displacement capacities

The following engine configurations comprise the Supersport class.

Over 400cc up to 600cc	4 stroke	4 cylinders
Over 500cc up to 675cc	4 stroke	3 cylinders
Over 600cc up to 750cc	4 stroke	2 cylinders

The displacement capacity bore and stroke must remain at the homologated size. Modifying the bore and stroke to reach class limits is not allowed.

2.5.3 Balancing various motorcycle concepts

In order to equalize the performance of motorcycles used in the Supersport Championship, a system of performance enhancements or restrictions can be developed (such as minimum weight, air restrictor or REV limit may be applied according to their respective racing performances). The decision to apply a balancing system to a motorcycle will be taken by the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau based on decisions made by the Superbike Commission at any time deemed necessary to ensure fair competition.

2.5.4 Minimum weight

The minimum weight will be:	600cc	4 cylinders	161kg (354.2lbs)
	675cc	3 cylinders	161kg (354.2lbs)
	750cc	2 cylinders	161kg (354.2lbs)

For 2021: 2013-2021 Kawasaki ZX-6R (636) minimum weight <u>-</u> 161 kg (354.2 lbs.)165 kg

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At any time during the event, the weight of the whole motorcycle (including the tank and its contents) must not be less than the minimum weight.

There is no tolerance on the minimum weight of the motorcycle.

During the final technical inspection at the end of the race, the selected motorcycles will be weighed in the condition they finished the race and the established weight limit must be met in this condition. Nothing may be added to the motorcycle. This includes all fluids.

During the practice and qualifying sessions, riders may be asked to submit their motorcycle to a weight control. In all cases, the rider must comply with this request.

The use of ballast is allowed to stay over the minimum weight limit and may be required due to the handicap system. The use of ballast and weight handicap must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.

2.5.5 Numbers and number plates

Numbers must be easily legible, in a clear simple font and contrast strongly with the background color. Backgrounds must be white.

The sizes for all the front numbers are:	Minimum height:	140 mm
	Minimum width:	80 mm
	Minimum stroke:	25 mm
	Minimum space	
	between numbers:	10 mm
The sizes for all the side numbers are:	Minimum height:	120 mm
	Minimum width:	70 mm
	Minimum stroke:	20 mm
	Minimum space	
	between numbers:	10 mm

The allocated number (& plate) for the rider must be affixed on the motorcycle as follows:

- a. Once on the front, either in the center of the fairing or slightly off to one side. The number must be centered on the white background with no advertising within 25 mm in all directions.
- b. Once on each side of the lower rear portion of the lower fairing. The number must be centered on the white background. Any change to this position must be preapproved a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race by the Technical Director.
- c. The numbers must use the fonts as detailed after Art 2. Any numbers not using these fonts must have the design of the numbers and the layout pre-approved by the Technical Director a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race. All digits must be of standard form.
- d. Any outlines must be of a contrasting color and the maximum width of the outline is three (3) mm. The background color must be clearly visible around all edges of the number (including outline). Reflective or mirror type numbers are not permitted.
- e. Numbers cannot overlap.

2.5.6 Fuel

- a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.
- b. Please refer to Article 2.10 for additional details.

2.5.7 Tires

a. The maximum number of tires, of any type, available to each rider during the event will be specified in Article 2.3.7.1.

- b. A maximum of ten (10) tires per rider can be mounted at any time.
- c. For both Supersport races only, wet tires will not need to be marked with a tire sticker. They will not be considered in the total number of tires available for use; however, normal allocation limits still apply.
- d. During free practices, qualifying practices, Superpole for Superbike, warm up sessions and races, front and rear tires are required to be marked with tire stickers.
- e. See article 2.3.7

2.5.8 Engine

2.5.8.1 Fuel injection system

Fuel injection systems refer to throttle bodies, fuel injectors, variable length intake tract devices, fuel pump and fuel pressure regulator.

- a. The original homologated fuel injection system must be used without any modification.
- b. The fuel injectors must be stock and unaltered from the original specification and manufacture.
- c. Air funnels must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- d. Butterfly valves cannot be changed or modified.
- e. All parts of the variable intake tract device must remain exactly as homologated. Variable intake tract devices cannot be added if they are not present on the homologated motorcycle.
- f. Secondary throttle valves and shafts may be removed or fixed in the open position and the electronics may be disconnected or removed.
- g. Air and air/fuel mixture must go to the combustion chamber exclusively through the throttle body butterflies.
- h. Electronically controlled throttle valves, known as 'ride-by-wire', may only be used if the homologated model is equipped with the same system. Software may be modified but all the safety systems and procedures designed by the original manufacturer must be maintained.

2.5.8.2 Cylinder head

a. Cylinder head must be the originally fitted and homologated part. The following modifications are allowed:

- i. Surface grinding of the cylinder head surface on the head gasket side
- ii. Polishing of the combustion chamber
- iii. Original valve seats must be used, but modifications are permitted to the shape of the seat.
- iv. Rocker arms (if any) must remain as homologated.
- v. The valves must remain as originally equipped and homologated.
- vi. The shim buckets / tappets must remain as originally equipped and homologated.
- b. Compression ratio is free, but the combustion chamber may be modified only by taking material off.
- c. It is forbidden to add any material to the cylinder head unless as described above.

2.5.8.3 Camshaft

a. Camshafts must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification
allowed.

- b. The method of drive must remain as homologated.
- c. At the technical checks: for direct cam drive systems, the cam lobe lift is measured; for non-direct cam drive systems (i.e. with rocker arms), the valve lift is measured.

2.5.8.4 Cam sprockets or cam gears

- a. Camshaft sprockets, pulleys or gears may be altered or replaced to allow degreeing of the camshafts.
- b. The cam chain or cam belt tensioning device(s) can be modified or changed.

2.5.8.5 Cylinders

- a. Cylinders must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with only the following modification allowed:
 - i. Cylinder head gasket surface may be machined to allow the adjustment of compression ratio or resurfacing to repair a warped cylinder surface deck.
- b. Homologated materials and castings for cylinders must be used. The surface finish of the cylinder bore must remain as homologated.

2.5.8.6 Pistons

- a. Pistons must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. Polishing and lightening is not allowed.

2.5.8.7 Piston rings

- a. Piston rings must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. All piston rings must be fitted.

2.5.8.8 Piston pins and clips

a. Piston pins and clips must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.5.8.9 Connecting rods

a. The connecting rod assembly must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.5.8.10 Crankshaft

- a. Crankshafts must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. Polishing and lightening is not allowed.
- c. Modifications of the flywheels are not allowed.

2.5.8.11 Crankcase / Gearbox housing

- Crankcases must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. It is not allowed to add a pump used to create a vacuum in the crankcase. If a vacuum pump is installed on the homologated motorcycle, then it may be used only as homologated.

2.5.8.11.1 Lateral covers and protection

- a. Lateral (side) covers may be altered, modified or replaced. If altered or modified, the cover must have at least the same resistance to impact as the original one. If replaced, the cover must be made in material of the same or higher specific weight and the total weight of the cover must not be less than the original one.
- b. Titanium bolts may be used to fasten lateral covers.

- c. Oil containing engine covers cannot be secured with aluminum bolts.
- d. All lateral covers/engine cases containing oil, and which could be in contact with the ground during a crash, must be protected by a second cover made from metal such as aluminum alloy, stainless steel, steel or titanium. Each side (left and right) of the engine must have at least one (1) protective cover installed on the farthest protruding engine cover containing oil. Composite covers are not permitted. FIM approved covers will be permitted without regard of the material or dimensions.
 - i. The secondary cover must cover a minimum of 1/3 of the original cover. It must not have sharp edges that could damage the track surface. Covers must be fixed properly and securely with a minimum of three (3) case cover screws that also mount the original covers/engine cases to the crankcases.
 - ii. Heavy duty engine case covers may be used in lieu of secondary case covers.
 - iii. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any cover not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.5.8.12 Transmission / Gearbox

- a. Stock transmission shafts and gear set must be the originally fitted and homologated part. Shimming is allowed.
- b. Quick-shift systems are allowed (including wire and potentiometer).
- c. Countershaft sprocket, rear wheel sprocket, chain pitch and size may be changed.
- d. The sprocket cover may be modified or eliminated.
- e. If it is not incorporated in the rear fender, the chain guard may be removed.

2.5.8.13 Clutch

- a. Aftermarket or modified clutches are permitted, including plates, springs and back torque limiting capabilities.
- b. No power source (i.e. hydraulic or electric) can be used for clutch operation if not installed in the homologated model for road use. Human power is excluded from the ban.
- c. Clutch system type (wet or dry / single or multi-plate) and method of operation (cable/hydraulic) must remain as homologated.
- d. The clutch basket (outer) must be the originally fitted and homologated part but may be reinforced.

2.5.8.14 Oil pumps and oil lines

- a. The originally fitted and homologated oil pump may be modified but the oil pump housing, mounting points and oil feed points must remain as original.
- b. Oil lines may be modified or replaced. Oil lines containing positive pressure, if replaced, must be of braided reinforced construction with swaged or treaded connectors.

2.5.8.15 Cooling System

- a. The only liquid engine coolant permitted is water.
- b. The water pump must remain as homologated.
- c. The radiator may be changed with an aftermarket radiator or an additional radiator may be added provided that it fits in the standard location and does not require any modifications to the main frame or to the fairings' outer appearance.
- d. Modifications to the homologated oil-cooler are allowed only if they do not require any modifications to the main frame or to the fairings' outer appearance. A heat exchanger (oil/water) may be replaced with an oil-cooler.
- e. The cooling system hoses and catch tanks may be changed.

- f. Radiator fan and wiring may be changed, modified or removed.
- g. Additional oil coolers are not allowed.
- h. The oil cooler must not be mounted on or above the rear fender.

2.5.8.16 Air box

- a. The air box must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The air filter element may be removed or replaced but if fitted must be mounted in the original position.
- c. The air box drains must be sealed.
- d. All motorcycles must have a closed breather system. All oil breather lines must be connected (may pass through an oil catch tank) and discharge in the air box.
- e. No heat protection may be attached to the air box (i.e. foil heat tape)

2.5.8.17 Fuel Supply

- a. Fuel pumps and fuel pressure regulators must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. The fuel pressure must be as homologated.
- c. Fuel lines from the fuel tank up to the injectors (fuel hoses, delivery pipe assembly, joints, clamps, fuel canister) may be replaced and must be located in such a way that they are protected from crash damage.
- d. Quick connectors or dry break connectors may be used.
- e. Fuel vent lines may be replaced.
- f. Fuel filters may be added.

2.5.8.18 Exhaust system

- a. Exhaust pipes and silencers may be altered or replaced from those fitted on the homologated motorcycle. Catalytic converters must be removed.
- b. The number of final exhaust silencer(s) must remain as homologated. The silencer(s) must be on the same side(s) as on the homologated model.
- c. For safety reasons, the exposed edge(s) of the exhaust pipe(s) outlet(s) must be rounded to avoid any sharp edges.
- d. Wrapping of exhaust systems is not allowed except in the area of the rider's foot or an area in contact with the fairing for protection from heat.
- e. The noise limit for Supersport will be 107 dB/A (with a three (3) dB/A tolerance after the race only). The test will be carried out according to the details noted in article 2.14.

2.5.9 Electrics and electronics

2.5.9.1 Ignition/ Engine Control System (ECU)

- a. The engine control system (ECU) may be either:
 - i. An ECU (Kit or OEM) applicable to the specific homologated model. The ECU may have its software changed but the ECU may not be physically modified.
 - ii. The FIM Supersport 600 approved ECU the Mectronik MKE7 (part number WSS600_A) The sole official supplier of the ECU is Solo Engineering. www.soloengineering.com, sales@solengineering.com.

2.5.9.2 If using a kit or OEM system:

- a. The system may have FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica approved external ignition and/or injection module(s) added.
- b. The total combined retail price (software and tuning tools included) on sale to the

general public cannot be higher than €2500 (tax excluded).

- c. Central unit (ECU) may be relocated.
- d. Optional equipment sold by the motorcycle manufacturer for the homologated model is considered not homologated with the bike and must follow the requirements for approved electronics/data loggers.
- e. During an event, the Technical Director has the right to ask a team to substitute their ECU or external module with the sample received from the manufacturer. The change must be done before Sunday warm up.
- f. No extra sensors may be added for control strategies except shift rod sensors, wheel speed sensors and lambda sensors. Wheel speed sensors must be included in the kit ECU and harness package if required.
- g. Other additional electronic hardware equipment not on the original homologated motorcycle cannot be added with the exceptions noted below.
- h. The characteristics of approved data logging systems must be the following:
 - Maximum retail price of the unit (hardware + software, excluding sensors and wiring harness) cannot exceed €3000 (VAT excluded) if it is a standalone unit.
 - ii. The data logger unit must be available for sale to the public and on the list of FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica approved data loggers.
 - iii. A maximum of seven (7) simultaneously working sensors (connected to the additional data logger) may be added to the original sensors on the motorcycle.
 - iv. The sensors must be simple-function.
 - Approved data loggers with internal inertial platforms (IMU or gyros) may be used for data collection but may not be used for control strategy. Also see 2.5.9.1/i./vii.
 - vi. Type of sensor is free.
 - vii. Communication from the ECU to an approved data logger (logger can receive data only; no data transmission is allowed) is allowed without any limitation in CAN channel logger number.
- i. The maximum total price of other active/control/calculation units such as lambda driver modules, quick shifter, analogue to CAN, air bleed control and traction control units is €750. These devices must be approved by FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica.
- j. The addition of a device for infra-red (IR) transmission of a signal between the racing rider and his team, used exclusively for lap timing, is allowed and considered in the seven (7) sensors.
- k. The addition of a GPS unit for lap timing/scoring purposes is allowed and considered in the seven (7) sensors.
- I. Telemetry is not allowed.
- m. No remote or wireless connection to the bike for any data exchange or setting is allowed whilst the engine is running, or the bike is moving.
- n. Harness:
 - i. The main wiring harness may be replaced by the kit wire harness as supplied for the kit ECU model that is produced and/or approved by the manufacturer of the motorcycle and by FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica. The kit wiring harness may incorporate the data logging harness.
 - ii. A kit harness that incorporates the data logging harness may only accommodate seven (7) additional sensors.
 - iii. A sample of the kit wiring harness may be requested by the FIM/MotoAmerica.

- iv. The key/ignition lock may be relocated, replaced or removed.
- v. Cutting of the original main wiring harness is allowed.
- o. Data logger harness:
 - i. The data logger wire harness cannot include any other sensors with the exception of the seven (7) sensors that are allowed. The only function of the approved data logger wire harness is to connect the seven (7) sensors to the data logger, to transmit the data and supply the power.
- p. For the Superstock kit to be approved, samples of the ECU kits, kit harnesses and external modules with their tuning tools must be sent by the manufacturers to the MotoAmerica Technical Director with technical data and selling price.
- q. For the ignition and/or injection module, quick shifter or stand-alone data logger to be approved, samples must be sent by the manufacturer of the device to the MotoAmerica Technical Director with technical data and selling price.
- r. The original speedometer and tachometer may be altered or replaced (see also 2.5.11).
- s. Electric cables, connectors, battery and switches are free
- t. Spark plugs, plug caps, coils and wires may be replaced
- 2.5.9.3 If using the FIM approved ECU:
 - a. The firmware and manufacturer (engine) map must be championship approved and listed in the approved parts list.
 - b. External quick shift modules/sensors may be fitted it may only provide a signal to the Approved Supersport 600 ECU.
 - c. External control modules cannot be added.
 - d. No other external modules may be fitted (except when part of the datalogging system).
 - e. A CAN connection must be made available for Championships devices. One must be located in the rear of the seat unit of the bike. It must be connected to the ECU CAN bus and the TPMS system (if fitted) must be connected to the same bus. 12v power should be available switched by the main switch (not switched by the ignition switch).
 - f. The ECU may be freely located but must be fitted securely, in a damped mounting without vibration. During an event the Technical Director has the right to ask a team to substitute their ECU. The change must be done before Sunday warm up.
 - g. The following sensors must be connected directly to the ECU only.
 - 1. Throttle position (multiple allowed)
 - 2. Map sensor, map sync (pressure sensor on the intake port used to synchronize the engine start)
 - 3. Airbox pressure
 - 4. Engine pick-ups (cam, crank)
 - 5. Twist grip position
 - 6. Front speed
 - 7. Rear speed
 - 8. Gearbox output shaft speed (if on OEM machine)
 - 9. Gear position
 - 10. Ambient air pressure
 - 11. Water temperature

- 12. Air temperature
- 13. Tip-over switch (no lean angle) For 2020 all ECU's will feature crash detection by IMU.
- 14. Gear shift load cell/switch (non-OEM parts must be from FIM approved parts list) (Shift controlled by ECU)
- 15. Lambda Bosch LSU4.9 only (for MV Agusta F3 in 2019 an external driver module may be used) one sensor only.
- 16. Fork position
- 17. Shock position
- 18. Front brake pressure
- 19. Rear brake pressure
- 20. Fuel pressure (not temperature)
- 21. Oil pressure
- 22. Oil temperature
- 23. Left and right switches
- 24. Rear TPMS
- 25. Front TPMS
- h. Only the following may be connected directly to the logging system.
 - i. GPS Unit (Lap timing and track position)
 - ii. Transponder / Lap time signal
 - iii. Rear tire temperature (Infra-Red) (External) (Maximum 3)
- i. The data logger must be from the FIM Approved Data Logger list. The characteristics of approved data logging systems must be the following:
 - i. Maximum retail price of the unit (hardware + software, excluding sensors and wiring harness) cannot exceed €3.000 Euro (VAT excluded). The "unit" may consist of multiple parts, input module, recording module etc.
 - ii. The Data Logger unit must be available for sale to the public and on the list of FIM approved data loggers.
 - iii. The data logger may ONLY be connected to the CAN bus and to those sensors listed in section 2.5.9.3/g.
- The data logger may not be used for any strategy/control.
- k. The original speedometer and tachometer may be altered or replaced (see also 2.5.11).
- I. Electric cables, connectors, battery and switches are free
- m. Spark plugs, plug caps, coils and wires may be replaced

2.5.9.4 Generator, alternator, electric starter

- a. The generator (ACG) must remain as homologated. No modifications are allowed.
- b. The stator must be fitted in its original position and without offsetting.
- c. The electric starter must operate normally and always be able to start the engine during the event.

During parc fermé, the starter must crank the engine at a suitable speed for starting for a minimum of two (2) seconds without the use a boost battery. No boost battery may be connected to the machine after the end of the session.

2.5.10 Main frame and pre-assembled spare frame

- a. During the entire duration of the event, each rider can only use one (1) complete motorcycle, as presented for technical control, with the frame clearly identified with a seal.
- b. In case the frame needs to be replaced, the rider or the team can request the use of a spare frame to the Technical Director.
- c. The pre-assembled spare frame must be presented to the Technical Director to receive the permission to rebuild the motorcycle. The pre-assembly of the frame shall be strictly limited to:
 - i. Main frame and swing-arm
 - ii. Bearings (steering pipe, swing arm, etc.)
 - iii. Rider controls (handle bars, rear sets, shift/brake linkage), front and rear mud guard.
 - iv. Rear suspension linkage and shock absorber
 - v. Upper and lower triple clamps, front forks, braking system and wheels.
 - vi. Wiring harness, ECU, dash associated electronics, throttles, airbox and associated cables.
- d. The spare frame will not be allowed in the pit box before the rider or the team has received authorization from the Technical Director.
- e. The motorcycle, once rebuilt, must be inspected before its use by the technical stewards for safety checks and a new seal will be placed on the motorcycle frame.
- f. No complete spare machine may be at the track. If found, penalties will be applied. For the remainder of the event, the machine will be impounded and no part of that machine may be used for spare parts.

Explanation of Procedures

Only one (1) complete motorcycle may be presented for the preliminary technical checks and it will be the only motorcycle allowed on the track and in the pit box during the practices, qualifying, warm up and race.

The frame of this motorcycle will be officially sealed by the Technical Director or by his appointed staff. The seal will bear a serial number, which will be recorded. Any attempt made to remove the seal will damage it irreparably.

At any time during the event the technical stewards, under the direction of the Technical Director, may check the seal and verify that it conforms to the motorcycle and rider it was assigned to. For cross reference, every frame must have a unique number punched on it, preferably on the steering-head.

If the motorcycle is damaged in a crash or in any other incident, it is permitted to use the pre-assembled spare frame to rebuild the motorcycle.

The spare frame may be pre-assembled with the following items: main frame assembly, swing-arm, rider controls, rear suspension linkage, shock-absorber, steering head bearings, upper and lower triple clamps, front forks braking system, wheels, wiring harness, dash, ECU, associated electronics, throttles, airbox, front and rear mud guards.

When a team decides that a crashed or damaged motorcycle requires a change of frame, the team must inform the Technical Director. Only at this point may the pre-assembled spare frame be brought into the pit box.

Parts may be transferred from the damaged motorcycle for the assembly of the replacement motorcycle.

Once the assembly of the replacement motorcycle is completed, it will then undergo technical and safety checks and it will be officially sealed. The seal on the damaged motorcycle will be destroyed by the technical staff and the chassis of this motorcycle must not be used for the remainder of the event. The new serial number will be recorded by the Technical Director.

The replacement motorcycle may be used on the track only after the end of the practice and qualifying sessions or race in which the damage occurred. The damaged motorcycle must be removed from the pit box as soon as possible and put in storage outside the pit box.

After the pre-assembled spare part frame has been used, should it become necessary to replace the frame again because of a further crash or damage, the assembly work must be done using a bare frame with no components attached. The Technical Director must inspect the bare frame and give his approval before work can start.

Any actions contrary to these procedures will result in a penalty as described in the sporting regulations.

2.5.10.1 Frame body and rear sub-frame

- a. The frame must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. Holes may be drilled on the frame only to fix approved components (i.e. fairing brackets, steering damper mount, sensors).
- c. The sides of the frame-body may be covered by a protective part made of a composite material. These protectors must fit the form of the frame.
- d. Nothing else may be added or removed from the frame body.
- e. All motorcycles must display a vehicle identification number punched on the frame body (a proper "legal VIN" or a unique designation by the team, which the Technical Director may choose to append). No detachable plates are permitted.
- f. Engine mounting brackets or plates must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- g. Front sub frames / fairing mounts may be changed or altered.
- h. Rear sub frames may be changed or altered, but the type of material must remain as homologated, or of higher specific weight.
- Additional seat brackets may be added; non-stressed protruding brackets may be removed if they do not affect the safety of the construction or assembly. Bolt-on accessories to the rear sub-frame may be removed.
- j. The paint scheme is not restricted but polishing the frame body or sub- frame is not allowed.

2.5.10.2 Suspension - General

- a. Participants in the Supersport class must only use the approved and listed suspension units for that season. The price limits are:
 - Fork: For the fork kit, including all parts such as but not limited to cartridge, springs (1 set), adjusters, fork caps, blanking inserts, seals, bushes but excepting oil and fitting, the price limit is €2200 excluding tax.
 - ii. Shock Absorber/RCU: For the complete shock absorber / RCU including but not limited to spring (1 of), pre-load adjuster and length/ride height adjuster, the price limit is €2000 excluding tax.
- b. The approved products from the suspension manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one (1) month before the first round of the MotoAmerica Superbike season and remain available all season. The products must be available within six (6) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. Setting parts and tuning parts must be provided by the suspension manufacturers to all customers/ teams/ participants using the manufacturer's products. These parts can be used by all participants during the season. These parts shall be available for immediate delivery to all teams/customers.
- d. Teams may not modify any part of the forks or shock absorber; all setting parts must be supplied by the suspension manufacturer and available to all teams/riders.

- e. The suspension manufacturers are allowed to offer service contracts when the team is using the approved and listed suspension products. The suspension manufacturers cannot demand a service contract for a customer or participant in order to obtain a suspension product.
- f. Electronically-controlled suspension must be removed.
- g. Electronic controlled steering dampers cannot be used if not installed on the homologated model for road use. If equipped it must be completely standard (any mechanical or electronic part must remain as homologated).

2.5.10.3 Front suspension

- a. Forks must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with the following modifications allowed:
- b. Original internal parts of the homologated forks may be modified or changed.
- c. After market damper kits or valves may be installed.
- d. Fork springs may be modified or replaced.
- e. Fork caps may be modified or replaced to allow external adjustment.
- f. Dust seals may be modified, changed or removed if the fork is totally oil- sealed.
- g. The original surface finish of the fork tubes (stanchions, fork pipes) may be changed. Additional surface treatments are allowed.
- h. The upper and lower fork clamps (triple clamp, fork bridges, and stem) must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer on the homologated motorcycle.
- i. A steering damper may be added or replaced with an aftermarket damper.
- j. The steering damper cannot act as a steering lock limiting device.
- k. Electronic forks may have their complete internal parts (including all electronic control) replaced with a conventional damping system and it will be considered as a mechanical fork.

2.5.10.4 Swing arm (rear fork)

- a. The rear fork must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed except the following:
 - i. A chain guard must be fitted in such a way as to reduce the possibility that any part of the riders' body may become trapped between the lower chain run and the rear wheel sprocket.
 - ii. Rear wheel stand brackets may be added to the rear fork by welding or by bolts. Brackets must have rounded edges (with a large radius). Fastening screws must be recessed. An anchorage system or point(s) to keep the original rear brake caliper in place may be added to the rear swing-arm.
 - iii. A rear axle chain adjuster slot may be enlarged to allow the brake caliper bracket mounting to become captive by use of a sleeve. The slot may only be modified on the side the rear brake caliper is located. The enlarged slot may not increase or decrease the original wheel base.
 - iv. The sides of the swing-arm may be protected by a thin vinyl cover only; no composite or structural covers are allowed.
- b. The rear fork pivot bolt must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- c. Rear axle chain adjusters may be modified or changed.

2.5.10.5 Rear suspension unit (shock)

a. The rear suspension unit (shock absorber) may be changed or modified. The original attachment points to the frame and rear fork (or linkage) must be as homologated.

- b. All the rear suspension linkage parts must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- c. Removable top shock mounts must remain as homologated. A nut may be made captive on the top shock mount and shim spacers may be fitted behind it.

2.5.10.6 Wheels

- a. Wheels must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. The wheels may be overpainted, but the original finish cannot be removed.
- c. If the original design included a cushion drive for the rear wheel, it must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- d. Wheel axles must remain as homologated; wheel spacers may be modified or replaced.

2.5.10.7 Brakes

- a. Front and rear brake discs may be replaced with aftermarket brake discs that must fit the original caliper and mounting. However, the outside diameter and the ventilation system must remain the same as on the homologated motorcycle. Internally ventilated discs are not allowed if not present on the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The brake disc carriers may be changed, but they must retain the same off set and same type of mounting to the wheels of the homologated motorcycle.
- c. Only steel (max. carbon content 2.1 wt. %) is allowed for brake discs.
- d. Front and rear brake calipers as well as all the mounting points and mounting hardware (mount, carrier, hanger) must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle (see also Article 2.5.10.4/a./ii./iii.).
- e. In order to reduce the transfer of heat to the hydraulic fluid, it is permitted to add metallic-shims to the calipers, between the pads and the calipers, and/or to replace light alloy pistons with steel pistons made by the same manufacturer of the caliper.
- f. The front brake master cylinder may be replaced.
- g. The rear brake master cylinder must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- h. Front and rear hydraulic brake lines may be changed. The brake fluid reservoir may be replaced and/or repositioned. Quick connectors may be used. The split of the front brake lines for both front brake calipers must be made above the lower edge of the fork bridge (lower triple clamp).
- i. Front and rear brake pads may be changed. Brake pad locking pins may be modified for quick change type.
- . Additional air ducts are not allowed.
- k. The anti-lock brake system (ABS) must be removed.

2.5.10.8 Handlebars and hand controls

- a. Handlebars may be replaced.
- b. Handlebars and hand controls may be relocated.
- c. Throttle controls must be self-closing when not held by the hand.
- d. Throttle assembly and associated cables may be modified or replaced but the connection to the throttle body and to the throttle controls must remain as on the homologated motorcycle.
- e. The clutch and brake lever may be replaced with an after-market model. An adjuster to the brake lever is allowed.

- f. Switches may be changed but the electric starter switch and engine stop switch must be located on the handlebars.
- g. Motorcycles must be equipped with a functional ignition kill switch or button mounted on the right-hand handlebar (within reach of the hand while on the hand grips) that is capable of stopping a running engine. The button or switch must be red.

2.5.10.9 Foot rest and foot controls

- a. The foot rests, hangers/brackets and hardware may be replaced and relocated but the hangers/brackets must be mounted to their original frame mounting points.
- b. The foot controls, gear shift and rear brake must remain operated manually by foot.
- c. Foot rests may be rigidly mounted or a folding type which must incorporate a device to return them to the normal position.
- d. The end of the foot rest must have at least an eight (8) mm solid spherical radius.
- e. Non-folding footrests must have an end (plug) which is permanently fixed, made of aluminum, plastic, Teflon® or an equivalent type material (minimum radius 8 mm). The plug surface must be designed to reach the widest possible area. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any plug not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.5.10.10 Fuel tank

- a. Fuel tanks must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. All fuel tanks must be completely filled with fire retardant material (i.e. fuel tank foam).
- c. Fuel tanks with tank breather pipes must be fitted with non-return valves that discharge into a catch tank with a minimum volume of 250 cc made of a suitable material.
- d. Fuel caps may be changed. Fuel caps when closed, must be leak proof. Additionally, they must be securely locked to prevent accidental opening at any time.
- e. A rider spacer/pad may be fitted to the rear of the tank with non-permanent adhesive. It may be constructed of foam padding or composite material.
- f. The tank may not have a full cover fitted over it unless the homologated machine also features a full cover.
- g. The sides and rear of the fuel tank may be protected with a cover made of a composite material. These covers must **follow** the shape of the fuel tank **exactly**.
- h. The fuel tank may have heat reflective sheet attached to its bottom surface.

2.5.10.11 Fairing / Bodywork

- a. Fairing, mudguards and body work must conform in principle to the homologated shape as originally produced by the manufacturer. The use of carbon fiber or Kevlar® materials is not allowed in fairing, fuel tank cover, seat, seat base and associated bodywork construction. Specific reinforcements in Kevlar® or carbon are allowed locally around holes and stressed areas. Headlights must be included even when considered external.
- b. Windscreen may be replaced.
- c. The ram-air intake must maintain the originally homologated shape and dimensions.
- d. Original air ducts running between the fairing to the air box may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- e. The lower fairing has to be constructed to hold, in case of an engine breakdown, at

least half of the total oil and engine coolant capacity used in the engine (min. 5 liters). The lower edge of openings in the fairing must be positioned at least 50 mm above the bottom of the fairing.

- f. The lower fairing must incorporate one (1) hole of 25 mm in the bottom of the front lower area. This hole must remain closed in dry conditions and must be only opened in wet race conditions, as declared by the race director.
- g. Minimal changes are allowed in the fairing to allow clearance for protective engine covers.
- h. Holes may be drilled or cut in the fairing or bodywork to allow additional increased intake air to the oil cooler. Holes bigger than 10 mm must be covered with a particle grill or fine wire mesh. Grill/mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- i. Original openings for cooling in the lateral fairing/bodywork sections may be partially closed only to accommodate sponsors' logos/lettering. Such modification shall be made using wire mesh or perforated plates. The material is free but the distance between all opening centers, circle centers and their diameters must be constant. Holes or perforations must have an open area ratio > 60%.
- j. Motorcycles may be equipped with a radiator shroud to improve the air stream towards the radiator but the appearance of the front, the rear and the profile of the motorcycle must not be changed.
- k. Front mudguards may be replaced with a cosmetic duplicate of the original parts and may be spaced upward for increased tire clearance. The use of carbon fiber or Kevlar® composites is allowed.
- I. Rear mudguards fixed on the swing arm may be modified, changed or removed. The use of carbon fiber or Kevlar® composites is allowed.

2.5.10.12 Seat

- a. The seat, seat base and associated bodywork may be replaced with parts of similar appearance as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycles.
- b. The top portion of the rear body work around the seat may be modified to a solo seat.
- c. Holes may be drilled in the seat or rear cowl to allow additional cooling. Holes which are bigger than 10 mm must be covered with metal gauze or fine mesh. Mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- d. The appearance from the front, rear and profile must conform in principle to the homologated shape.
- e. The same material as fairing must be used (article 2.5.10.11.a).
- f. All exposed edges must be rounded.

2.5.10.13 Rear safety light

All motorcycles must have a functioning red light mounted at the rear of the machine. This light must be switched on any time the motorcycle is on the track or being ridden in the pit lane and the session is declared WET. All lights must comply with the following:

- a. Lighting direction must be parallel to the machine center line (motorcycle running direction) and be clearly visible from the rear at least 15 degrees to both left and right sides of the machine center line.
- b. The rear light must be mounted near the end of the seat/rear bodywork and approximately on the machine center line in a position approved by the Technical Director. In case of dispute over the mounting position or visibility, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.

- c. Power output/luminosity equivalent to approximately: 10-15 (incandescent), 0.6 1.8 W (LED)
- d. The output must be continuous; no flashing safety light is allowed whilst on track. Flashing is allowed in the pit lane when the pit limiter is active.
- e. The safety light power supply may be separated from the motorcycle.
- f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any light system not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.5.10.14 Fasteners

- a. Standard fasteners may be replaced with fasteners of any material and design.
- b. Aluminum fasteners may only be used in non-structural locations.
- c. Titanium fasteners may be used in structural locations, but the strength and design must be equal to or exceed the strength of the standard fastener it is replacing.
- d. Special steel fasteners may be used in structural locations, but the strength and design must be equal to or exceed the strength of the standard fastener it is replacing.
- e. Fasteners may be drilled for safety wire, but intentional weight-saving modifications are not allowed.
- f. Threads repairs may be made using inserts of different material such as Helicoils and Timeserts.
- g. Fairing/bodywork fasteners may be changed to the quick disconnect type.

2.5.11 The following items MAY BE altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle

- a. Any type of lubrication, brake or suspension fluid
- b. Instruments, their supports(s) and associated cables
- c. Bearings (ball, roller, taper, plain, etc.) of any type or brand may be used
- d. Gaskets, seals and gasket materials
- e. Material for brackets connecting non-original parts (fairing, exhaust, instruments, etc.) to the frame (or engine) cannot be made from titanium or fiber reinforced composites except the exhaust silencer hanger that may be in carbon.

2.5.12 The following items MAY BE removed

- a. Emission control items (anti-pollution) in or around the air box and engine (O2 sensors, air injection devices)
- b. Speedometer and related wheel spacers
- c. Bolt on accessories on a rear sub frame

2.5.13 The following items MUST BE removed

- a. Headlamp, rear lamp and turn signal indicators (when not incorporated in the fairing). Openings must be covered by suitable materials.
- b. Rear-view mirrors
- c. Horn
- d. License plate bracket
- e. Tool box
- f. Helmet hooks and luggage carrier hooks
- g. Passenger foot rests
- h. Passenger grab rails
- i. Safety bars, center and side stands must be removed (fixed brackets must

remain).

STOCK 1000 TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

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2.6 STOCK 1000_-TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following rules are intended to permit limited changes to the homologated motorcycle in the interests of safety and improved competition between various motorcycle concepts.

EVERYTHING THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND PRESCRIBED IN THIS RULEBOOK IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN

If a change to a part or system is not specifically allowed in any of the following articles, then it is forbidden

Stock 1000 motorcycles require a Superstock 1000 FIM homologation. (see FIM homologation procedure for Superstock, Supersport and Superbike motorcycles). All motorcycles must comply in every respect with all the requirements for road racing as specified in these technical regulations, unless they are already equipped as such on the homologated model.

Once a motorcycle has obtained homologation, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of eight (8) years (see Homologation art 1.4.4), or until such time that the homologated motorcycle is disqualified by new rules or changes in the technical specifications of the corresponding class.

The appearance from the front, rear and the profile of Stock 1000 motorcycles must (except when otherwise stated) conform to the homologated shape (as originally produced by the manufacturer). The appearance of the exhaust system is excluded from this rule.

2.6.1 Motorcycle specifications

All parts and systems not specifically mentioned in the following articles must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.

For 2021: 2019-Present Ducati V4R is accepted as homologated for MotoAmerica competition. Effective 6-26-2020 the Ducati V4R will be balanced per Article 2.6.3 adjusting the minimum weight to 180 kg.

2.6.2 Engine configurations and displacement capacities

The following engine configurations comprise the Stock 1000 class:

Over 750cc up to 1000cc	4-stroke	3 and 4 cylinders
Over 850cc up to 1200cc	4-stroke	2 cylinders

The displacement capacity, bore and stroke (new), must remain at the homologated size. All machines must be normally aspirated.

2.6.3 Balancing various motorcycle concepts

In order to equalize the performance of motorcycles used in the Stock 1000 Championship, a system of performance enhancements or restrictions can be developed (such as minimum weight, air restrictor or REV limit may be applied according to their respective racing performances). The decision to apply a balancing system to a motorcycle will be taken by the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau based on decisions made by the Superbike Commission at any time deemed necessary to ensure fair competition.

2.6.4 Minimum weight

All machines (unless balanced) 170 kg (374 lbs.)

At any time of the event, the weight of the whole motorcycle (including the tank and its contents) must not be lower than the minimum weight.

There is no tolerance on the minimum weight of the motorcycle.

During the final technical inspection at the end of the race, the selected motorcycles will be weighed in the condition they finished the race, and the established weight limit must be met in this condition. Nothing may be added to the motorcycle.

This includes all fluids.

During the practice and qualifying sessions, riders may be asked to submit their motorcycle to a weight control. In all cases, the rider must comply with this request.

The use of ballast is allowed to stay over the minimum weight limit and may be required due to the handicap system. The use of ballast and weight handicap must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.

2.6.5 Numbers and number plates

The background colors and figures (numbers) for Stock 1000 are red (pantone 186c) background with white numbers:

The sizes for all the front numbers are:	Minimum height:	140 mm
	Minimum width:	80 mm
	Minimum stroke:	25 mm
	Minimum space	
	between numbers:	10 mm
The sizes for all the side numbers are:	Minimum height:	120 mm
	Minimum width:	70 mm
	Minimum stroke:	20 mm
	Minimum space	

The allocated number (& plate) for the rider must be affixed on the motorcycle as follows:

- a. Once on the front, either in the center of the fairing or slightly off to one side. The number must be centered on the red background with no advertising within 25 mm in all directions.
- b. Once, on each side of the motorcycle. The preferred location for the numbers on each side of the motorcycle is on the lower rear portion of the main fairing near the bottom. The number must be centered on the red background. Any change to this position must be pre-approved a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race by the Technical Director.
- c. The numbers must use the fonts as detailed after Art. 2. Any numbers not using these fonts must have the design of the numbers and the layout pre-approved by the MotoAmerica Technical Director a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race. All digits must be of standard form.
- d. Any outlines must be of a contrasting color and the maximum width of the outline is three (3) mm. The background color must be clearly visible around all edges of the number (including outline). Reflective or mirror type numbers are not permitted.
- e. Numbers cannot overlap

In case of a dispute concerning the legibility of numbers, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.

2.6.6 Fuel

a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.

b. Please refer to Article 2.10 for additional details

2.6.7 Tires

- a. The maximum number of tires, of any type, available to each rider during the event will be specified in Article 2.3.7.1.
- b. A maximum of six (6) tires per rider can be mounted at any time.
- c. For Stock 1000 races only, wet tires will not need to be marked with a tire sticker.

They will not be considered in the total number of tires available for use; however, normal allocation limits still apply.

- d. During free practices, qualifying practices, Superpole for Superbike, warm up session and races, front and rear tires are required to be marked with tire stickers.
- e. see article 2.3.7

2.6.8 Engine

2.6.8.1 Fuel injection system

2.6.8.1.1 Fuel injection systems refer to throttle bodies, fuel injectors, variable length intake tract devices, fuel pump and fuel pressure regulator.

- a. The original homologated fuel injection system must be used without any modification.
- b. The fuel injectors must be stock and unaltered from the original specification and manufacture.
- c. Air funnels must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- d. Butterfly valves cannot be changed or modified.
- e. Variable intake tract devices cannot be added if they are not present on the homologated motorcycle and they must remain identical and operate in the same way as the homologated system. All the parts of the variable intake tract device must remain exactly as homologated.
- f. Air and air/fuel mixture can go to the combustion chamber exclusively through the throttle body butterflies.
- g. Electronically controlled throttle valves, known as 'ride-by-wire', may be only used if the homologated model is equipped with the same system. Software may be modified but all the safety systems and procedures designed by the original manufacturer must be maintained.

2.6.8.2 Cylinder head

- a. No modifications are allowed.
- b. No material may be added or removed from the cylinder head.
- c. The gaskets may be changed.
- d. The valves, valve seats, guides, springs, tappets, oil seals, shims, cotter valve, rocker arms, spring base and spring retainers must be as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle. Only normal maintenance interventions as prescribed by the manufacturer in the service manual of the motorcycle are authorized.
- e. Valve spring shims are not allowed.

2.6.8.3 Camshaft

- a. The camshaft must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.
- b. At the technical checks: for direct cam drive systems, the cam lobe lift is measured; for non-direct cam drive systems (i.e. with rocker arms), the valve lift is measured.

2.6.8.4 Cam sprockets or gears

- a. Cam sprockets may be slotted to allow the adjustment of cam timing.
- b. Pressed on cam sprockets may be replaced with an adjustable boss and cam sprocket.
- c. The cam chain must remain as homologated.
- d. The cam chain tensioner must remain as homologated.

2.6.8.5 Cylinders

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.

2.6.8.6 Pistons

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.

2.6.8.7 Piston rings

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.
- b. All piston rings must be fitted.

2.6.8.8 Piston pins and clips

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.

2.6.8.9 Connecting rods

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.

2.6.8.10 Crankshaft

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.
- b. The balancer shaft must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.

2.6.8.11 Crankcase / Gearbox housing

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification (including painting, polishing and lightening).
- b. It is not allowed to add a pump used to create a vacuum in the crankcase. If a vacuum pump is installed on the homologated motorcycle then it may be used only as homologated.

2.6.8.11.1 Lateral covers and protection

- a. Lateral (side) covers may be altered, modified or replaced. If altered or modified, the cover must have at least the same resistance to impact as the original one. If replaced, the cover must be made in material of the same or higher specific weight and the total weight of the cover must not be less than the original one.
- b. Oil containing engine covers cannot be secured with aluminum bolts.
- c. All lateral covers/engine cases containing oil, and which could be in contact with the ground during a crash, must be protected by a second cover made from metal such as aluminum alloy, stainless steel, steel or titanium. Each side (left and right) of the engine must have at least one (1) protective cover installed on the farthest protruding engine cover containing oil. Composite covers are not permitted. FIM approved covers will be permitted without regard of the material or dimensions.
 - i. The secondary cover must cover a minimum of 1/3 of the original cover. It must not have sharp edges that could damage the track surface. Covers must be fixed properly and securely with a minimum of three (3) case cover screws that also mount the original covers/engine cases to the crankcases.
 - ii. Heavy duty engine case covers may be used in lieu of secondary case covers.
- d. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any cover not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.6.8.12 Transmission / Gearbox

- a. No modifications are allowed except shimming.
- b. Quick-shift systems are allowed (including wire and potentiometer).
- c. Countershaft sprocket, rear wheel sprocket, chain pitch and size may be changed.
- d. The sprocket cover may be modified or eliminated.

e. The chain guard, if it is not incorporated in the rear fender, may be removed.

2.6.8.13 Clutch

- a. Aftermarket or modified clutches are permitted.
- b. Only friction and drive discs may be changed, but their number must remain as original.
- c. Clutch springs may be changed.
- The clutch basket (outer) must be the originally fitted and homologated part but may be reinforced.

2.6.8.14 Oil pumps and oil lines

- a. No pump modifications are allowed.
- b. Oil lines may be modified or replaced. Oil lines containing positive pressure, if replaced, must be of braided reinforced construction with swaged or threaded connectors.

2.6.8.15 Radiator, cooling system and oil cooler

- a. The only liquid engine coolant permitted is water.
- b. Protective meshes may be added in front of the oil and/or water radiator(s).
- c. The cooling system hoses and catch tanks may be changed.
- d. Radiator fans and wiring may be removed. Thermal switches, water temperature sensors and thermostats may be removed inside the cooling system.
- e. Radiator cap is free.
- f. An additional water radiator may be fitted but the appearance of the front, the rear and the profile of the motorcycle must not be changed. Extra mounting brackets to accommodate the additional radiator is permitted.

2.6.8.16 Air box

- a. The air box must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer on the homologated motorcycle but the air box drains must be sealed.
- b. The air filter element may be modified or replaced **but not removed** and must be mounted in the original position.
- c. The air box drains must be sealed.
- d. All motorcycles must have a closed breather system. All oil breather lines must be connected and discharge in the air box.
- e. Additional heat shielding is not allowed (e. g. gold or silver heat tape).

2.6.8.17 Fuel supply

- a. The fuel pump and fuel pressure regulator must remain as homologated.
- b. The fuel pressure must be as homologated.
- c. Fuel lines from the fuel tank to the delivery pipe assembly (excluded) may be replaced.
- d. Quick connectors or dry break connectors may be used.
- e. Fuel vent lines may be replaced.
- f. Fuel filters may be added

2.6.8.18 Exhaust system

- a. Exhaust pipes and silencers may be modified or changed. Catalytic converters must be removed.
- b. The number of the final exhaust silencer(s) must remain as homologated. The silencer(s) must be on the same side(s) of the homologated model.

- c. For safety reasons, the exposed edges of the exhausts pipe(s) outlet must be rounded to avoid any sharp edges.
- d. Wrapping of exhaust systems is not allowed except in the area of the rider's foot or an area in contact with the fairing for protection from heat.
- e. The noise limit for Stock 1000 will be **115** dB/A (with a three (3) dB/A tolerance after the race only) except for where local rules prevail.

2.6.9 Electrics and electronics

2.6.9.1 Ignition / Engine Control System (ECU)

- a. The engine control system (ECU) must be an ECU (Kit or OEM) applicable to the specific homologated model. The ECU may have its software changed, but the ECU may not be physically modified. The Ducati V4R must use the homologated ECU with control software provided by Ducati. No other software will be allowed for usage. The rider is responsible for using the most recent version of the control software.
- b. The system may have FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica approved external ignition and/or injection module(s) added. Ducati V4R may not use any external ignition modules this includes quick shift modules that connect directly to the ignition harness.
- c. The total combined retail price (software and tuning tools included) on sale to the general public cannot be higher than €3000 (tax excluded) or €3750 if it is a kit ECU than includes data logging facility.
- d. Central unit (ECU) may be relocated.
- e. Optional equipment sold by the motorcycle manufacturer for the homologated model is considered not homologated with the bike and must follow the requirements for approved electronics/data loggers.
- f. During an event, the Technical Director has the right to ask a team to substitute their ECU or external module with the sample received from the manufacturer. The change must be done before Sunday warm up.
- g. No extra sensors may be added for control strategies except shift rod sensors, wheel speed sensors and lambda sensors. Wheel speed sensors must be included in the Kit ECU and harness package if required.
- h. Other additional electronic hardware equipment not on the original homologated motorcycle cannot be added with the exceptions noted below.
- i. The characteristics of approved data logging systems must be the following:
 - i. Maximum retail price of the unit (hardware + software, excluding sensors and wiring harness) cannot exceed €3.000 (VAT excluded) if it is a standalone unit.
 - i. Maximum retail price of the unit if incorporated into the ECU (hardware + software, excluding sensors and wiring harness) is €3750.
 - iii. The data logger unit must be available for sale to the public and on the list of FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica approved data loggers.
 - iv. A maximum of seven (7) simultaneously working sensors (connected to the additional data logger) may be added to the original sensors on the motorcycle.

The sensors must be from the following list:

- 1. Lambda (must be supplied in the kit if used for strategy)
- 2. Fork position
- 3. Shock position
- 4. Front brake pressure
- 5. Rear brake pressure

- 6. Fuel pressure (not temperature)
- 7. Oil pressure
- 8. Oil temperature
- 9. Transponder / lap time signal
- 10. GPS unit (lap timing and track position)
- v. The sensors must be simple-function.
- vi. Approved data loggers with internal inertial platforms (IMU or gyros) may be used for data collection but may not be used for control strategy. Also see 2.6.9.1/i./vii.
- vii. CAN (or other data) communication from the ECU to an approved data logger (logger can receive data only; no data transmission is allowed) is allowed without any limitation in CAN channel logger number.
- j. The maximum total price of other active/control/calculation units such as lambda driver modules, quick shifter, and analogue to CAN and traction control units is €750. These devices must be approved by FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica.
- k. Telemetry is not allowed.
- I. No remote or wireless connection to the bike for any data exchange or setting is allowed whilst the engine is running or the bike is moving.
- m. Harness:
 - i. The main wiring harness may be replaced by the kit wire harness as supplied for the Kit ECU model, produced and/or approved by the manufacturer of the motorcycle and by FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica.
 - ii. The Kit wiring harness may incorporate the data logging harness.
 - iii. A kit harness that incorporates the data logging harness may only accommodate seven (7) additional sensors.
 - iv. A sample of the kit wiring harness may be requested by the FIM/MotoAmerica.
 - v. The key/ignition lock may be relocated, replaced or removed.
 - vi. Cutting of the original main wiring harness is allowed.
- n. Data logger harness:
 - i. The data logger wire harness cannot include any other sensors with the
 - exception of the seven (7) sensors that are allowed. The only function of the approved data logger wire harness is to connect the seven sensors to the data logger, to transmit the data and supply the power.
- o. For the Stock 1000 Kit to be approved, samples of the ECU kits, kit harnesses and external modules with their tuning tools must be sent by the manufacturers to the MotoAmerica Technical Director with technical data and selling price.
- p. For the ignition and/or injection module, quick shifter or standalone data logger to be approved, samples must be sent by the manufacturer of the device to the MotoAmerica Technical Director with technical data and selling price.
- q. Spark plugs may be replaced.
- r. The original speedometer and tachometer may be altered or replaced.
- s. Battery is free

2.6.9.2 Generator, alternator, electric starter

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification.
- b. The electric starter must operate normally and always be able to start the engine during the event.

c. During parc fermé, the starter must crank the engine at a suitable speed for starting for a minimum of two (2) seconds without the use of a boost battery. No boost battery may be connected to the machine after the end of the session.

2.6.10 Main frame and pre-assembled spare frame

- a. During the entire duration of the event, each rider can only use one (1) complete motorcycle, as presented for technical control, with the frame clearly identified with a seal.
- b. In case the frame needs to be replaced, the rider or the team can request the use of a spare frame to the Technical Director.
- c. The pre-assembled spare frame must be presented to the Technical Director to receive the permission to rebuild the motorcycle. The pre-assembly of the frame shall be strictly limited to:
 - i. Main frame and swing-arm
 - ii. Bearings (steering pipe, swing arm, etc.)
 - iii. Rider controls (handle bars, rear sets, shift/brake linkage), front and rear mud guard.
 - iv. Rear suspension linkage and shock absorber
 - v. Upper and lower triple clamps, front forks, braking system and wheels.
 - vi. Wiring harness, ECU, dash associated electronics, throttles, airbox and associated cables.
- d. The spare frame will not be allowed in the pit box before the rider or the team has received authorization from the Technical Director.
- e. The motorcycle, once rebuilt, must be inspected before its use by the technical stewards for safety checks and a new seal will be placed on the motorcycle frame.
- f. No complete spare machine may be at the track. If found, penalties will be applied. For the remainder of the event the machine will be impounded, and no part of that machine may be used for spare parts.

See 2.5.10 for complete explanation of procedures

2.6.10.1 Frame body and rear sub frame

- a. The frame must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- b. Holes may be drilled on the frame only to fix approved components (i.e. fairing brackets, steering damper mount, sensors).
- c. The sides of the frame-body may be covered by a protective part made of a composite material. These protectors must fit the form of the frame.
- d. Nothing else may be added or removed from the frame body.
- e. All motorcycles must display a vehicle identification number punched on the frame body (a proper "legal VIN" by the team to which the Technical Director may choose to append). No detachable plates are permitted.
- f. Engine mounting brackets or plates must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- g. Front sub frame / fairing mount may be changed or altered.
- h. Rear sub frame may be changed or altered, but the type of material must remain as homologated, or material of a higher specific weight.
- Additional seat brackets may be added. Non-stressed protruding brackets may be removed if they do not affect the safety of the construction or assembly. Bolt-on accessories to the rear sub-frame may be removed.

j. The paint scheme is not restricted but polishing the frame body or sub frame is not allowed.

2.6.10.2 Suspension - General

- a. Participants in the Stock 1000 class must only use the approved and listed suspension units for that season. The price limits are:
 - i. Fork: For the fork kit, including all parts such as but not limited to cartridge, springs (1 set), adjusters, fork caps, blanking inserts, seals, bushes except oil and fitting the price limit is €2200 excluding tax.
 - ii. Shock absorber/RCU: For the complete shock absorber / RCU including but not limited to spring (1 of), pre-load adjuster and length/ride height adjuster the price limit is €2000 excluding tax._
- b. The approved products from the suspension manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one month before the first round of the MotoAmerica Stock 1000 season and remain available all season. The products must be available within six (6) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. Setting parts and tuning parts must be provided by the suspension manufacturers to all customers/ teams/ participants using the manufacturer's products. These parts can be used by all participants during the season. These parts shall be available for immediate delivery to all teams/customers.
- d. Teams may not modify any part of the forks or shock absorber; all setting parts must be supplied by the suspension manufacturer and available to all teams/riders.
- e. The suspension manufacturers are allowed to offer service contracts when the team is using the approved and listed suspension products. The suspension manufacturers cannot demand a service contract for a customer or participant in order to obtain a suspension product.
- f. Electronic Suspension must be removed.
- g. Electronic controlled steering dampers cannot be used if not installed in the homologated model for road use. However, it must be completely standard (any mechanical or electronic part must remain as homologated).

2.6.10.3 Front suspension

- a. Forks must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- b. Original internal parts of the homologated forks may be modified or changed. Aftermarket damper kits or valves may be installed.
- c. The original surface finish of the fork tubes (stanchions, fork pipes) may be changed. Additional surface treatments are allowed.
- d. Fork caps and external damping adjusters may be modified or replaced.
- e. The upper and lower fork clamps (triple clamp, fork bridges, and stem) must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- f. Steering head pivot position must remain in the homologated position (as supplied on the production bike). If the standard bike has inserts, then the orientation/position of the original insert may be changed but the insert cannot be replaced or modified.
- g. A fork brace may be installed. Fork bottoms may be modified for speed and suspension sensors.
- h. Fender brackets may be modified to maintain stock tire to fender clearance when using race tires or to provide clearance for caliper mounting brackets.
- i. A steering damper may be added or replaced with an after-market damper.
- j. The steering damper cannot act as a steering lock limiting device.

k. Electronic forks may have their complete internal parts (including all electronic control) replaced with a conventional damping system and it will be considered as a mechanical fork.

2.6.10.4 Swing arm (rear fork)

- a. The rear fork must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The rear fork pivot bolt must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- c. Rear pivot position must remain in the homologated position (as supplied on the production bike). If the standard bike has inserts then the orientation/position of the original insert may be changed but the insert cannot be replaced or modified.
- d. Rear wheel stand brackets may be added to the rear fork by welding or by bolts. Brackets must have rounded edges (with a large radius). Fastening screws must be recessed. An anchorage system or point(s) to keep the original rear brake caliper in place may be added to the rear swing-arm.
- e. Rear axle adjusters must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- f. The sides of the swing-arm may be protected by a thin vinyl cover only; no composite or structural covers are allowed.

2.6.10.5 Rear suspension unit (shock)

- a. The rear suspension unit may be changed but a similar system must be used (i.e. dual or mono).
- b. All rear suspension linkage parts must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- c. Mechanical Suspension: Rear suspension unit (shock absorber) may be modified or replaced, but the original attachments to the frame and rear fork (swing arm) must be as homologated.
- d. Electronic suspension may be used if such suspension is already present on the production model of the homologated motorcycle, and it must remain completely standard (all mechanical and electronic parts must remain as homologated except for shims and springs). The original suspension system must work properly and safely in the event of an electronic failure. The electronic shock absorber can be replaced with a mechanical one.

2.6.10.6 Wheels

- a. Wheels must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The originally fitted and homologated wheels may be exchanged with the wheels of the same manufacture and model year machine if that machine has also been homologated. (e.g. R1M wheels can be used on a R1S and vice versa)

c. The wheels may be overpainted, but the original finish cannot be removed.

- d. If the original design includes a cushion drive for the rear wheel, it must remain as originally produced for the homologated motorcycle.
- e. Wheel axles must remain as homologated; wheel spacers may be modified or replaced.

2.6.10.7 Brakes

- a. Brake discs may be replaced by aftermarket discs which comply with following requirements:
 - i. Only steel (max. carbon content 2.1 wt. %) is allowed for brake discs.
 - ii. The carrier must retain the same material as the homologated disc and carrier.

- iii. The outside and inner diameters of the brake disc must not be larger than the ones on the homologated disc.
- iv. The thickness of the brake disc may be increased but the disc must fit into the homologated brake caliper without any modification. The number of floaters is free.
- v. The fixing of the carrier on the wheel must remain the same as on the homologated disc.
- b. The front and rear brake caliper (mount, carrier, hanger) must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- c. To reduce the transfer of heat to the hydraulic fluid, it is permitted to add metallic shims to the calipers between the pads and the calipers and/or to replace light alloy pistons with steel pistons made by the same manufacturer of the caliper.
- d. The rear brake caliper bracket may be mounted fixed on the swing- arm, but the bracket must maintain the same mounting (fixing) points for the caliper as used on the homologated motorcycle. Also see Article 2.6.10.4 e.
- e. Front master cylinder may be replaced with a maximum MSRP of \$400.00 USD.
- f. Front and rear hydraulic brake lines may be changed.
- g. The split of the front brake lines for both front brake calipers must be made above the lower fork bridge (lower triple clamp).
- h. "Quick" (or "dry-brake") connectors in the brake lines are allowed.
- i. Front and rear brake pads may be changed. Brake pad locking pins may be modified for quick change type.
- j. Additional air scoops or ducts are not allowed.
- k. The anti-lock brake system (ABS) must be removed.

2.6.10.8 Handlebars and hand controls

- a. Handlebars may be replaced.
- b. Handlebars and hand controls may be relocated.
- c. Throttle controls must be self-closing when not held by the hand.
- d. Throttle assembly and associated cables may be modified or replaced but the connection to the throttle body and to the throttle controls must remain as on the homologated motorcycle.
- e. The clutch and brake lever may be replaced with an after-market model. An adjuster to the brake lever is allowed.
- f. Switches may be changed but the electric starter switch and engine stop switch must be located on the handlebars.
- g. Motorcycles must be equipped with a functional ignition kill switch or button mounted on the right-hand handlebar (within reach of the hand while on the hand grips) that is capable of stopping a running engine. The button or switch must be red.

2.6.10.9 Footrest / Foot controls

- a. Footrests, hangers/brackets and hardware may be replaced and relocated but the hangers/brackets must be mounted to their original frame mounting points.
- b. Foot controls: gear shift and rear brake must remain operated manually by foot.
- c. Footrests may be rigidly mounted or a folding type which must incorporate a device to return them to the normal position.
- d. The end of the footrest must have at least an eight (8) mm solid spherical radius.
- e. Non-folding footrests must have an end (plug) which is permanently fixed, made of

aluminum, plastic, Teflon® or an equivalent type material (minimum radius 8 mm). The plug surface must be designed to reach the widest possible area.

f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any plug not satisfying this safety aim.

2.6.10.10 Fuel tank

- a. The fuel tank must begin as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle. If the standard tank is of insufficient capacity to achieve full race distance then with the prior agreement of the Technical Director, the tank may be modified to increase its fuel capacity but must maintain its original external appearance.
- b. All fuel tanks must be completely filled with fire retardant material (i.e. fuel tank foam).
- c. Fuel tanks with tank breather pipes must be fitted with non-return valves that discharge into a catch tank with a minimum volume of 250cc made of a suitable material.
- Fuel caps may be changed. Fuel caps when closed must be leak proof. Additionally, they must be securely locked to prevent accidental opening at any time.
- e. A spacer/pad may be fitted to the rear of the tank with non-permanent adhesive. It may be constructed of foam padding.
- f. The tank may not have a full cover fitted unless the homologated machine also features a full cover.
- g. The sides and rear of the fuel tank may be protected with a cover made of vinyl or a composite material. These covers must follow the shape of the fuel tank exactly.

2.6.10.11 Fairing / Bodywork

- a. Fairing and bodywork may be replaced with exact cosmetic duplicates of the original parts, but must appear to be as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle, with slight differences due to the racing use (different pieces mix, fixing points, fairing bottom, etc.). The material may be changed. The use of carbon fiber or carbon composite materials is not allowed. Specific reinforcements in Kevlar® or carbon are allowed locally around holes and stressed areas.
- b. Overall size and dimensions must be the same as the original part.
- c. The windscreen may be replaced, may be replaced with an after market product. The height of the windscreen is free but must be within a tolerance of 1/ 15 mm referred to the vertical distance from/to the upper fork bridge. The screen mustconform to the same profile from the front as the original – no double bubble orwide types. From a top view, the length of the windscreen may be shortened by 25mm to allow clearance for the rider. The edge of the screen must have no sharpedges.
- d. Motorcycles that are not originally equipped with streamlining are not allowed to add streamlining in any form, except for a lower fairing device, as described in point (g). This device cannot exceed above a line drawn horizontally from wheel axle to wheel axle and must follow the specifications described at point (g).
- e. The original combination instrument/fairing brackets may be replaced, but the use of titanium and carbon (or similar composite materials) is forbidden. All other fairing brackets may be altered or replaced.
- f. The original air ducts running between the fairing and the air box may be altered or replaced. Carbon fiber composites and other exotic materials are forbidden. Particle grills or "wire-meshes" originally installed in the openings for the air ducts may be removed.

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- g. The lower fairing must be constructed to hold, in case of an engine breakdown, a minimum six (6) liters. The lower edge of all the openings in the fairing must be positioned at least 70 mm above the bottom of the fairing.
- h. The upper edge of the rear transverse wall of the lower fairing must be at least 70 mm above the bottom. The angle between this wall and the floor must be ≤ 90°.
- i. Original openings for cooling in the lateral fairing/bodywork sections may be partially closed only to accommodate sponsors' logos/lettering. Such modification shall be made using wire mesh or perforated plates. The material is free but the distance between all opening centers, circle centers and their diameters must be constant. Holes or perforations must have an open area ratio > 60%.
- j. The lower fairing must incorporate a single opening of Ø 25 mm diameter in the front lower area. This hole must remain sealed in dry conditions and must be only opened in wet race conditions as declared by the race director.
- k. Front fender may be replaced with a cosmetic duplicate of the original parts and may be spaced upward for increased tire clearance.
- I. The rear fender fixed on the swing arm may be modified, changed or removed.
- m. Motorcycles may be equipped with inner ducts to improve the air stream towards the radiator but the appearance of the front, the rear and the profile of the motorcycle must not be changed.

2.6.10.12 Seat

- a. The seat, seat base and associated bodywork may be replaced with parts of similar appearance as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle. The appearance from the front, rear and profile must conform to the homologated shape.
- b. The top portion of the rear bodywork around the seat may be modified to a solo seat.
- c. The homologated seat locking system (with plates, pins, rubber pads etc.) may be removed.

2.6.10.13 Rear safety light

All motorcycles must have a functioning red light mounted at the rear of the machine; this light must be switched on any time the motorcycle is on the track or being ridden in the pit-lane and the session is declared WET. All lights must comply with the following:

- a. Lighting direction must be parallel to the machine center line (motorcycle running direction) and be clearly visible from the rear at least 15 degrees to both left and right sides of the machine center line.
- b. The rear light must be mounted near the end of the seat/rear bodywork and approximately on the machine center line, in a position approved by the Technical Director. In case of dispute over the mounting position or visibility, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.
- c. Power output/luminosity equivalent to approximately: 10 15 (incandescent), 0.6 1.8 W (LED).
- d. The output must be continuous; no flashing safety light is allowed whilst on track. Flashing is allowed in the pit lane when the pit limiter is active.
- e. The safety light power supply may be separated from the motorcycle.
- f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any light system not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.6.10.14 Fasteners

a. Standard fasteners may be replaced with fasteners of any material and design but titanium fasteners cannot be used. The strength and design must be equal to or

exceed the strength of the standard fastener.

- Fasteners may be drilled for safety wire, but intentional weight-reduction modifications are not allowed.
- c. Thread repairs may be made using inserts of different material such as Helicoils and Timeserts.
- d. Fairing / bodywork fasteners may be replaced with the quick disconnect type.
- e. Aluminum fasteners may only be used in non-structural locations.

2.6.11 The following items MAY be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle

- a. Any type of lubrication, brake or suspension fluid may be used.
- b. Gaskets, seals and gasket materials
- c. Instruments, instrument bracket(s) and associated cables
- d. Painted external surface finishes and decals
- e. Material for brackets connecting non-original parts (fairing, instruments, etc.) to the frame (or engine) cannot be made from titanium or fiber reinforced composites except for the exhaust silencer hanger that may be made from carbon.
- f. Protective covers for the frame, chain, footrests, etc. may be made in other materials like fiber composite material if these parts do not replace original parts mounted on the homologated model.

2.6.12 The following items MAY BE removed

- Emission control items (anti-pollution) in or around the air box and engine (O2 sensors, air injection devices)
- b. Chain guard as long as it is not incorporated in the rear fender
- c. Bolt-on accessories on a rear sub frame

2.6.13 The following items MUST BE removed

- a. Headlamp, rear lamp and turn signal indicators (when not incorporated in the fairing). Openings must be covered by suitable materials.
- b. Rear-view mirrors
- c. Horn
- d. License plate bracket
- e. Toolkit
- f. Helmet hooks and luggage carrier hooks
- g. Passenger foot rests
- h. Passenger grab rails
- . Safety bars, center and side stands must be removed (fixed brackets must remain).



TWINS CUP TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

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2.7 MOTOAMERICA TWINS CUP TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following rules are intended to give freedom to modify or replace some parts in the interest of safety, research and development and improved competition between various motorcycle concepts.

EVERYTHING THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND PRESCRIBED IN THIS RULEBOOK IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN

If a change to a part or system is not specifically allowed in any of the following articles, then it is forbidden

Twins c u p motorcycles require a MotoAmerica homologation. (See MotoAmerica homologation procedure for Twins cup). All motorcycles must comply in every respect with all the requirements for road racing as specified in these technical regulations.

Once a motorcycle has been homologated, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of **twenty (20)** years or until such time that the homologated motorcycle is disqualified by new rules or changes in the technical specifications of the corresponding class.

The appearance from the front, rear and the profile of the Twins Cup motorcycles must (except when otherwise stated) conform in principle to the homologated shape (as originally produced by the manufacturer). The appearance of the exhaust system is excluded from this rule.

2.8.1 Motorcycle specifications

All parts and systems not specifically mentioned in the following articles must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.

2.8.2 Engine configurations and displacement capacities

The following engine configurations comprise the Twins Cup class.

Over 600cc up to 750cc	4 stroke	2- cylinder water cooled
Over 600cc up to 800cc	4 stroke	2- cylinder air cooled

The displacement capacity bore and stroke must remain at the homologated size. Modifying the bore and stroke to reach class limits is not allowed. All machines must be normally aspirated.

2.8.3 Balancing various motorcycle concepts

In order to equalize the performance of motorcycles used in the Twins Cup Championship, a system of performance enhancements or restrictions can be developed (such as minimum weight, air restrictors or REV limits may be applied according to their respective racing performances). The decision to apply a balancing system to a motorcycle will be made by the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau based on decisions made by the Technical Director at any time deemed necessary to ensure fair competition.

2.8.4 Minimum weight

2.8.4.1 The minimum weight will be:

Over 600cc up to 800cc 135 kg (297.6 lbs.)

At any time during the event, the weight of the whole motorcycle (including the tank and its contents) must not be less than the minimum weight.

There is no tolerance on the minimum weight of the motorcycle.

During the final technical inspection at the end of each race, the selected motorcycles will be weighed in the condition they finished the race and the established weight limit must be met in this condition. Nothing may be added to the motorcycle. This includes all fluids.

During the practice and qualifying sessions, riders may be asked to submit their motorcycle to a weight control. In all cases, the rider must comply with this

request.

The use of ballast is allowed to stay over the minimum weight limit and may be required due to the handicap system. The use of ballast and weight handicap must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.

2.8.5 Numbers and number plates

The background colors and figures (numbers) for the Twins Cup are blue (pantone 281c) background with white numbers:

The sizes for all the front numbers are:	Minimum height:	140 mm
	Minimum width:	80 mm
	Minimum stroke:	25 mm
	Minimum space	
	between numbers:	10 mm
The since for all the side sound are seen	Minimum hainbh	100
The sizes for all the side numbers are:	Minimum neight:	120 mm
	Minimum width:	70 mm
	Minimum stroke:	20 mm
	Minimum space	
	between numbers:	10 mm

The allocated number (& plate) for the rider must be affixed on the motorcycle as follows:

- a. Once on the front, either in the center of the fairing or slightly off to one side. The number must be centered on the blue background with no advertising within 25 mm in all directions.
- b. Once, on each side of the motorcycle. The preferred location for the numbers on each side of the motorcycle is on the lower rear portion of the main fairing near the bottom. The number must be centered on the blue background. Any change to this position must be pre-approved a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race by the Technical Director.
- c. The numbers must use the fonts as detailed after Art 2. Any numbers not using these fonts must have the design of the numbers and the layout pre-approved by the Technical Director a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race. All digits must be of standard form.
- d. Any outlines must be of a contrasting color and the maximum width of the outline is three (3) mm. The background color must be clearly visible around all edges of the number (including outline). Reflective or mirror type numbers are not permitted.
- e. Numbers cannot overlap.

In case of a dispute concerning the legibility of numbers, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.

2.8.6 Fuel

- a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.
- b. Please refer to Article 2.10 for additional details

2.8.7 Tires

- a. The maximum number of tires, of any type, available to each rider during the event will be specified in Article 2.3.7.1.
- b. A maximum of six (6) tires per rider can be mounted at any time.
- c. For the race only, wet tires will not need to be marked with a tire sticker. They will not be considered in the total number of tires available for use; however, normal allocation limits still apply.

- d. During free practices, qualifying practices, warm up sessions and races, front and rear tires are required to be marked with tire stickers
- e. See article. 2.3.7

2.8.8 Engine

2.8.8.1 Fuel injection system

- **2.8.8.1.1** Fuel injection systems refer to throttle bodies, fuel injectors, variable length intake tract devices and fuel pumps.
 - a. The original homologated fuel injection system must be used without any modification with the following exceptions:
 - i. Air funnels may be modified.
 - ii. Throttle bores may be modified.
 - iii. Butterfly valves may be modified to fit increased throttle size but must include the same safety features as stock.
 - iv. Secondary throttle valves and shafts may be removed or fixed in the open position and the electronics may be disconnected or removed.
 - b. The fuel injectors must be stock and unaltered from the original specification and manufacture.
 - c. Variable intake tract devices cannot be added if they are not present on the homologated motorcycle and they must remain identical and operate in the same way as the homologated system. All parts of the variable intake tract device must remain exactly as homologated.
 - d. Air and air/fuel mixture must go to the combustion chamber exclusively through the throttle body butterflies.
 - e. Electronically controlled throttle valves, known as 'ride-by-wire', may be only used if the homologated model is equipped with the same system. Software may be modified but all the safety systems and procedures designed by the original manufacturer must be maintained.

2.8.8.2 Cylinder head

The cylinder head must be the originally fitted and a homologated part. The following modifications are allowed:

- a. Porting and polishing of the cylinder head normally associated with individual tuning such as gas flowing of the cylinder head, including the combustion chamber, is allowed. Welding is not allowed. No machining or modification is allowed in the cam box / valve mechanism area.
- b. The throttle body insulators may be modified.
- c. Modifications of the inlet and exhaust ports by taking off or adding material (welding is forbidden). Epoxy may be used to shape the ports.
- d. Surface grinding of the cylinder head surface on the head gasket side
- e. Original homologated valve guides may be replaced.
- f. Polishing of the combustion chamber is allowed.
- g. Original valve seats must be used, but modifications are allowed to the shape.
- h. Compression ratio is free, but the combustion chamber may be modified only by taking material off.
- i. It is forbidden to add any material to the cylinder head unless as described above.
- j. Rocker arms (if any) must remain as homologated.
- K. The valves may be replaced but the valve face must remain the same diameter as homologated.

- I. Valve springs may be changed but the number must remain as homologated.
- m. Valve spring retainers, collets and/or spring seats may be altered or replaced.
- n. The shim buckets / tappets must remain as homologated.

2.8.8.3 Camshaft

- a. Camshafts may be modified or replaced (see article 2.8.8.2 a).
- b. At the technical checks: for direct cam drive systems, the cam lobe lift is measured; for non-direct cam drive systems (i.e. with rocker arms), the valve lift is measured.

2.8.8.4 Cam sprockets or gears

- a. Cam sprockets may be slotted to allow the adjustment of cam timing.
- b. Pressed on cam sprockets may be replaced with an adjustable boss and cam sprocket.
- c. The cam chain must remain as homologated.
- d. Cam chain tensioner may be replaced.

2.8.8.5 Cylinders

- a. Cylinders may be bored to a maximum of 2mm over standard bore or up to a maximum total displacement of 700 cc, whichever is less. Machines with a standard displacement greater than 700cc must remain as homologated.
- b. Cylinder coatings must remain as homologated or replaced with a steel sleeve.

2.8.8.6 Pistons

a. May be modified or replaced

2.8.8.7 Piston rings

a. May be modified or replaced

2.8.8.8 Piston pins and clips

a. May be modified or replaced

2.8.8.9 Connecting rods

- a. Connecting rods may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The material must be the same type as the homologated item (e.g. steel, titanium, alloy) or steel.
- c. If the original homologated connecting rod is not fitted with a little end insert, then the replacement connecting rods may be fitted with an insert of any material.
- d. The center to center (little end to big end) length of the rod must be the same as the original homologated item.
- e. Connecting rod bolts are free.

2.8.8.10 Crankshaft

Only the following modifications are allowed to the originally fitted and homologated crankshaft:

- a. Bearing surfaces may be polished.
- b. Surface treatments may be applied to the crankshaft.
- c. Balancing is allowed but only by the same method as the homologated crankshaft. For example, heavy metal (e.g. Mallory metal inserts) is not permitted unless originally specified in the homologated crankshaft.
- d. The reduction in weight of the crankshaft can be no higher than 5% of the homologated weight without the tolerance as shown on the homologation drawing of the crankshaft.

- e. There is no limit to the addition of crankshaft weight.
- f. The balancing must be performed by the original method (e.g. drilling or machining) and in the same position (e.g. edge of counter weights).
- g. Polishing of the crankshaft is not allowed.
- h. The balance shaft must remain as homologated. No modifications are allowed.

2.8.8.11 Crankcase / Gearbox housing

- a. Crankcases must remain as homologated. No modifications are allowed (including painting, polishing and lightening).
- b. Bolt-on brackets and/or bracing may be added internally to the crankcase to increase strength, however welding on the crankcase and external bracing is not allowed.
- c. It is not allowed to add a pump used to create a vacuum in the crankcase. If a vacuum pump is installed on the homologated motorcycle then it may be used only as homologated.

2.8.8.11.1 Lateral covers and protection

- a. Lateral (side) covers may be altered, modified or replaced (excluding pump covers). If altered or modified, the cover must have at least the same resistance to impact as the original one. If replaced, the cover must be made in material of the same or higher specific weight and the total weight of the cover must not be less than the original one.
- b. Titanium bolts may be used to fasten lateral covers.
- c. Oil containing engine covers cannot be secured with aluminum bolts.
- d. All lateral covers/engine cases containing oil, and which could be in contact with the ground during a crash, must be protected by a second cover made from metal such as aluminum alloy, stainless steel, steel or titanium. Each side (left and right) of the engine must have at least one (1) protective cover installed on the farthest protruding engine cover containing oil. Composite covers are not permitted. FIM approved covers will be permitted without regard of the material or dimensions.
 - i. The secondary cover must cover a minimum of 1/3 of the original cover. It must not have sharp edges that could damage the track surface. Covers must be fixed properly and securely with a minimum of three (3) case cover screws that also mount the original covers/engine cases to the crankcases.
 - ii. Heavy duty engine case covers may be used in lieu of secondary case covers.
- e. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any cover not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.8.8.12 Transmission / Gearbox

- a. The stock transmission shafts and gear set only are permitted. Shimming is allowed.
- b. Undercutting and surface treatments are permitted.
- c. OEM shift drum detent stars may be modified or replaced.
- d. Quick-shift systems are allowed (including wire and potentiometer).
- e. The countershaft sprocket, rear wheel sprocket, chain pitch and size may be changed.
- f. The sprocket cover may be modified or eliminated.
- g. The chain guard may be removed.

2.8.8.13 Clutch

a. The clutch system (wet or dry type) and the method of operation (by cable or hydraulic) must remain as homologated.
- b. Friction and drive discs may be changed.
- c. Clutch springs may be changed.
- d. The original clutch assembly (including the clutch basket) may be modified or replaced by an aftermarket unit. The maximum retail price of the complete assembly is €1200. The clutch may include back torque limiting capabilities (slipper type).
- e. No power source (i.e. hydraulic or electric) can be used for gear selection if not installed in the homologated model for road use. Human power is excluded from the ban.

2.8.8.14 Oil pumps and oil lines

- a. The originally fitted and homologated oil pump may be modified but the oil pump housing, mounting points and oil feed points must remain as original.
- b. Oil lines may be modified or replaced. Oil lines containing positive pressure, if replaced, must be of braided reinforced construction with swaged or threaded connectors.

2.8.8.15 Cooling System

- a. The only liquid engine coolant permitted is water.
- b. Protective meshes may be added in front of the oil and/or water radiator(s).
- c. The cooling system hoses and catch tanks may be changed.
- d. The radiator fan and wiring may be removed. Thermal switches, water temperature sensors and thermostats may be removed inside the cooling system.
- e. The radiator may be changed with an aftermarket radiator or additional radiator.
- f. Oil coolers may be modified. Heat exchangers (oil/water) may be replaced with an oil cooler.
- g. Oil coolers must not be mounted on or above the rear fender.
- h. The radiator cap is free.

2.8.8.16 Air box

- a. The air box design is free but must be able to allow the engine to operate in all climatic conditions at all times (i.e. rain should not stall the engine).
- b. The air box drains must be sealed.
- c. Ram air tubes or ducts running from the fairing to the air box may be modified, replaced or removed.
- d. All motorcycles must have a closed breather system. All oil breather lines must be connected and discharge in the air box.
- e. Additional heat shielding is allowed (i.e. gold or silver heat tape).

2.8.8.17 Fuel supply

- a. Fuel pumps must remain as homologated.
- b. The fuel pressure regulator may be modified or replaced.
- c. Fuel lines from the fuel tank up to the injectors (fuel hoses, delivery pipe assembly, joints, clamps, fuel canister) may be replaced and must be located in such a way that they are protected from crash damage.
- d. Fuel petcocks may be altered, replaced or removed from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- e. Quick connectors or dry break connectors may be used.
- f. Fuel vent lines may be replaced.
- g. Fuel filters may be added.

2.8.8.18 Exhaust system

- Exhaust pipes, catalytic converters and silencers may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. Catalytic converters must be removed.
- b. The number of the final exhaust silencer(s) is free.
- c. For safety reasons, the exposed edge(s) of the exhaust pipe(s) outlet(s) must be rounded to avoid any sharp edges.
- d. Wrapping of exhaust systems is not allowed except in the area of the rider's foot or an area in contact with the fairing for protection from heat.
- e. The noise limit for the Twins Cup will be 107 dB/A (with a three (3) dB/A tolerance after the race only) except for where local rules prevail.

2.8.9 Electrics and electronics

2.8.9.1 Ignition / Engine Control System (ECU)

- a. The engine control system (ECU) may be modified or replaced with the following:
 - The original and homologated ECU with or without software changes and /or FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica approved external ignition/ injection module(s). Price limit €1500 (tax and OEM ECU price excluded but includes software, upgrades/ flashes)
 - ii. A MotoAmerica approved race ECU. For the race ECU to be approved the retail price including software, any activations and upgrades or necessary hardware (e.g. ignition driver and lambda modules) must be less than: €1500 excluding data logger or €2750 including data logger
 - iii. The maximum total price of other active/control/calculation units such as lambda driver modules, quick shifters, analogue to CAN, air bleed control, dash and ABS defeat modules and traction control units is €750. These devices must be approved by FIM/DWO/MotoAmerica.
- b. For the ignition and or injection module, or quick shifter to be approved, samples must be sent by the manufacturer of the device to the Technical Director with technical data and selling price.
- c. Optional equipment sold by the motorcycle manufacturer for the homologated model is considered not homologated with the bike and must follow the requirements for approved electronics/data loggers.
- d. During an event, the Technical Director has the right to ask a team to substitute their ECU or external module with the sample received from the manufacturer. The change must be done before Sunday warm up.
- e. No extra sensors may be added for control strategies except shift rod sensors, wheel speed sensors and lambda sensors.
- . Other additional electronic hardware equipment not on the original homologated motorcycle cannot be added with the exceptions noted below.
- . The characteristics of approved data logging systems must be the following:
 - i. The maximum retail price of the unit (hardware + software, excluding sensors and wiring harness) cannot exceed €3000 (tax excluded) if it is a standalone unit and €3750 (tax excluded) if combined with the ECU.
 - ii. The data logger unit must be available for sale to the public.
 - iii. A maximum of seven (7) simultaneously working sensors (connected to the additional data logger) may be added to the original sensors on the motorcycle.
 - iv. The sensors must be simple-function.
 - Approved data loggers with internal inertial platforms (IMU or gyros) may be used for data collection but may not be used for control strategy. Also see 2.6.9.1/i./vii.

- vi. Type of sensor is free.
- vii. Communication from the ECU to an approved data logger (logger can receive data only; no data transmission is allowed) is allowed without any limitation in CAN channel logger number.
- h. The addition of a device for infra-red (IR) transmission of a signal between the racing rider and his team, used exclusively for lap timing, is allowed and considered in the seven (7) sensors.
- i. The addition of a GPS unit for lap timing/scoring purposes is allowed and considered in the seven (7) sensors.
- j. Telemetry is not allowed.
- k. No remote or wireless connection to the bike for any data exchange or setting is allowed whilst the engine is running or the bike is moving.
- I. Harness:
- i. Wiring harness is free.
- m. The original speedometer and tachometer may be altered or replaced.
- n. Spark plugs may be replaced.
- o. The central unit (ECU) may be relocated.
- p. The battery is free.

2.8.9.2 Generator, alternator, electric starter

- a. The generator (ACG) must remain as homologated; no modifications are allowed.
- b. The flywheel may be modified or replaced.
- c. The ACG must generate sufficiently to maintain battery charge.
- d. The stator must be fitted in its original position and without offsetting.
- e. The electric starter must operate normally and always be able to start the engine during the event.

During parc fermé, the starter must crank the engine at a suitable speed for starting for a minimum of two (2) seconds without the use of a boost battery. No boost battery may be connected to the machine after the end of the session.

2.8.10 Main frame and pre-assembled spare frame

- a. During the entire duration of the event, each rider can only use one (1) complete motorcycle, as presented for technical control, with the frame clearly identified with a seal.
- b. In case the frame needs to be replaced, the rider or the team can request the use of a spare frame to the Technical Director.
- c. The pre-assembled spare frame must be presented to the Technical Director to receive the permission to rebuild the motorcycle. The pre-assembly of the frame shall be strictly limited to:
 - i. Main frame and swing-arm
 - ii. Bearings (steering pipe, swing arm, etc.)
 - iii. Rider controls (handle bars, rear sets, shift/brake linkage), front and rear mud guard.
 - iv. Rear suspension linkage and shock absorber
 - v. Upper and lower triple clamps, front forks, braking system and wheels.
 - vi. Wiring harness, ECU, dash associated electronics, throttles, airbox and associated cables.

- d. The spare frame will not be allowed in the pit box before the rider or the team has received authorization from the Technical Director.
- e. The motorcycle, once rebuilt, must be inspected before its use by the technical stewards for safety checks and a new seal will be placed on the motorcycle frame.
- f. No complete spare machine may be at the track. If found, penalties will be applied. For the remainder of the event the machine will be impounded and no part of that machine may be used for spare parts.
- See 2.5.10 for a complete explanation of procedures

2.8.10.1 Frame body and sub-frames

- a. The main frame must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for use on the homologated machine.
- b. Gussets or tubes may not be added or removed; other modifications are allowed within the following section of these rules. Brackets may be welded or bolted to the main frame for the purpose of constructing a detachable front or rear sub-frame or attaching fairings. These brackets may not be used to change the rigidity of the main frame. (See 2.8.10.1/ j)
- c. Holes may be drilled in the frame only to fix approved components (i.e. fairing brackets, steering damper mount).
- d. The engine must be mounted in the homologated position.
- e. Suspension linkage mounting points on the frame must remain as homologated.
- f. If the homologated machine has exchangeable bearing inserts/ bushes:
- i. The bushings/inserts are free to make the above adjustment and the homologated position is considered as the position in which the production motorcycle is supplied.
- g. If the homologated motorcycle has fixed bearing positions for the steering stem:
- i. Steering angle changes are permitted by fitting inserts onto the bearing seats of the original steering head. The original bearing seats may be modified (ovaled) or increased in diameter to insert special bushings. No part of these special bushings may protrude axially more than three (3) mm from the original steering head pipe location nor may the bearing be inset.
- All motorcycles must display a vehicle identification number punched on the frame body (a proper "legal VIN" which the Technical Director may choose to append). No detachable plates are permitted.
- i. No polishing or surface refinishing is allowed but the paint scheme is not restricted.
 - The front and rear sub frame may be changed, altered or removed. If the rear sub frame is integral to the main frame, additional seat brackets may be added and nonstressed protruding brackets may be removed if they do not affect the safety of the construction or assembly. Rear sub frames that are integral to the main frame may be removed and replaced with a detachable sub-frame. Titanium or composites may not be used for the construction of the subframe. Bolt-on accessories to the rear sub-frame may be removed. Also see 2.8.11/f.
- k. Approved sub-frames will be permitted without regard of the material.

2.8.10.2 Suspension - General

- a. Participants in the Twins Cup class must only use the approved and listed suspension units for that season.
- b. The approved products from the manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one (1) month before the first round of the Twins Cup season and remain available all season. The products must be available within six (6) weeks of a confirmed order.

- c. Setting parts and tuning parts must be provided by the suspension manufacturers to all customers/teams/participants using the manufacturer's products. These parts can be used by all participants during the season. These parts shall be available for immediate delivery to all teams/customers.
- d. Teams may not modify any part of the forks or shock absorber; all setting parts must be supplied by the suspension manufacturer and available to all teams/riders.
- e. The suspension manufacturers are allowed to offer service contracts when the team is using the approved and listed suspension products. The suspension manufacturers cannot demand a service contract for a customer or participant in order to obtain a suspension product.
- f. Electronically controlled suspension must be removed.

2.8.10.3 Front suspension

- a. The front fork in whole or part may be changed but must be the same type as the homologated (leading link, telescopic, etc.).
- b. Forks from the Twins Cup approved list, or from any other FIM homologated Supersport or Superstock 1000 machine, may be used.
- c. The upper and lower fork clamps (triple clamp, fork bridges) and stem may be changed or modified.
- d. A steering damper may be added or replaced with an after-market damper.
- e. The steering damper cannot act as a steering lock limiting device.

2.8.10.4 Swing-arm (rear fork)

- a. The rear fork must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The rear swing-arm pivot position may be modified by use of a modified pivot bolt (smaller or elongated) but the frame must remain as homologated. If the standard bike has inserts then the orientation/position of the original insert may be changed but the insert cannot be replaced or modified.
- c. Rear wheel stand brackets may be added to the rear fork by welding or by bolts. Brackets must have rounded edges (with a large radius). Fastening screws must be recessed. An anchorage system or point(s) to keep the original rear brake caliper in place may be added to the rear swing-arm.
- d. The rear axle chain adjuster may be modified or changed.

2.8.10.5 Rear suspension unit (shock)

- a. The rear suspension unit may be changed but a similar system must be used (i.e. dual or mono).
- b. The rear suspension linkage may be modified or replaced.
- c. The original fixing points on the frame (if any) must be used to mount the shock absorber, linkage and rod assembly fulcrum (pivot points).
- Removable top shock mounts may be replaced. If replaced, they must retain their homologated geometry.

2.8.10.6 Wheels

- a. Wheels may be replaced (see article 2.3.4) and associated parts may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. OEM wheels that do not meet the size requirements must be replaced.
- c. Aftermarket wheels must be made from aluminum alloys.
- d. The use of the following alloy materials for the wheels is not allowed: Beryllium (>=5%), Scandium (>=2%), Lithium (>=1%).

- e. Each specific racing wheel model must be approved and certified according to JASO (Japanese Automotive Standards Organization) T 203-85 where W (maximum design load) of art. 11.1.3 is 195 kg for the front wheel and 195 kg for the rear wheel; K = 1.5 for front and rear wheels. Static radius of tire: front 0.301 m, rear 0.331 m.
- f. Wheel manufacturers must provide a copy (or copies) of the certificate for their wheel(s) as proof of compliance to the Technical Director when requested.
- g. The homologated wheel and sprocket carrier assembly may be used with no modification, irrespective of material.
- h. The wheels may be overpainted, but the original finish cannot be removed.
- i. On motorcycles equipped with a double-sided swing arm (rear fork), the rear sprocket and brake rotor must remain on the rear wheel when the wheel is removed.
- Bearings, seals, and axles may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. The use of titanium and light alloys is forbidden for wheel spindles (axles).

		-
Wheel rim diameter size (front and rear):	17 inches	
Front wheel rim width:	3.50 inches	
Rear wheel rim width:	5.25-5.5 inches	

2.8.10.7 Brakes

- a. Participants in the Twins Cup season may use the following front brake parts:
 - i. The originally fitted and homologated front and rear master cylinder and calipers
 - ii. The front and rear master cylinder and calipers from an FIM homologated Supersport or Superstock 1000 machine
 - iii. The front and rear master cylinder and calipers from the Twins Cup approved list
 - iv. Any combination of the above
- b. The approved products from the manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one month before the first round of the MotoAmerica Twins Cup season and remain available all season. The products must be available within four (4) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. No parts can be added to the approved list during the current season. Performance related updates are not allowed. Any product changes due to manufacturing or material supply issues must be approved in advance.
- d. Front and rear brake calipers, as well as all the mounting points and mounting hardware (mount, carrier, hanger), must remain in the homologated position (see also article 2.8.10.4 c). When using brake systems from other homologated machines you may use the same mounting technique that the systems originated from. (i.e. rear brakes may be converted to underslung if the caliper was made for that purpose and vice versa)
- e. Brake pads or shoes may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- f. Brake hoses and brake couplings may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle. The split of the front brake lines for both front brake calipers must be made above the lower fork bridge (lower triple clamp).
- g. Only steel (max. carbon content 2.1 wt. %) is allowed for brake discs.
- h. The ABS system must be removed.

2.8.10.8 Handlebars and hand controls

- a. Handlebars may be replaced.
- b. Handlebars and hand controls may be relocated.
- c. Throttle controls must be self-closing when not held by the hand.
- d. Throttle assembly and associated cables may be modified or replaced but the connection to the throttle body and to the throttle controls must remain as on the homologated motorcycle.
- e. The clutch and brake lever may be replaced with an after-market model. An adjuster to the brake lever is allowed.
- f. Switches may be changed but the electric starter switch and engine stop switch must be located on the handlebars.
- g. Motorcycles must be equipped with a functional ignition kill switch or button mounted on the right-hand handlebar (within reach of the hand while on the hand grips) that is capable of stopping a running engine. The button or switch must be RED.

2.8.10.9 Foot rest and foot controls

- a. Foot rests, hangers/brackets and hardware may be replaced and relocated but the hangers/brackets must be mounted to their original frame mounting points.
- b. Foot controls, gear shift and rear brake must remain operated manually by foot.
- c. Foot rests may be rigidly mounted or a folding type which must incorporate a device to return them to the normal position.
- d. The end of the foot rest must have at least an eight (8) mm solid spherical radius.
- e. Non-folding footrests must have an end (plug) which is permanently fixed, made of aluminum, plastic, Teflon® or an equivalent type material (minimum radius 8 mm). The plug surface must be designed to reach the widest possible area. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any plug not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.8.10.10 Fuel Tank

- a. The fuel tank must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. All fuel tanks must be completely filled with fire retardant material (i.e. fuel tank foam).
- c. Fuel tanks with tank breather pipes must be fitted with non-return valves that discharge into a catch tank with a minimum volume of 250cc made of a suitable material.
- d. Fuel caps may be changed. Fuel caps, when closed, must be leak proof. Additionally, they must be securely locked to prevent accidental opening at any time.
- e. A rider spacer/pad may be fitted to the rear of the tank with non-permanent adhesive. It may be constructed of foam padding or composite material.

f. The tank may have a fitted cover.

g. The sides and rear of the fuel tank may be protected with a cover made of a composite material.

2.8.10.11 Fairing / Bodywork

- a. The fairing and body work may conform in principle to the homologated shape as originally produced by the manufacturer or replicate any full fairing type motorcycle within the following limits:
 - i. No wings or winglets
 - ii. No excessive aerodynamics that may interfere with the safe operation of the motorcycle

- b. The use of carbon fiber or Kevlar® materials is not allowed in fairing, fuel tank cover, seat, seat base and associated bodywork construction. Specific reinforcements in Kevlar® or carbon are allowed locally around holes and stressed areas.
- c. "Naked" or fairing-less is acceptable but must have a belly pan that conforms with 2.8.10.11 (e)(f).
- d. The windscreen may be replaced or added if not originally equipped.
- e. The original air ducts running between the fairing to the airbox may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- f. The lower fairing must be constructed to hold, in case of an engine breakdown, at least half of the total oil and engine coolant capacity used in the engine (min. 5 liters). The lower edge of openings in the fairing must be positioned at least 50 mm above the bottom of the fairing.
- g. The lower fairing must incorporate one hole of 25 mm in the bottom of the front lower area. This hole must remain closed in dry conditions and must be only opened in wet race conditions, as declared by the race director.
- h. The front fender design and material are free but no excessive aerodynamics that may interfere with the safe operation of the motorcycle. The decision will be made by the Technical Director and is final.
- i. The rear fender design and material are free, may be added or removed. No excessive aerodynamics that may interfere with the safe operation of the motorcycle. The decision will be made by the Technical Director and is final.

2.8.10.12 Seat

- a. The seat may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.
- b. The top portion of the rear body work around the seat may be modified to a solo seat.
- c. Holes may be drilled in the seat or rear cowl to allow additional cooling. Holes which are bigger than 10 mm must be covered with metal gauze or fine mesh. Mesh must be painted to match the surrounding material.
- d. Material of construction of the seat may be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle.

2.8.10.13 Rear safety light

All motorcycles must have a functioning red light mounted at the rear of the machine. This light must be switched on any time the motorcycle is on the track or being ridden in the pit lane and the session is declared WET. All lights must comply with the following:

- a. Lighting direction must be parallel to the machine center line (motorcycle running direction) and be clearly visible from the rear at least 15 degrees to both the left and right sides of the machine center line.
- b. The rear light must be mounted near the end of the seat/rear bodywork and approximately on the machine center line, in a position approved by the Technical Director. In case of dispute over the mounting position or visibility, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.
- Power output/luminosity equivalent to approximately: 10 15 (incandescent), 0.6 1.8 W (LED).
- d. The output must be continuous; no flashing safety light is allowed whilst on track. Flashing is allowed in the pit lane when the pit limiter is active.
- e. The safety light power supply may be separated from the motorcycle.

f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any light system not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.8.10.14 Fasteners

- a. Standard fasteners may be replaced with fasteners of any material and design.
- b. Aluminum fasteners may only be used in non-structural locations.
- c. Titanium fasteners may be used in structural locations but the strength and design must be equal to or exceed the strength of the standard fastener it is replacing. See article 2.8.10.6/j.
- d. Special steel fasteners may be used in structural locations but the strength and design must be equal to or exceed the strength of the standard fastener it is replacing.
- e. Fasteners may be drilled for safety wire, but intentional weight-saving modifications are not allowed.
- f. Threads repairs may be made using inserts of different material such as Helicoils and Timeserts.
- g. Fairing/bodywork fasteners may be changed to the quick disconnect type.

2.8.11 The following items MAY BE altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle

- a. Any type of lubrication, brake or suspension fluid may be used.
- b. Gaskets, seals and gasket materials
- c. Bearings (ball, roller, taper, plain, etc.) of any type or brand may be used.
- d. Instruments, instrument bracket(s) and associated cables
- e. Painted external surface finishes and decals
- f. Material for brackets connecting non-original parts (fairing, exhaust, instruments, etc.) to the frame (or engine) cannot be made from titanium or fiber reinforced composites except the exhaust silencer hanger that may be in carbon.
- g. Protective covers for the frame, chain and footrests may be made in other materials, like fiber composite material, if these parts do not replace original parts mounted on the homologated model.

2.8.12 The following items MAY BE removed

- a. Instrument, instrument bracket and associated cables
- b. Tachometer
- c. Speedometer and associated wheel spacers
- d. Chain guard

2.8.13 The following items MUST BE removed

- a. Headlamp, rear lamp and turn signal indicators (when not incorporated in the fairing). Openings must be covered by suitable materials.
- b. Rear-view mirrors
- c. Horn
- d. License plate bracket
- e. Tool box
- f. Helmet hooks and luggage carrier hooks
- g. Passenger foot rests
- h. Passenger grab rails

i. Safety bars, center and side stand brackets welded to the main frame may be removed.

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2.9 MOTOAMERICA JUNIOR CUP TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The following rules are intended to permit limited changes to the homologated motorcycle in the interests of safety and improved competition between various motorcycle concepts.

EVERYTHING THAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED AND PRESCRIBED IN THIS RULEBOOK IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN

If a change to a part or system is not specifically allowed in any of the following articles, then it is forbidden

Junior Cup motorcycles require an FIM homologation (see Appendix FIM homologation procedure for Superstock, Supersport and Superbike motorcycles). All motorcycles must comply in every respect with all the requirements for road racing as specified in these technical regulations, unless they are already equipped as such on the homologated model. FIM homologated machines must also enter into a participation agreement with MotoAmerica to be eligible for the class.

Once a motorcycle has been homologated, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of 8 years (see homologation art 1.4.4), or until such time that the homologated motorcycle is disqualified by new rules or changes in the technical specifications of the corresponding class.

The appearance from the front, rear and the profile of Junior Cup motorcycles must (except when otherwise stated) conform to the homologated shape (as originally produced by the manufacturer). The appearance of the exhaust system is excluded from this rule.

2.9.1 Motorcycle specifications

All parts and systems not specifically mentioned in the following articles must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.

2.9.2 Eligible machines

The class will be based around the machines sold in Europe as A2 class machines and excluding the A1 class machines. The MotoAmerica/FIM Commission has the right to decide which machines will be eligible in the class.

For 2020 the following will be legal (this list can be amended at any time by the MotoAmerica Commission):

Honda CBR500R

- Kawasaki Ninja 300
- Kawasaki Ninja 400
- KTM RC390
- KTM RC390 R
- Yamaha YZF-R3 (Euro 3)
- Yamaha YZF-R3A (Euro 4)
- Yamaha YZF-R3 2020 (Euro 3 and 4)

2.9.3 Balancing various motorcycle concepts

The MotoAmerica/FIM Commission reserve the right to apply balancing to the machines in the class as they see fit in order to maintain equality amongst machines. Methods may include but are not limited to the following:

- rev limit
- weight limit changes
- restrictor plates/throttle stops

• approved parts (see approved parts list including restrictors at: http://www.motoamericaregistration.com/competitor-info/) The decision to apply the handicap will be taken by the MotoAmerica/FIM Commission at any time deemed necessary to ensure fair competition. Balancing parts and modifications will be documented in the approved parts list published on www.motoamericaregistration.com and supersede all following regulations.

2.9.4 Minimum weight

The minimum weight for each model is as follows:

	Bike Weight		Combined Minimum
Brand	Hard Minimum	Soft Maximum	Bike and Rider Weight*
CBR500R	147 kg	160 kg	210
KTM RC 390 R	133 kg	146 kg	202
Ninja 300	133 kg	146 kg	200
Ninja 400	137 kg	150 kg	210
YZF-R3 (All)	137 kg	150 kg	204

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a. Combined weight is the weight of the rider (in full racing equipment) and bike, as used on track.

b. IF the bike has achieved or exceeded the 'Soft Maximum Weight' then the combined minimum weight does not need to be reached. The bike alone may never at any time be below the 'Hard Minimum Weight'. This limits the maximum amount of ballast that can be added to the machines.

At any time of the event, the weight of the whole motorcycle (including the tank and its contents) must not be lower than the minimum weight.

There is no tolerance on the minimum weight of the motorcycle.

During the final technical inspection at the end of the race, the selected motorcycles and riders will be weighed in the condition they finished the race, and the established weight limit must be met in this condition. Nothing may be added to the motorcycle. This includes all fluids.

During the practice and qualifying sessions, riders may be asked to submit their motorcycle to a weight control. In all cases the rider must comply with this request.

The use of ballast is allowed to stay over the minimum weight limit and may be required due to the handicap system. The use of ballast and weight handicap must be declared to the Technical Director at the preliminary checks.

2.9.5 Numbers and number plates

Numbers must be easily legible, in a clear simple font and contrast strongly with the background color. Backgrounds must be yellow (pantone yellow c).

The sizes for all the front numbers are:	Minimum height:	140 mm	
	Minimum width:	80 mm	
	Minimum stroke:	25 mm	The
	Minimum space		THE
	between numbers:	10 mm	
The sizes for all the side numbers are:	Minimum height:	120 mm	
	Minimum width:	70 mm	
	Minimum stroke:	20 mm	
	Minimum space		
	between numbers:	10 mm	

allocated number (& plate) for the rider must be affixed on the motorcycle as follows:

a. Once on the front, either in the center of the fairing or slightly off to one side. The number must be centered on the yellow background with no advertising within 25mm in all directions.

- b. Once, on each side of the motorcycle. The preferred location for the numbers on each side of the motorcycle is on the lower rear portion of the main fairing near the bottom. The number must be centered on the yellow background. Any change to this must be pre-approved a minimum of two (2) weeks before the first race by the MotoAmerica Technical Director.
- c. The numbers must use the fonts as detailed after Art 2. Any numbers not using these fonts must have the design of the numbers and the layout pre-approved by the MotoAmerica Technical Director a minimum of two(2) weeks before the first race. All digits must be of standard form.
- d. Any outlines must be of a contrasting color and the maximum width of the outline is three (3) mm. The background color must be clearly visible around all edges of the number (including outline). Reflective or mirror type numbers are not permitted.
- e. Numbers cannot overlap.

In case of a dispute concerning the legibility of numbers, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.

2.9.6 Fuel

- a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.
- b. Please refer to Article 2.10 for additional details.

2.9.7 Tires

- a. The maximum number of tires, of any type, available to each rider during the event will be specified in Article: 2.3.7.1
- b. For the Junior Cup race only, wet tires will not need to be marked with a tire sticker. They will not be considered in the total number of tires available for use, however normal allocation limits still apply.
- c. During free practices, qualifying practices, Superpole for Superbike, warm up session and races, front and rear tires are required to be marked with tire stickers
- d. See article. 2.3.7

2.9.8 Engine

Machines may be randomly chosen for dyno testing.

2.9.8.1 Fuel injection system

- **2.9.8.1.1** Fuel injection systems refer to throttle bodies, fuel injectors, variable length intake tract devices, fuel pumps and fuel pressure regulators.
 - a. The original homologated fuel injection system must be used without any modification.
 - b. The fuel injectors must be stock and unaltered from the original specification and manufacture.
 - c. Air funnels must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
 - d. Butterfly valves cannot be changed or modified.
 - e. Secondary throttle valves may be removed or fixed in the open position and the electronics may be disconnected or removed. Secondary throttle shafts must remain in place.
 - f. Variable intake tract devices cannot be added if they are not present on the homologated motorcycle and they must remain identical and operate in the same way as the homologated system. All the parts of the variable intake tract device must remain exactly as homologated.
 - g. Air and air/fuel mixture must go to the combustion chamber exclusively through the throttle bodies.

 Electronically controlled throttle valves, known as 'ride-by-wire', may only be used if the homologated model is equipped with the same system.

2.9.8.2 Cylinder head

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The exhaust air bleed system must be blocked and the external fittings on the cam cover(s) may be replaced by plates.
- c. Valve spring shims maybe changed freely.
- Head and base gasket see approved parts list for allowed head gaskets (per manufacturer).
- A restrictor may be required to be fitted between the cylinder head and inlet manifold. It will be a flat plate. No blending or filling will be allowed with sealant or otherwise. See approved parts list: http://www.motoamericaregistration.com/competitor-info/
- f. The minimum squish clearance (per machine) will be listed in the approved parts list available at http://www.motoamericaregistration.com/competitor-info/

2.9.8.3 Camshaft

- a. The camshaft(s) must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. At the technical checks: for direct cam drive systems, the cam lobe lift is measured; for non-direct cam drive systems (i.e. with rocker arms), the valve lift is measured.

2.9.8.4 Cam sprockets or gears

- a. Cam gears may be slotted or replaced with an adjustable part. Cam sprockets must be on the approved parts list.
- b. The cam chain must remain as homologated.
- c. Cam chain tensioning devices must remain as homologated.

2.9.8.5 Cylinders

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.6 Pistons

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.7 Piston rings

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. All piston rings must be fitted.

2.9.8.8 Piston pins and clips

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.9 Connecting rods

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.10 Crankshaft

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.11 Crankcase / Gearbox housing

a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

2.9.8.11.1 Lateral covers and protection

a. Lateral (side) covers may be altered, modified or replaced. If altered or modified, the cover must have at least the same resistance to impact as the original one. If

replaced, the cover must be made in material of the same or higher specific weight and the total weight of the cover must not be less than the original one.

- b. Oil containing engine covers must be secured with steel bolts.
- c. All lateral covers/engine cases containing oil, and which could be in contact with the ground during a crash, must be protected by a second cover made from metal such as aluminum alloy, stainless steel, steel or titanium. Each side (left and right) of the engine must have at least one (1) protective cover installed on the farthest protruding engine cover containing oil. Composite covers are not permitted. FIM approved covers will be permitted without regard of the material or dimensions.
 - i. The secondary cover must cover a minimum of 1/3 of the original cover. It must not have sharp edges that could damage the track surface. Covers must be fixed properly and securely with a minimum of three (3) case cover screws that also mount the original covers/engine cases to the crankcases.
 - ii. Heavy duty engine case covers may be used in lieu of secondary case covers.
- d. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any cover not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.9.8.12 Transmission / Gearbox

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed except:
 - i. Shimming is allowed.
 - ii. Undercutting and surface treatments are permitted.
 - iii. Shift star and detent may be replaced but must function as originally designed.
- b. Downshift auto-blipping is not allowed.
- c. The countershaft sprocket, rear wheel sprocket, chain pitch and size may be changed.
- d. The sprocket cover may be modified or eliminated.
- e. The chain guard as long as it is not incorporated in the rear fender may be removed.

2.9.8.13 Clutch

- a. The clutch system (wet or dry type) and the method of operation (by cable or hydraulic) must remain as homologated.
- b. Friction and drive discs may be changed.
- c. Clutch springs may be changed.
- d. The clutch basket (outer) must be the originally fitted and homologated part but may be reinforced.
- e. The original clutch assembly may be modified or replaced by an aftermarket clutch, also may include back torque limiting capabilities (slipper type).

2.9.8.14 Oil pumps, oil lines and water pump

- a. The oil pump and oil lines must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- b. The water pump must be the originally fitted and homologated part.

2.9.8.15 Radiator / Oil cooler

- a. The only liquid engine coolant permitted is water.
- b. Protective meshes may be added in front of the oil and/or water radiator(s).
- c. The cooling system hoses and catch tanks may be changed.
- d. Radiator fans and wiring may be removed. Thermal switches, water temperature sensors and thermostats may be removed inside the cooling system.

- e. The radiator cap is free.
- f. An additional water radiator may be fitted but the appearance of the front, the rear and the profile of the motorcycle must not be changed. Extra mounting brackets to accommodate the additional radiator is permitted.

2.9.8.16 Air box

- a. The air box must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The air filter element may be modified or replaced but not eliminated and must be mounted in the original position.
- c. The air box drains must be sealed.
- d. All motorcycles must have a closed breather system. All the oil breather lines must be connected (may pass through an oil catch tank) and exclusively discharge in the air box.
- e. No heat protection may be attached to the air box.

2.9.8.17 Fuel supply

- a. The fuel pump and fuel pressure regulator must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed
- b. The fuel pressure must be as homologated.
- c. Fuel lines from the fuel tank up to the delivery pipe assembly (delivery pipe excluded) may be replaced and must be located in such a way that they are protected from crash damage.
- d. Quick connectors or dry break connectors may be used.
- e. Fuel vent lines may be replaced.
- f. Fuel filters may be added.

2.9.8.18 Exhaust system

- a. Exhaust pipes and silencers may be modified or changed. Catalytic converters must be removed.
- b. The number of the final exhaust silencer(s) is free.
- c. For safety reasons, the exposed edges of the exhausts pipe(s) outlet must be rounded to avoid any sharp edges.
- d. Wrapping of exhaust systems is not allowed except in the area of the rider's foot or an area in contact with the fairing for protection from heat.
- e. The noise limit for the Junior Cup will be 110 dB/A (with a three (3) dB/A tolerance after the race only).
- The test RPM will be as follows:

Machine:	Test rpm
Honda CBR500R	5,000rpm
Kawasaki Ninja 300 / 400	6,500rpm
Yamaha YZF-R3	7,500rpm
KTM RC390	5,500rpm

2.9.9 Electrics and electronics

- 2.9.9.1 Ignition / Engine Control System (ECU)
 - a. The engine control system (ECU) must be either:
 - i. The Supersport 300 Control Electronics System or a MotoAmerica approved electronics system.² See Art. 2.9.9.2.

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- ii. The original system (with homologated ECU and software or MotoAmerica approved software) with a MotoAmerica/DWO approved external fuel injection module and data logger added. See Art 2.9.9.3
- b. The maximum rpm for each machine is as follows (start of 2020):

Machine:	Max rpm
Honda CBR500R	10,000 rpm
Kawasaki Ninja 300 (EX300ADF)	13,000 rpm
Kawasaki Ninja 400	10,350 rpm
KTM RC390	11,000 rpm
KTM RC390 R	11,000 rpm
Yamaha YZF-R3	13,000 rpm

2.9.9.2 Supersport 300 Control Electronics System

- a. The ECU/Dashboard/Harness must be the Supersport 300 approved Control Electronic System. The sole official supplier of the Control Electronics System is Solo Engineering. www.soloengineering.com, <u>sales@solengineering.com</u> as documented in the approved parts list.
- b. The software and firmware used must be from the list of legal software/firmware versions published at www.fim-live.com.
- c. Optional equipment sold by the motorcycle Manufacturer for the homologated model is considered not homologated with the bike and must follow the requirements for approved electronics/data loggers.
- d. At any time during an event the Technical Director has the right to make a team substitute their ECU with an FIM sample.
- e. Sensors may not be replaced, modified or substituted unless noted and the allowed OEM ECU sensors/channels are:
 - 1. Throttle position sensor(s)
 - 2. Map sensor, map sync (pressure sensor on the intake port used to synchronize the engine during the start)
 - 3. Airbox pressure
 - 4. Engine pick-ups (cam, crank)
 - 5. Twist grip position
 - 6. Front speed (from ABS sensor)
 - 7. Rear speed (from ABS sensor)
 - 8. Gearbox output shaft speed
 - 9. Gear position
 - 10. Barometric air pressure
 - 11. Water temperature
 - 12. Air temperature
 - 13. Oil pressure switch
 - 14. Tip-over switch (Internal to ECU)

The following may be added:

- 1. Gear shift load cell/switch (signal to ECU only)
- 2. Lambda sensor (Bosch LSU4.9)
- 3. Left- and Right-Hand switches (may be replaced from kit)
- 4. Fork position (teams' choice)

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- 5. Shock position (teams' choice)
- 6. Front brake pressure sensor (teams' choice)
- 7. Transponder/lap time signal
- 8. GPS receiver unit
- f. No external modules may be fitted (except as part of a quickshifter where it may only provide a signal to the approved ECU and only be connected to the battery and the quick shift connector on the approved harness.
- g. The data logger must be:
 - i. From the DWO/FIM approved Supersport 300 approved logger list.
 - ii. The firmware/software of any data logging units must be an FIM/DWO approved version.
 - iii. A copy of the software and documentation must be submitted by the manufacturer to the Technical Director before it can be approved for use.
 - iv. An external logger may only connect to the 'CAN' connections in the harness. These supply CAN and 12v Power.
 - v. A GPS receiver/aerial may be connected to an external logging device.
 - vi. No other connections can be made to the data logger
 - vii. Free analysis software must be available.
- h. Plug cap must remain as homologated.
- i. Spark plugs may be replaced.
- j. Battery is free.

2.9.9.3 Original Electronics System

- a. The engine control system (ECU) must be either:
 - i. The original system as homologated, with no change of software or with a manufacturer approved software.
 - ii. The original system (with the homologated ECU and software or MotoAmerica approved software) (option i) with an FIM/DWO approved external fuel injection module added.
 - iii. During an event FIM/DWO will exchange ECU's with samples held by FIM/DWO. The exchange will take place on the grid or in a holding area before the pit lane opens. The team will have the option to use the same ECU in the morning warm up and it will be impounded between warm up and the race. Also see point g.
- b. The software and the firmware must be supplied and approved by the machine's manufacturer or a MotoAmerica approved supplier. The Technical Director must be supplied with the software/firmware and it must be added to the approved parts list before it may be used.
- c. The manufacturer or approved supplier must provide MotoAmerica with the tools/software to perform software checks.
- d. Throughout the season the manufacturer may update the software and the updates must be made available simultaneously to all users of the system with no charge, updating by a team is not compulsory.
- e. Central unit (ECU) may be relocated.
- f. Optional equipment sold by the motorcycle manufacturer for the homologated model is considered not homologated with the bike and must follow the requirements for approved electronics/data loggers.

- g. At any time during an event the Technical Director has the right to make a team substitute their ECU or external module with the MotoAmerica sample.
- h. Sensors may not be replaced, modified or substituted unless noted and the allowed OEM ECU sensors/channels are:
 - 1. Throttle position (multiple allowed)
 - 2. Map sensor, Map Sync (pressure sensor on the intake port used to synchronize the engine during the start)
 - 3. Airbox pressure
 - 4. Engine pick-ups (Cam, crank)
 - 5. Twist grip position
 - 6. Rear speed only (from ABS sensor)
 - 7. Gearbox output shaft speed
 - 8. Gear position
 - 9. Air pressure
 - 10. Water temperature
 - 11. Air temperature
 - 12. Tip-over Switch (No lean angle)
 - 13. Gear shift load cell/switch (Championship approved part see Art 2.9.9.3/k.)
 - Lambda sensor (may be OEM or a replacement sensor see Art. 2.9.9.3/j. It may be connected to the original harness/ECU or to the FIM/DWO approved lambda control module).
- i. No extra sensors may be added for control strategies except the shift rod sensor of the FIM/DWO approved rev-limiter/quickshifter.
- j. The FIM/DWO approved external fuel injection modules may not alter any sensor signal relating to the ride by wire system or control/actuate any part of the machine excepting the fuel injectors. No fuel module may add traction control strategies. The modules may only connect to the fuel injectors, lambda sensor, power supply and "piggyback the Throttle Position, Gear and RPM signals". Lambda closed loop/auto tuning is permitted. ONLY FIM/DWO approved auto tuning units may be used.
- k. A compulsory FIM/DWO rev limiter/quick shift unit must be fitted, it is the team's discretion whether to use the quick shift function. This must always remain fitted and active. It must only be installed as detailed in the supplied instructions.
 - The FIM/DWO quick shift unit is €500 + taxes + delivery.
- m. Contact: <u>barry@tawperformance.com</u>See bulletin 08-2018 for the latest contact_ information.
 - Machine: Part Number
 - Honda CBR500R HMGP-HO1016
 - Kawasaki Ninja 300 (EX300A/D/F) HMGP-KA1016
 - Kawasaki Ninja 400 (EX400) HMGP-KA1712
 - Yamaha YZF-R3 HMGP-YA1016
 - KTM RC390 No ABS HMGP-KT1016A
 - KTM RC390 ABS HMGP-KT1016B
 - KTM RC390R 2017 (Euro 4) HMGP-KT1712

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- HM Quickshifter wheel speed kits may be fitted as noted on the FIM approved parts list.
- n. It is the team's responsibility to inform the Technical Director or his appointed staff if they believe that the rev limiter is not acting correctly.
- o. The following strategies are NOT allowed:
 - i. Traction control (including anti-spin/rate of change of rpm)
 - ii. Launch Control
 - iii. Anti-Wheelie
 - iv. Closed loop Engine Brake Control
 - v. Corner by Corner/Distance based adjustments
 - vi. Rider adjusted trims
- p. Other additional electronic hardware equipment not on the original homologated motorcycle cannot be added with the exceptions noted below.
- q. Resistors/load may be added to replace the parts of the electrical system that have been removed (including lights and lambda sensors), to prevent ECU errors.
- r. The characteristics of DWO/FIM approved Supersport 300 complete data logging systems must be the following:
 - i. Must be from the DWO/FIM approved Supersport 300 logging Kit list. The firmware/software of any data logging units must be an FIM/DWO approved version. A copy of the software and documentation must be submitted to the Technical Director before it can be used.
 - Maximum retail price of the complete kit (hardware, software, sensors and wiring harness) cannot exceed €1500 Euro (VAT excluded). The sum price of the components individually cannot exceed €1650 (VAT excluded)
 - iii. If any sensors are supplied as options, then the total price including ALL options must respect 2.9.9.3/r/ii).
 - The Data Logger system must be available for sale to the public. The datalogging system supplier must apply to the FIM for approval before January 31st.
 - v. The system may only include following sensors:
 - 1. Fork position
 - 2. Shock position
 - 3. Front brake pressure switch (not pressure sensor)
 - 4. Transponder/Lap time signal
 - 5. GPS Unit (Lap timing and track position)
 - 6. Rear wheel speed (if not fitted to OEM machine)
 - vi. The system may only log the following channels (by connecting to or "piggybacking" in the case of the original sensors unless noted otherwise):
 - 1. Fork position
 - 2. Shock position
 - 3. Front brake pressure switch (not pressure sensor)
 - 4. Lap time
 - 5. Rear wheel speed (allowed from K-Line)
 - 6. Engine RPM (allowed from K-Line)
 - 7. Throttle Position (allowed from K-Line)

- 8. Water temperature (allowed from K-Line)
- 9. Transponder/Lap time signal
- 10. GPS Position/time/speed
- s. Telemetry is not allowed.
- t. No remote or wireless connection to the bike for any data exchange or setting is allowed whilst the engine is running, or the bike is moving.
- u. Harness:
 - i. The key/ignition lock may be relocated, replaced or removed.
 - ii. Cutting and removal of excess and unused wiring in the original wiring harness is allowed. All connectors must remain as originally fitted. No wires may be added.
 - iii. DWO/FIM approved manufacturer Kit Harness is allowed.
- v. Data logger Harness:
 - i. The Data Logger wire harness cannot connect any sensors other than those specified. The harness may connect to or "piggyback" the OEM sensors that it is allowed to log. The only function of the approved data logging wiring harness is to connect the specified sensors to the Data Logger, to transmit the data and supply the power. It CANNOT be connected to the motorcycles CAN bus but may be connected to the K-line only to receive signals noted in 2.9.9.3/r/vi).
- w. To be approved samples of external modules with their tuning tools must be sent by the Manufacturers to the Technical Director at least 3 weeks before the beginning of the Championship, with technical data and selling price. The manufacturer must provide MotoAmerica with the tools to control the module.
- x. Dashboard is free however it may only replace the functions of the standard dashboard (including switch logic and display) and may not perform any other logic function on the bike. It may incorporate the datalogger then it is part of the logging system and the "Supersport 300 datalogging kit" price limit will be applied to the whole system not just to the logging option/upgrade in the dashboard, (the complete unit price will be considered). The dashboard may only display those channels noted in 2.9.9.3/r). There must remain a working tachometer display.
- y. A lap timer may be fitted.
- z. Plug cap must remain as homologated.
- aa. Spark plugs may be replaced.
- bb. Battery is free.

2.9.9.4 Generator, alternator, electric starter

- a. Must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The stator must be fitted in its original position and without offsetting.
- c. The electric starter must operate normally and always be able to start the engine during the event.
- d. During parc fermé the starter must crank the engine at a suitable speed for starting for a minimum of two (2) seconds without the use a boost battery. No boost battery may be connected to the machine after the end of the session.

2.9.10 Main Frame

- a. During the entire duration of the event, each rider can only use one (1) complete motorcycle, as presented for technical control, with the frame clearly identified with a seal.
- b. In case the frame needs to be replaced, the rider or the team can request the use of a spare frame to the Technical Director.

- c. The pre-assembled spare frame must be presented to the Technical Director to receive the permission to rebuild the motorcycle. The pre-assembly of the frame shall be strictly limited to:
 - i. Main frame and swing-arm

- ii. Bearings (steering pipe, swing arm, etc.)
- iii. Rider controls (handle barshandlebars, rear sets, shift/brake linkage), front and rear mud guard.
- iv. Rear suspension linkage and shock absorber
- v. Upper and lower triple clamps, front forks, braking system and wheels.
- vi. Wiring harness, ECU, dash associated electronics, throttles, airbox and associated cables.
- d. The spare frame will not be allowed in the pit box before the rider or the team has received authorization from the Technical Director.
- e. The motorcycle, once rebuilt, must be inspected before its use by the technical stewards for safety checks and a new seal will be placed on the motorcycle frame.
- f. No complete spare machine may be at the track. If found penalties will be applied. For the remainder of the event the machine will be impounded, and no part of that machine may be used for spare parts.

For a full explanation of the procedures see article 2.5.10

2.9.10.1 Frame body and rear sub frame

- a. The frame must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. Holes may be drilled in the frame only to fix approved components (i.e. fairing brackets, steering damper mount, sensors).
- c. The sides of the frame-body may be covered by a protective part made of a composite material. These protectors must fit the form of the frame.
- d. Crash protectors may be fitted to the frame using existing points (max. length: 50 mm) or pressed into the ends of the wheel axles (max. length: 30 mm). Without exception, the wheel axles cannot be modified.
- e. The side stand bracket may be cut or removed.
- f. Nothing else may be added or removed from the frame body.
- g. All motorcycles must display a vehicle identification number punched on the frame body (chassis number).
- h. Engine mounting brackets or plates must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle.
- . The front sub frame / fairing mount may be changed or altered.
- j. The rear sub frame may be changed or altered, <u>(if equipped as indicated in section 2.3.1b)</u>-but the type of material must remain as homologated or be material of a higher specific weight.
 - Additional seat brackets may be added. Non-stressed protruding brackets of the subframe (if equipped as indicated in section 2.3.1b) may be removed if they do not affect the safety of the construction or assembly. Bolt-on accessories to the rear sub-frame may be removed.
- k. The paint scheme is not restricted but polishing the frame body or sub frame is not allowed

2.9.10.2 Suspension - General

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- a. Participants in the Junior Cup class must only use the approved and listed suspension units for that season. The price limits are:
 - Forks: For the fork kit, including all parts such as but not limited to cartridge, springs (1 set), adjusters, fork caps, blanking inserts, seals, bushes but excepting oil and fitting the price limit is €700 excluding tax.
 - ii. Shock Absorber/RCU: For the complete shock absorber / RCU including but not limited to spring (1 of), the price limit is €850 excluding tax. The pre-load adjuster is free and excluded from the price limit.
- b. The approved products from the suspension manufacturers must be available to all participants at least one (1) month before the first round of the MotoAmerica season, and remain available all season. The products must be available within six (6) weeks of a confirmed order.
- c. Setting parts and tuning parts must be provided by the suspension manufacturers to all customers/ teams/ participants using the manufacturer's products. These parts can be used by all participants during the season. These parts shall be available for immediate delivery to all teams/customers.
- d. Teams may not modify any part of the forks or shock absorber; all setting parts must be supplied by the suspension manufacturer and available to all teams/riders.
- e. The suspension manufacturers are allowed to offer service contracts when the team is using the approved and listed suspension products. The suspension manufacturers cannot demand a service contract for a customer or participant in order to obtain a suspension product.
- f. Electronically-controlled suspension must be removed.
- g. Electronic controlled steering damper cannot be used if not installed in the homologated model for road use. However, it must be completely standard (any mechanical or electronic part must remain as homologated).

2.9.10.3 Front forks

- a. Forks (stanchions, stem, wheel spindle, upper and lower crown, etc.) must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with the following modifications allowed:
- b. The upper and lower fork clamps (triple clamp, fork bridges) must remain as originally produced by the manufacturer on the homologated motorcycle.
- c. The steering stem pivot position must remain in the homologated position (as supplied on the production bike). If the standard bike has inserts, then the orientation/position of the original insert may be changed but the insert cannot be replaced or modified.
- d. A steering damper may be added or replaced with an after-market damper.
- e. The steering damper cannot act as a steering lock limiting device.
- f. Fork caps may only be modified or replaced to allow external adjustment.
- g. Dust seals may be modified, changed or removed if the fork remains totally oilsealed
- h. Original internal parts of the homologated forks may be modified or changed. Only approved after-market damper kits or valves may be installed. The original surface finish of the fork tubes (stanchions, fork pipes) may be changed.

2.9.10.4 Swing-arm (rear fork)

- a. The rear fork must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. The rear fork pivot bolt must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.

- c. The rear swing-arm pivot position must remain in the homologated position (as supplied on the production bike). If the standard bike has inserts then the orientation/position of the original insert may be changed but the insert cannot be replaced or modified.
- d. A chain guard must be fitted in such a way as to reduce the possibility that any part of the riders' body may become trapped between the lower chain run and the rear wheel sprocket.
- e. Rear wheel stand brackets may be added to the rear fork by welding or by bolts. Brackets must have rounded edges (with a large radius). Fastening screws must be recessed. An anchorage system or point(s) to keep the original rear brake caliper in place may be added to the rear swing-arm.
- f. The sides of the swing-arm may be protected by a thin vinyl cover only: no composite or structural covers are allowed.

2.9.10.5 Rear suspension unit (shock)

- a. The rear suspension unit (shock) may be modified or replaced, but the original attachments to the frame and swing arm or linkage must be as homologated.
- b. All the rear suspension linkage parts must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- c. Removable top shock mounts must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed. A nut may be made captive on the top shock mount and shim spacers may be fitted behind it to adjust ride height.
- d. Rear suspension unit and spring may be changed.

2.9.10.6 Wheels

a. Wheels must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.

b. The wheels may be overpainted, but the original finish cannot be removed.

- c. If the original design includes a cushion drive for the rear wheel, it must remain as originally produced for the homologated motorcycle.
- d. Wheel axles must remain as homologated, wheel spacers may be modified or replaced.

2.9.10.7 Brakes

- a. Brake discs may be replaced by aftermarket discs which comply with the following requirements:
 - i. Brake discs must retain the same material as the homologated disc or be steel (max. carbon content 2.1 wt.%).
 - ii. Non-floating or single piece discs may be replaced with floating discs. The disc carrier must be the same material as the homologated carrier, steel or aluminum.
 - iii. The outside and inner diameters of the brake disc must not be larger than the homologated disc.
 - iv. The fixing of the carrier on the wheel must remain the same as on the homologated disc.
 - v. The thickness of the brake disc may be increased but the disc must fit into the homologated brake caliper without any modification. The number of floaters is free.
- b. The front and rear brake calipers (mount, carrier, hanger) must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.

- c. In order to reduce the transfer of heat to the hydraulic fluid it is permitted to add metallic shims to the calipers, between the pads and the calipers, and/or to replace light alloy pistons with steel pistons made by the same manufacturer of the caliper.
- d. The rear brake caliper bracket may be mounted fixed on the swing-arm, but the bracket must maintain the same mounting (fixing) points for the caliper as used on the homologated motorcycle.
- e. The swing-arm may be modified for this reason to aid the location of the rear brake caliper bracket, by welding, drilling or by using Helicoils.
- f. The front and rear master cylinders must be the originally fitted and homologated parts with no modification allowed.
- g. Front and rear brake fluid reservoirs may be changed.
- h. Front and rear hydraulic brake lines may be changed.
- i. The split of the front brake lines for both front brake calipers must be made above the lower fork bridge (lower triple clamp).
- j. "Quick" (or "dry-break") connectors in the brake lines are not allowed.
- k. Front and rear brake pads may be changed. Brake pad locking pins may be modified for quick change type.
- I. Additional air scoops or ducts are not allowed.
- m. If equipped the anti-lock brake system (ABS) must be removed. The ABS units electronic board may remain fitted to stop ECU errors.

2.9.10.8 Handlebars and hand controls

- a. Handlebars may be replaced (except for the brake master cylinder).
- b. Handlebars and hand controls may be relocated.
- c. Throttle controls must be self-closing when not held by the hand.
- d. The throttle assembly and associated cables may be modified or replaced but the connection to the throttle body and to the throttle controls must remain as on the homologated motorcycle. Cable operated throttles (grip assembly) must be equipped with both an opening and a closing cable including when actuating a remote drive by wire grip/demand sensor.
- e. Clutch and brake lever may be replaced with an after-market model. An adjuster to the brake lever is allowed.
- f. Switches may be changed but the electric starter switch and engine stop switch must be located on the handlebars.
- g. Motorcycles must be equipped with a functional ignition kill switch or button mounted on the right-hand handlebar (within reach of the hand while on the hand grips) that is capable of stopping a running engine. The button or switch must be RED.

2.9.10.9 Foot rest / Foot controls

- a. Foot rests, hangers/brackets and hardware may be replaced and relocated but the hangers/brackets must be mounted to their original frame mounting points.
- b. Foot controls; gear shift and rear brake must remain operated manually by foot.
- c. Foot rests may be rigidly mounted or a folding type which must incorporate a device to return them to the normal position.
- d. The end of the foot rest must have at least an eight (8) mm solid spherical radius. (see diagram A & C).
- e. Non-folding footrests must have an end (plug) which is permanently fixed, made of aluminum, plastic, Teflon® or an equivalent type material (minimum radius 8mm).

The plug surface must be designed to reach the widest possible area. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any plug not satisfying this safety aim.

2.9.10.10 Fuel tank

- a. The fuel tank must be the originally fitted and homologated part with no modification allowed.
- b. All fuel tanks must be completely filled with fire retardant material (open-celled mesh, i.e. Explosafe□).
- c. Fuel tanks with tank breather pipes must be fitted with non-return valves that discharge into a catch tank with a minimum volume of 250cc made of a suitable material.
- d. Fuel caps may be changed. Fuel caps when closed must be leak proof. Additionally, they must be securely locked to prevent accidental opening at any time.
- e. A rider spacer/pad may be fitted to the rear of the tank with non-permanent adhesive. It may be constructed of foam padding or composite material.
- f. The tank may not have a full cover fitted over it unless the homologated machine also features a full cover.
- g. The sides and rear of the fuel tank may be protected with a cover made vinyl or a composite material. These covers must follow the shape of the fuel tank exactly.
- h. Fuel tank cannot have heat reflective sheet attached to its bottom surface.

2.9.10.11 Fairing / Bodywork

- a. The fairing and bodywork may be replaced with exact cosmetic duplicates of the original parts but must appear to be as originally produced by the manufacturer for the homologated motorcycle, with slight differences due to the racing use (different pieces mix, fixing points, fairing bottom, etc.). The material may be changed. The use of carbon fiber or carbon composite materials is not allowed. Specific reinforcements in Kevlar® or carbon are allowed locally around holes and stressed areas. Headlights must be included even when considered external.
- b. For all bodywork paint and decal design is free.
- c. Overall size and dimensions must be the same as the original part, with a tolerance of ± 5 mm, respecting the design and features of the homologated fairing as far as possible. The overall width of the frontal area may be +5 mm maximum. The decision of the Technical Director is final.
- d. The wind screen may be replaced.
- e. Fairing brackets may be altered or replaced.
- f. The ram-air intake must maintain the originally homologated shape and dimensions.
- g. The original air ducts running between the fairing and the air box may be altered or replaced. Carbon fiber composites and other exotic materials are forbidden. Particle grilles or "wire-meshes" originally installed in the openings for the air ducts may be removed.
- h. The lower fairing must be constructed to hold, in case of an engine breakdown, a minimum of four (4) liters. The lower edge of all the openings in the fairing must be positioned at least 70 mm above the bottom of the fairing.
- The upper edge of the rear transverse wall of the lower fairing must be at least 70 mm above the bottom. The angle between this wall and the floor must be ≤ 90°.
- j. Original openings for cooling in the lateral fairing/bodywork sections may be partially closed only to accommodate sponsors' logos/lettering. Such modification shall be made using wire mesh or perforated plates. The material is free but the distance between all opening centers, circle centers and their diameters must be constant. Holes or perforations must have an open area ratio > 60%.

- k. Motorcycles may be equipped with a radiator shroud (inner ducts) to improve the air stream towards the radiator but the appearance of the front, the rear and the profile of the motorcycle must not be changed.
- I. The lower fairing must incorporate a single opening of Ø 25 mm diameter in the front lower area. This hole must remain sealed in dry conditions and must be opened only in wet race conditions as declared by the race director.
- m. The front fender may be replaced with a cosmetic duplicate of the original parts and may be spaced upward for increased tire clearance.
- n. The rear fender fixed on the swing arm may be modified, changed or removed

2.9.10.12 Seat

- a. The seat, seat base and associated bodywork may be replaced
- b. The appearance from the front, rear and profile must conform to the homologated shape
- c. The top portion of the rear bodywork around the seat may be modified to a solo seat.
- d. The homologated seat locking system (with plates, pins, rubber pads etc.) may be removed.
- e. The same material as the fairing must be used (article 2.9.10.11.a)
- f. All exposed edges must be rounded.

2.9.10.13 Rear safety light

All motorcycles must have a functioning red light mounted at the rear of the machine. This light must be switched on any time the motorcycle is on the track or being ridden in the pit lane and the session is declared WET. All lights must comply with the following:

- a. Lighting direction must be parallel to the machine center line (motorcycle running direction) and be clearly visible from the rear at least 15 degrees to both the left and right sides of the machine center line.
- b. The rear light must be mounted near the end of the seat/rear bodywork, and approximately on the machine center line, in a position approved by the Technical Director. In case of dispute over the mounting position or visibility, the decision of the Technical Director will be final.
- c. Power output/luminosity equivalent to approximately: 10-15 (incandescent), 0.6 1.8 W (LED).
- d. The output must be continuous; no flashing safety light is allowed whilst on track. Flashing is allowed in the pit lane when the pit limiter is active.
- e. The safety light power supply may be separated from the motorcycle.
- f. The Technical Director has the right to refuse any light system not satisfying this safety purpose.

2.9.10.14 Fasteners

- a. Standard fasteners may be replaced with fasteners of any material and design but titanium fasteners cannot be used. The strength and design must be equal to or exceed the strength of the standard fastener.
- b. Fasteners may be drilled for safety wire, but intentional weight-reduction modifications are not allowed.
- c. Thread repair may be made using inserts of different material such as Helicoils and Timeserts.
- d. Fairing / bodywork fasteners may be replaced with the quick disconnect type.
- e. Aluminum fasteners may only be used in non-structural locations.

2.9.11 The following items MAY be altered or replaced from those fitted to the homologated motorcycle

- a. Any type of lubrication, brake or suspension fluid may be used.
- b. Gaskets, seals and gasket materials.
- c. All bearings (ball, roller, taper, plain, etc.) must be the exact OEM bearing replacement in regard to size shape and material.

b.____

c.d.Painted external surface finishes and decals.

- d.e. Material for brackets connecting non-original parts (fairing, exhaust, instruments, etc.) to the frame (or engine) cannot be made from titanium or fiber reinforced composites except the exhaust silencer hanger that may be in carbon.
- e.<u>f.</u> Protective covers for the frame, chain and footrests may be made in other materials like fiber composite material if these parts do not replace original parts mounted on the homologated model.

2.9.12 The following items MAY BE removed

- a. Emission control items (anti-pollution) in or around the air box and engine (O2 sensors, air injection devices).
- b. Bolt-on accessories on a rear sub-frame or rear portion of the frame.

2.9.13 The following items MUST BE removed

- a. Headlamp, rear lamp and turn signal indicators (when not incorporated in the fairing). Openings must be covered by suitable materials.
- b. Rear-view mirrors
- c. Horn
- d. License plate bracket
- e. Toolkit
- f. The following if not welded to the frame:
 - i. Helmet hooks and luggage carrier hooks
 - ii. Passenger foot rests
 - iii. Passenger grab rails
- g. Safety bars, center and side stands must be removed (fixed brackets must remain excepting side stand bracket).

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2.10 FUEL, OIL AND COOLANTS

2.10.1 Fuel

- a. The designated fuel is VP Racing Fuels MGP.
- b. No other additives or fuels are permitted for use.

2.10.1.2 Fuel technical details

a. Fuel physical properties are:

Color	Yellow
Specific Gravity	0.753 @ 60F/ 15.6C
MON	88
RON	101
R+M/2	94.5
RVP	7.98psi/55kpa
Oxygen Content	2.56% by weight
Oxygenated	Yes
Oxidation Stability (MIN)	1440+
Distillation	37.1% evap @ 158F/70C
	47.2% evap @ 212F/100C
	FBP @ 310.5F/157.3C
H:C Ratio	1.89
O:C Ratio	0.01
Stoichiometric Ratio	14.38

2.10.3 Air

a. Only ambient air may be mixed with the fuel as an oxidant.

2.10.4 Primary tests

- **2.10.4.1** The AMA/FIMNA may require tests of fuels to be administered before, or at the time of delivery to, an event at which such fuels are to be used.
- 2.10.4.2 The fuel company supplying fuel to participating teams must submit ten (10) liters (2 x 5 L) to the laboratory appointed by the AMA/FIMNA for analysis in accordance with the specification. Provided that the fuel is within the specification, a certificate containing a test report number will be issued to the fuel company. The contact for fuel analysis is: technicaldirector@motoamerica.com

2.10.5 Fuel sampling and testing

- a. The Technical Director has the sole responsibility for the administration and supervision during the taking of fuel samples.
- b. The preferred fuel test method is gas chromatography or the GC fingerprint method.

Gas chromatography (GC) is an analytical technique for separating compounds based primarily on their volatility and polarity. Gas chromatography provides both qualitative and quantitative information for individual compounds present in a sample. Gas chromatography is widely used for the analysis of fuels.

The GC fingerprint is a comparison between the given reference and the fuel drawn from the competitor. With the fingerprint method, any changes in composition and concentration of the fuel against the reference is detected. The separation is done with a non-polar column suitable for fuel analysis. The detection of the components is done with a flame ionization detector.

c. If other test methods are required, fuel samples will be transported to the appointed laboratory by an official courier, using the appropriate containers.

- Riders selected for fuel controls will be directed with their motorcycles to the inspection area.
- e. Only new sample bottles will be used for the fuel samples
- f. The fuel to be tested will be transferred into three (3) bottles (3 small sample containers), marked A, B and C, and identified by reference to the motorcycle from which the sample was taken. The bottles will be closed, sealed and labelled by the Technical Director and/or the fuel analysts.
- g. The fuel sample declaration form will be filled out immediately, containing all information as shown on the sample sheet including the rider's name and race number, date and location of fuel sampling. A responsible team member will sign this declaration after verifying that all the information is correct.
- h. Samples A and B will be given to the appointed laboratory staff present at the event for analysis or be sent to the respective laboratory by the organizer if no trackside laboratory is available. Sample B will be kept by the laboratory staff as a retained sample in case of a dispute. All samples will be accompanied by a copy of the fuel sample declaration form. Costs for the analyses of samples A and B will be paid by MotoAmerica.
- i. Sample C will be handed over to the AMA/FIMNA for safeguarding in case of protests and/or requirement of a counter-expertise by the AMA/FIMNA appointed laboratory, accompanied by a copy of the fuel sample declaration form. Costs for the analysis of sample C will be paid by the team concerned.
- j. As soon as possible after receipt of the samples and completing the testing, the fuel analyst/AMA/FIMNA appointed laboratory will report the results of the fuel sample analyses directly to the Technical Director.
- k. In the case of non-conformity, the Technical Director must notify the results to the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau, Race Direction and the rider/team representative concerned. Failure of the sample to correspond to the controlled fuel will result in the disqualification of the competitor. The result of the competitor's fuel sample analysis ("A" or "B" sample) more favorable to the competitor will be taken into account.
- Within 48 hours of the receipt of the notification of the results of the test of sample A and/or B, the team must notify the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau and the Technical Director if a counter-expertise is required (or not required) for sample C.
- m. The Race Direction will take a decision at the Superbike, Supersport, Junior Cup, Twins Cup and Stock 1000 event immediately following the notification of the results of the final expertise. Any appeal against the decision of the Race Direction will be heard by the FIMNA stewards appointed for the Superbike, Supersport, Junior Cup, Twins Cup and Stock 1000 event at which the Race Direction decision is taken. The decision will take place after the C sample has been analyzed.

2.10.6 Fuel storage

- a. Fuel must only be stored in metal, sealable containers in the competitors' pit.
- b. Firefighting equipment, protective devices and staff must conform to the requirements imposed by the local authorities and by-laws.
- c. The organizer must have fire extinguishers of a size and type approved by the local by-laws, available to each competitor in the pit area.

2.10.7 Coolants

a. The only liquid engine coolants permitted other than lubricating oil is water.

FOR LAB ANALYSIS	//	
RIDER #:		Sample Can "A"
	Can Label #	Can Seal #
SESSION		Comple Con "D"
3E33101N.	Can Label #	Cap Seal #
		Can Sear #
RIDER NAME:		Sample Can "C"
	Can Label #	Can Seal #
TEAM:		
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2.11 PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND HELMETS

- **2.11.1** Riders must wear a complete leather suit with additional leather padding or other protection on the principal contact points (knees, elbows, musters, hips etc.).
- **2.11.2** Linings or undergarments must not be made of a synthetic material which might melt and cause damage to the riders' skin.
- **2.11.3** Riders must also wear leather gloves and boots, with which the leather suit provides complete coverage from the neck down.
- **2.11.4** Leather substitute materials may be used, providing they have been checked by the Technical Director.
- 2.11.5 Use of a back protector is highly recommended.
- **2.11.6** Riders must wear a helmet which is in good condition, provides a good fit and is properly fastened.
- **2.11.7** Helmets must be of the full-face type (integral) and conform to one of the recognized international standards:
 - Europe ECE 22-05 'P'
 - Japan JIS T 8133:
 - USA SNELL M2015, M2020D and M2020R
 - FIM FRHP (Circuit Racing Certification)
- **2.11.8** All helmets used by season riders in competition must be equipped with either a manufacture installed emergency cheek pad removal system or an Eject emergency helmet removal system. Single event riders will be granted a one race exemption from this requirement, however, on their second event weekend the device will be required if the helmet manufacture does not have an incorporated emergency cheek pad removal device. If used, riders will be responsible for ensuring that the Eject device is properly installed and operable during all on-track activities. The inflation tube must exit at the left chin bar. Riders must attach the provided Eject logo installed on the helmet's left chin bar. Helmets with a manufacture installed emergency cheek pad removal system must have either manufacture labeling on both chin bars or labeling provided MotoAmerica.
- **2.11.9** Helmets are to provide protection and are not a platform to attach foreign objects. No foreign objects including cameras are permitted to be attached to the rider's helmet.
- **2.11.10** Visors must be made of a shatterproof material.
- 2.11.11 Disposable "tear-offs" are permitted.
- **2.11.12** The riders clothing must include their name, emergency contact, and blood type adhered to the left-side lining adjacent to the main zipper.
- **2.11.13** Any question concerning the suitability or condition of the riders clothing and/or helmet shall be decided by the Technical Director, who may, if he so wishes, consult with the manufacturers of the product before making a final decision.

2.12 PROCEDURES FOR TECHNICAL CONTROL

A rider is at all times responsible for his motorcycle.

2.12.1 At each circuit, the technical checking area consisting of the *parc fermé* and the inspection area must be clearly defined:

a. "Parc fermé"

- i. The parc fermé is a restricted access area sealed with fences or other physical divisions with one or more gates.
- ii. The gates and the area are under the control of marshals when the parc fermé is in use (e.g. after practice/qualifying/race).
- iii. The parc fermé area must be sufficiently large to give shelter to all participating motorcycles.
- b. The only persons allowed to enter the parc fermé are the:
 - i. MotoAmerica Technical Director and technical staff
 - ii. Race Direction members
 - iii. FIMNA stewards
 - iv. Tire manufacturer's staff
 - v. Riders and team managers of motorcycles staying in the parc fermé
 - vi. Up to two (2) team mechanics until dismissed by the technical stewards
- c. No other persons have the right to enter and stay in the parc fermé unless invited by the Technical Director.

2.12.1.1 Inspection area

The inspection area is a sensitive area where motorcycles are disassembled and inspected and technical meetings are held. Therefore, the inspection area is highly restricted.

- a. The following persons are allowed to remain in the inspection area:
 - i. The MotoAmerica Technical Director and technical staff
 - ii. The Race Direction members
 - iii. The FIMNA stewards
 - iv. The rider, team managers or their representatives of the inspected motorcycles.
 - v. For disassembling operations, up to two (2) mechanics per motorcycle may be present.
- b. Any other persons may enter or stay in the inspection area at the sole discretion of the Technical Director. In the case of an engine inspection, the inspected entrant has the right to request a reserved area where other entrants cannot watch closely.
- c. In the inspection areas under the control of the technical stewards and the supervision of the MotoAmerica Technical Director, suitable equipment will be installed to conduct the various tests for example:
 - Equipment for measuring the noise of the motorcycle
 - ii. Weighing scales with check weights for calibration purposes
 - iii. Instruments for measuring engine capacity
 - iv. Rulers and degree discs and gauges for measuring other dimensions
- **2.12.2** The technical control procedure will be carried out in accordance with the schedule set out in these regulations. The technical stewards must be available throughout the event to check motorcycles and equipment as required by the Technical Director.
- **2.12.3** Presentation of a motorcycle will be deemed as an implicit statement of conformity with the technical regulations. A rider's presence at the technical control is not mandatory.

- 2.12.4 The motorcycle will be inspected under the name of the rider.
- **2.12.5** For each motorcycle, the Technical Stewards will prepare a digital or paper technical control card on to which will be recorded, amongst other information, the team presenting the motorcycle and the rider.
- **2.12.6** The technical stewards must inspect the motorcycle for obvious safety omissions and the Technical Director may, at his discretion, choose to check the motorcycles for technical compliance with all other aspects of these regulations.
- **2.12.7** The Technical Director will refuse any motorcycle that does not have an operational transponder and team radio (listen only).
- **2.12.8** At the conclusion of the check, the technical stewards will place a sticker on the motorcycle indicating that it has passed the safety checks.
- 2.12.9 The Technical Manager will prepare a report on the results of technical checks which will be submitted to the event management committee via the Technical Director.
- **2.12.10** The technical stewards must re-inspect any motorcycle that has been involved in an accident. This would normally be carried out at the inspection area.
- **2.12.11** The technical stewards must be available, based on instructions from the Technical Director, to re-inspect any motorcycle for technical compliance during the meeting or after the race and to supervise inspection of a motorcycle following a protest on a technical matter.
- **2.12.12** At the end of the qualifying, qualifying practices, superpole and races, the Technical Director will ensure that all classified motorcycles are placed in the parc fermé for a period of at least 30 minutes from the end of the session (unless held longer at the discretion of the Technical Director).
 - a. Competitors must ride directly into parc fermé from hot pit if they took the checkered flag in any qualifying session or race.
 - b. If the machine is in hot pit when the session ended, work to the machine must be stopped (including data download) and the machine must be taken to parc fermé immediately.
 - c. If at any time a motorcycle leaves the hot pit during qualifying it must go directly to Parc Ferme or all times previous to the departure from the hot pit will be disallowed.
 - d. If a rider leaves hot pit during a qualifying session and returns the track and subsequently follows the above procedure his times after the return the track are allowed.

Competitors must retrieve their motorcycles within approximately 30 minutes after the session results have been made official, except for those motorcycles chosen for disassembly. After this time limit the parc fermé officials will no longer be responsible for the motorcycles left behind.

- **2.12.13** The Technical Director may require a team to provide such parts or samples as he may deem necessary.
- 2.12.14 If a motorcycle is involved in an accident the Technical Director or his appointed staff must check the motorcycle to ensure that no defect of a serious nature has occurred. However, it is the responsibility of the rider or the team to present his motorcycle for this re-examination together with helmet and clothing.

If the helmet is clearly defective, the Technical Director must arrange to retain this helmet. The medical director must send this helmet, together with the accident and medical report (and pictures and video, if available) to the AMA/ FIMNA and/or the federation of the rider.

- **2.12.15** Noise may be checked at any time of the event by request of the Technical Director. On request of rider, team or mechanic, noise of their own motorcycles can be checked at any time during the event.
- **2.12.16** The random weight check during practices will be held with minimum disturbance to the riders.

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The Technical Director has the final authority in case of a dispute on the conformity of the parts in question and for their acceptance.

2.12.17 The parc fermé session may be reduced to 15 minutes and/or be held in hot pit if time constraints deem it necessary. A shortened parc fermé session will be referred to as quick parc fermé. The decision will be made by the Technical Director and posted before the start of the session. In the case that quick parc fermé is imposed the time limit for protests will also be modified (see art. 3.4.2)

2.13 VERIFICATION GUIDELINES FOR TECHNICAL STEWARDS

2.13.1 Verification for the classes

- a. Make sure all necessary measures and administrative equipment are in place at least one (1) hour before the technical control is due to open.
- b. Decide who is doing what and note decisions. "Efficiency" must always be the watchword. Always keep a positive environment and remember the reasons for technical controls: SAFETY AND FAIRNESS.

- c. Be well informed. Make sure MotoAmerica has supplied you with all technical "updates" that may have been issued subsequent to the printing of the technical regulations. Copies of all homologation documents must be in your possession.
- d. Inspection must take place under cover with a large enough area.
- e. Weighing apparatus must be accurate and practical. The scale must be certified in the current year.
- f. Rules regarding noise level and measurement must be respected.
- g. The scales and noise meter will be available to the teams or riders for pre-race checking in the technical control area.

2.13.1.1 In general

- a. The motorcycles will not be required for weight and/or noise check at the pre-race technical inspection.
- b. Noise test must take place in a clear area adjacent to the technical control at least five (5) meters from any possible noise reflecting obstruction.
- c. The riders and teams must be aware that the weight and noise may be checked at random during practice or qualifying in the pit-lane, at the end of Superpole and at the end of each race.
- i. Claiming that the noise and weight were not officially controlled before the race will not be grounds for appeal. Conformity of the rules is the responsibility of the rider and the team (or of the participants).
- d. The Technical Director reserves the right to spot check the weight and noise of any motorcycles on pit row during any timed session. This can occur at any time during a free practice and in the first two-thirds (2/3) of any qualifying session. This will be carried out with the least possible inconvenience to the rider or the team.
- Motorcycles arriving later than the first free practice must be controlled in the technical control area.
- f. At the conclusion of the inspections, the results will be recorded electronically indicating that the motorcycle has passed or failed the inspection
- g. The Technical Director must re-inspect any motorcycle that has been involved in an accident.
- The technical stewards must be available, based on instructions from the Technical Director or the technical manager, to re-inspect any motorcycle for compliance during the meeting.

2.13.1.2 Dry Superpole

- a. Each motorcycle that participated in Superpole may be checked.
- b. The minimum checks are weight and noise.
- c. The Technical Director may request other checks.

2.13.1.3 Superbike Race 1

- a. The first five (5) motorcycles plus one (1) at random from six through fifteen (6-15) can be checked for the following compliance points:
 - i. Weight: The weight will be checked in the condition that the motorcycle has finished the race. No elements can be added to the motorcycle: this includes fuel, oil, water and tires.
 - ii. Noise
 - iii. Throttle bodies / injection: Homologation points
 - iv. Tire, fuel, air box and electric starter: Compliance
- b. The Technical Director may request other checks.

2.13.1.4 Superbike Race 2

- a. The first ten (10) motorcycles plus one (1) at random from eleven through fifteen (11-15) can be checked for the following compliance points:
 - i. Weight: The weight will be checked in the condition that the motorcycle has finished the race. No elements can be added to the motorcycle: includes fuel, oil, water and tires.
 - ii. Noise
 - iii. Throttle bodies/injection: measurement and inspection of both inlet and outlet tract. (homologation points)
 - iv. Tire, fuel, air box and electric starter: compliance
 - v. Engine: Any engine, chosen at random, can be checked internally for capacity and compliance with the regulations.
- b. The random choice can be determined by the finishing positions selected prior to the race by the Technical Director. The Technical Director may at his absolute discretion require the control of any additional motorcycle and other checks.
- c. The Technical Director may require a team to provide parts or samples, as he may deem necessary to confirm compliance with the rules.
- d. The Technical Director may request other checks.

2.13.1.5 Supersport 600/ Stock 1000/ Twins Cup /Junior Cup qualifying and races

- a. The first ten (10) motorcycles plus one (1) at random from eleven through fifteen (11-15) can be checked for the following compliance points:
 - i. Weight: the weight will be checked in the condition that the motorcycle has finished the qualifying or race. No elements can be added to the motorcycle: this includes fuel, oil, water and tires.
 - ii. Noise
 - iii. Throttle bodies/injection: measurement and inspection of both inlet and outlet tract.
 - iv. Engine: one (1) engine and up to a maximum of five (5) engines, chosen at random, can be checked internally for capacity, cams, valve size, timing, etc.
 - v. Tire, fuel, air box and electric starter: compliance
- b. The random choice can be determined by the finishing positions selected prior to the race by the Technical Director. The Technical Director may at his absolute discretion require the control of any additional motorcycle and other checks.

2.13.2 Timetable

The technical stewards must be present and available during the opening hours of the technical control area. The Technical Director and the technical manager will instruct the technical stewards to verify motorcycles for compliance with technical and safety rules.

See event specific timetable for final instructions.

2.13.3 Equipment list

- Revolution meter
- Sound meter and calibrator
- Slide caliper

- Depth gauge
- Steel measuring tape
- Seals
- Weighing apparatus (scales) with calibration weights
- Tools for measuring engine capacity
- Tools for measuring valve lift
- Weighing apparatus for investigation of valve weights
- Color for marking parts
- Magnet for materials testing
- Computer with homologation documents

2.13.4 Documents list

- Regulations of the CURRENT year.
- Homologation documents
- Homologation information
- Technical control forms
- Writing materials

2.14 SOUND LEVEL CONTROL

Sound limits in force:

The maximum sound level shall be measured at a mean piston speed of 11 m/sec. The fixed RPM specified in article 2.14.5 may be used.

- **2.14.1** Sound level shall be measured with the microphone placed at 50 cm from the exhaust pipe at an angle of 45° measured from the center-line of the exhaust end and at the height of the exhaust pipe, but at least 20 cm above the ground. If this is not possible, the measurement can be taken at 45° upwards.
- **2.14.2** During a sound test, motorcycles not equipped with a gear-box neutral must be placed on a stand.
- **2.14.3** The silencers will be marked when they are checked and it is not allowed to change them after the verification, except for any spare silencer which has also been checked and marked.

2.14.4 The rider shall keep his engine running out of gear and shall increase the engine speed until it reaches the specified revolutions per minute (RPM). Measurements must be taken when the specified RPM is reached.

2.14.5 Noise control

a. Due to the similarity of the piston stroke in different engine configurations within the capacity classes, the noise test will be conducted at a fixed RPM. For reference only, the mean piston speed at which the noise test is conducted is calculated at 11 m/sec.

	2 cylinders	3 cylinders	4 cylinders
600cc	5,500 RPM	6,500 RPM	7,000 RPM
750cc	5,500 RPM	6,000 RPM	7,000 RPM
over 750cc	5,000 RPM	5,000 RPM	5,500 RPM

- b. The maximum sound level for engines with more than one (1) cylinder will be measured on each exhaust end.
- c. A motorcycle which does not comply with the maximum sound limits may be presented several times at pre-race control.
- d. The surrounding sound must not exceed 90 dB/A within a five (5) meter radius from the power source during tests.
- e. Apparatus for noise control must be to international standard IEC 651, type 1.
- f. The sound level meter must be equipped with a calibrator for control and adjustment of the meter during periods of use.
- g. The "slow response" setting must always be used.

2.14.6 Sound control after the competition

- a. In a competition which requires a final examination of motorcycles before the results are announced, this examination must include a sound control measurement of at least the first three (3) motorcycles listed in the final classification.
- b. At this final test, there will be a three (3) dB/A tolerance.

2.14.7 Noise control during a competition

a. In a competition which requires noise control tests during the event, motorcycles must comply with the noise limits without tolerance.

2.14.8 Guidelines for use of sound meters

- a. The technical stewards must arrive in sufficient time for discussions with the Technical Director and other technical stewards in order to agree upon a suitable test site and testing policy.
- Sound level measuring equipment must include a compatible calibrator, which must be used immediately before testing begins and always just prior to a re-test if a disciplinary sanction may be imposed.
- c. Two (2) sets of equipment must be available in case of failure of tachometer, sound level meter or calibrator during technical control.
- d. Tests may take place in rain or excessively damp conditions. Motorcycles considered excessively noisy must be individually tested if conditions allow.
- e. In other than moderate wind, motorcycles must face forward in the wind direction. (Mechanical noise will blow forward, away from the microphone).
- f. The 'slow' meter response must be used.
- g. 'A' weighted setting on the sound level meter must be used.

h. No rounding down of the meter reading is permitted, that is: 110.9 dB/A = 110.9 dB/A.

2.14.9 Corrections

a. Type 1 meter: deduct one (1) dB/A

2.14.10 Precision of the method (tolerances)

- a. All corrections are accumulative.
- b. Action and decisions will depend on the sporting discipline concerned, and decisions taken during prior discussions with the Technical Director.

2.15 APPROVED NUMBER FONTS

Futura Heavy 0123456789 Futura Heavy Italicy 0123456789 Univers Bold 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Univers Bold Italic 0123456789 Oliver Med. 0 | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Oliver Med. Italic 0123456789

Franklin Gothic 0123456789

Franklin Gothic Italic 0123456789

2.16 HOMOLOGATION

MotoAmerica homologation procedures will follow the requirements of the FIM homologation rules for Superbike, Superstock, Supersport and Junior Cup. <u>There may</u> be exceptions to the FIM homologation rules which are listed under the motorcycle specification requirements for each class.

- **2.16.1** MotoAmerica Twins Cup homologation procedures will follow the requirements of MotoAmerica.
- **2.16.2** For the complete homologation rule go to:

http://www.fim-live.com/en/library/download/164934/no_cache/1/

2.16.3 Period of homologation

- a. Once a motorcycle has obtained the homologation, it may be used for racing in the corresponding class for a maximum period of:
 - i. Superbike and Superstock 1000: 8 years
 - ii. Supersport 600 and Junior Cup: 8 years
 - iii. Twins Cup: 20 years*
 - iv. or until such time that the homologated motorcycle no longer complies with the technical rules.
- b. A homologation will be granted only if the fee has been paid.
- c. The Manufacturer of the homologated model can request an extension of a homologation before the end of the 8-year homologation period. The FIM may grant a 2-year extension of the homologation period. All Homologation documents must be updated to the latest standard but no fee will be charged for a homologation extension.

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DISCIPLINARY AND ARBITRATION CODE

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3.0 DISCIPLINARY AND ARBITRATION CODE

3.1 PRINCIPLES

The obligations incumbent upon the participants, officials and organizers are set out in these Regulations. Violations or non-observance of these obligations will be subject to the penalties laid down in this chapter.

3.2 PENALTIES

The penalties are:

- warnings
- fines
- penalty points
- drop of position
- ride through
- time penalties
- grid penalty
- disqualification
- points loss (withdrawal of Championship points)
- suspension
- exclusion

3.2.1 Definition and application of penalties

ĺ	Warnings:	Can be made privately or publicly.
-	Penalty points:	May be imposed by Race Direction on a rider in any number from 1 to 10, points are cumulative and expire after a period of 365 days from the date they were imposed. Automatic sanctions apply to a rider accumulating points as follows:
• 4 Points - Start the next race from last grid posi		• 4 Points - Start the next race from last grid position.
		• 7 Points - Start the next race from pit lane.
		•10 Points - Disqualification from participation at the next event (or from the race results if this occurs at the last event of the season). Points re-set to 0 after a rider reaches 10 points and serves a serves a disqualification.
Ī	Fines:	Cash penalty up to 10,000 USD
	Drop of Position:	The rider must go back the number of positions decided by the Race Direction.
	Ride through:	See Art. 1.24
	Time penalties:	The imposition of time affecting the rider's actual result up to 2 minutes and the cancellation of time.
-	Grid penalty:	The imposition of a drop of any number of grid positions or the imposition of starting the race from the pit exit at the rider's next race.
	Disqualification:	Disqualification from an event, practice sessions (black flag, black flag with orange disc), race (black flag, black flag with orange disc) or from its results.
	Points loss:	The loss of points from the Championship races already run.
	Suspension:	The loss of rights to participate in the Championship may be applied to one or more races.

Exclusion:	The final and complete loss of all rights of participation in any act	
	under FIMNA or AMA control.	

3.2.2 Plurality of Penalties

Any offender may have several penalties pronounced against him according to the circumstances.

3.3 THE DISCIPLINARY AND ARBITRATION BODIES

The disciplinary and arbitration bodies of FIM North America, qualified to deal with disciplinary and arbitration matters, are:

- The Race Direction
- The FIM North America Stewards
- The Permanent Bureau
- The Court of Arbitration for Sports (CAS)

3.3.1 The Race Direction

3.3.1.1 Composition

The Constitution of the Race Direction is in accordance with the requirements laid down in Article 1.6.

3.3.1.2 Authority and Competence

The Race Direction has the authority to penalize riders, teams' personnel, officials, promoters, organizers and all the persons involved in any capacity whatsoever in an event or in the Championship for infringements of the Regulations, including the following:

- Any voluntary or involuntary action or deed accomplished by a person or a group of
 persons during a meeting, contrary to the current regulations or instructions given
 by an official of the meeting.
- Any corrupt or fraudulent act, or any action prejudicial to the interests of the meetings or of the sport, carried out by a person or a group of persons occurring during an event.
- Having been unable to ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event or for serious breaches of the Regulations.

The Race Direction is competent to adjudicate upon a protest relating to infringements of the regulations.

3.3.1.3 Penalties that may be pronounced by the Race Direction

a. The following penalties may be pronounced by the Race Direction:

- penalty points
- warnings
- fines
- drop of position
- ride through
- time penalties
- grid penalty
- disqualification
- points loss (withdrawal of Championship points)
- suspension
- b. Hearings should be held (if applicable) and penalties issued immediately after the session if practical. If not practical, the parties involved should be notified that an incident is under review immediately after the session. The notification must take place no later than the same calendar day.

3.3.2 The FIM North America Stewards Panel

3.3.2.1 Composition

The Composition of the FIMNA Stewards Panel is in accordance with the requirements laid down in Article 1.7.

3.3.2.2 Competence

The FIM North America Stewards Panel will hear any appeals against decisions taken by the Race Direction.

3.3.2.3 Penalties that may be pronounced by the FIMNA Stewards Panel only following an appeal:

- fines
- warnings
- · time penalties
- grid penalty
- disgualification
- points loss (withdrawal of Championship points)
- suspension

3.4 PROTESTS AND APPEALS

3.4.1 Right of protest

- a. Unless specifically excluded herein, any rider affected by dangerous, unfair or fraudulent behavior, riding or act, has the right to protest against such a behavior, riding or act. Such matters may also include the conformity of a machine with these rules or the eligibility of a rider.
- b. There are two types of protests: technical and administrative. Technical protests relate to the legality of motorcycles and components used in competition. All other protests will be defined as administrative.

3.4.2 Procedure and time limit for protests

All protests must be submitted and signed only by the person directly concerned. Each protest must refer to a single subject only and the intention to protest must be notified to Race Direction within 30 minutes of the publication of the results.

The protest must then be confirmed in writing or withdrawn within one (1) hour at the latest after the publication of the results.

Protests must be handed to a responsible official (Race Director or any member of Race Direction) together with the security deposit of 750 USD or equivalent, returnable if the protest is justified.

Teams and riders contracted to compete in the Championship may submit a letter of guarantee from MotoAmerica in lieu of payment.

A protest against the eligibility of a rider, team or a motorcycle to enter a class or event must be made before the start of the official practice.

A protest against a machine on technical control compliance grounds (eg. weight, noise, materials, etc.) may be made after the start of official practice.

If the protest entails dismantling a motorcycle, the protest fee must be accompanied by an additional deposit of US \$200. This fee must be paid by the losing party to the mechanic of the rider who had to perform the dismantling procedure.

Following race one of a double header that takes place on the same day, the intention to protest other riders for technical reasons must be submitted within 15 minutes of the end of the race. For sporting protests the time limits remain as above.

If the "quick parc fermé" procedure takes place the intention to protest other riders for technical reasons must be submitted within 15 minutes of the end of the session. For sporting protests, the time limits remain as stated above.

3.4.3 Hearing of a protest

After a hearing, the Race Direction must make a decision on any protest presented. The protest has to be judged according to the provisions of the Regulations.

3.4.4 Effect of the decision upon a protest

The decision of the Race Direction and determination of penalty is immediate.

3.4.5 Right of appeal to the FIM North America Stewards against a decision of the Race Direction

No appeal may be lodged against a decision entailing or not:

- a change of position.
- a time penalty given in lieu of either: a ride through penalty or a change of position penalty.
- a ride through.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or races by means of a black flag or black flag with orange disc.
- a fine for speeding in the pit lane or a practice start violation.
- a photo finish.

When no appeal may be lodged the decision of the Race Direction is final.

3.4.6 Right of appeal to the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau against a decision of the FIM North America Stewards

No appeal may be lodged if the FIM North America Stewards confirm the previous decision of the Race Direction. In this case, the decision of the FIM North America Stewards is final.

3.4.7 Right of appeal to the Court of Arbitration for Sport (CAS) against a decision of the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau

No appeal may be lodged against a decision entailing or not:

- a drop of position.
- a ride through.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or races by means of a black flag or black flag with orange disc.
- a fine for speeding in the pit lane.
- a photo finish.

The decision of the CAS is final.

3.4.8

All rules herein may be appealed in accordance with the procedure stated in the MotoAmerica AMA Road Racing Series FIM North America Championship Regulations except for those rules that the regulations specify may not be appealed. The participants recognize the need for officials to make decisions that require judgment and the exercise of discretion, often instantaneously, with events as they are occurring. The exercise of judgment by the officials during an event with respect to any penalty or lack of penalty shall only be appealable in accordance with the regulations. By submitting an application to participate in an AMA FIM North America sanctioned MotoAmerica event, and in consideration of receiving the numerous benefits available, each participant agrees that the final and binding decisions of the officials are non-litigable, and shall not be appealable to any protest or appeal further agree that the protest and appeal procedures provided for in the MotoAmerica AMA Road Racing Series FIM North America Championship Regulations are the exclusive remedy for the resolution of any disputes and renounce the right to, and shall not pursue, recourse to any arbitrator, court

or other tribunal not provided for in the MotoAmerica AMA Road Racing Series FIM North America Championship Regulations. No court action of any kind may be taken by any participant. By reason of participation in an event, each participant waives any rights such participant may otherwise have to be a party to or take any action in court seeking legal or equitable relief against any decision, lack of decision or action of any kind by the officials or anyone acting on their behalf or the appeal panel. Each participant acknowledges that participant initiates or participates in litigation in violation of this rule, all participant privileges may thereupon be suspended and subject to disciplinary action deemed warranted by the AMA or FIM North America.

3.4.9 Time limits for the lodging of an appeal

The time limit for lodging a statement of appeal is:

against a decision of the Race Direction	30 minutes	
against a decision of the FIM North America Stewards	1 hour	
statement of appeal before the CAS	5 days	

The time limits shall be taken from the date and time of receipt of the decision by the appellant.

3.4.10 Lodging of an appeal

To be admissible, the statement of appeal must be submitted in writing (appeal before the FIM North America Stewards) or, sent by registered letter, special courier or email to the AMA/FIM North America to be forwarded to the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau. It is the appellant's responsibility to assure receipt of the appeal within the time limits.

The correct security deposit for appeal must be handed to FIM North America Chief Steward for an appeal before the FIM Stewards or paid to FIM North America for an appeal to the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau.

3.4.10.1 Security deposit for appeals

The amount of the security deposit is 1,500 USD.

Teams and riders contracted to compete in the Championships may submit a letter of guarantee.

Within 10 days following the statement of appeal before the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau, the appellant assigns to FIM North America a brief of appeal stating the facts.

If the appeal was not lodged and/or the security deposit for the appeal was not paid within the deadline specified in article 3.4.9, the appeal will be declared inadmissible without hearing.

3.4.10.2 Security deposit payable upon an adjournment

If an adjournment to call further witnesses is ordered upon the request of one of the parties involved, this party must provide an additional financial guarantee within a time limit to be fixed by the disciplinary body. The hearing will not be continued until this guarantee has been paid. In case of no provision of the guarantee within the time limit, the disciplinary body will make a determination on the appeal based on the evidence of the original witness.

3.4.10.3 Time limits to be observed for appeal hearings

The FIM North America Stewards must be convened to examine an appeal immediately after the brief of appeal is received. The FIM North America Stewards must in all cases announce a decision immediately following the hearing of the appeal.

The MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau must be convened to examine an appeal not later than 6 weeks after the brief of appeal is received.

3.4.11 Effect of an appeal

On request of the appellant, the FIM North America Stewards Panel may decide a stay of the provisional execution adjudicated by the Race Direction by injunction or in its decision.

On request of the appellant, the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau may decide a stay of the provisional execution adjudicated by the FIM North America Stewards Panel by injunction or in its decision.

3.5 DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

3.5.1 Right to a hearing

It shall be the unquestionable right of any person or body charged with any offense under the Regulations to defend themselves, either in person or by proxy.

Any party convened before a disciplinary or arbitration body has the right to be represented by one defense counsel of its own choice and at its own expense. Adequate notice of this intention must be given in order that this may also be notified to all other parties in the case. Failure to do so may result in the disciplinary or arbitration body upholding an objection to such representation.

If any of the parties duly convened do not appear, judgment can be rendered by default.

The disciplinary or arbitration bodies may decide that the hearing take place by means of a telephone conference call or through any other means of communication using a telephone or electronic device. Such a method of conducting a hearing shall only take place with the consent of all parties involved.

3.5.2 The Hearing

The hearing shall be public unless the disciplinary or arbitration body itself decides otherwise in exceptional circumstances.

The hearing shall be conducted in English. Should one of the parties wish to use another language, it shall provide the necessary interpreters at its own expense.

The appellant must be present or duly represented, failing which, the protest will not be admissible and the costs shall be borne by the appellant.

Once the proceedings have begun, each of the parties involved will state their respective cases without the witnesses being present.

After statements of the parties concerned, the disciplinary or arbitration body shall hear the various witnesses and experts in order to complete the evidence. The parties involved in the case shall have the right to question all witnesses and experts on their evidence.

Any member of the disciplinary or arbitration body may, at any time during the hearing question any of the parties involved, the witnesses and experts.

3.5.3 Witnesses and Experts

Each party is responsible for the convening and appearance of its own witnesses, as well as their expenses unless decided otherwise by the Court.

The disciplinary or arbitration body has no authority to oblige the witnesses to swear on oath; therefore, testimony shall be given freely. The witnesses may only testify to the facts they know and shall not be allowed to express an opinion, unless the disciplinary or arbitration body should regard them as experts on a particular subject and should ask them to do so. After having made their statements, the witnesses may not leave the room and shall not be allowed to speak to any other witness who has to give evidence.

The arbitration body may summon experts.

3.5.4 Judgment

Decisions of all disciplinary or arbitration bodies will be reached by a simple majority of votes. All members will have equal voting rights which must be exercised when a decision is required. Abstention is not permitted.

Each member of the disciplinary or arbitration body binds himself to keep all deliberations secret.

3.5.5 Notification of Judgments

The decisions of the Race Direction or of the FIM North America Stewards must be notified directly at the event venue, or failing that, addressed by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt. All judgments of the MotoAmerica Permanent Bureau must be notified, in writing, by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt in order to inform all parties concerned.

3.5.6 Publication of Judgments

The disciplinary or arbitration body imposing a penalty or adjudicating a protest or an appeal must have its findings published and quote the names of all parties concerned. The persons or bodies quoted in these statements have no right of action against FIM North America nor against any person having published the statement.

Furthermore, final decisions will be published in the media center unless the arbitration body itself decides otherwise.

3.6 COSTS OF PROCEDURE

The costs of a disciplinary or arbitration decision will be assessed by the FIMNA and will be awarded against the losing party, unless the arbitration body decides otherwise.

3.6.1 Payment of fines and costs

If the penalty is definitive, all fines and costs must be paid to FIM North America within 30 days of notification of the judgment decision according to Article 3.5.5. The person or body affected by the decision shall be automatically suspended from participation in all FIM North America and AMA activities, until such time as full payment has been received.

3.7 LAW OF MERCY

FIM North America, after consultation with the MotoAmerica Bureau may mitigate or completely forgive the penalty of a person or group of persons after having exhausted all the appeal procedures.

ARBITRATION CLAUSE

3.8

Final decisions made by the disciplinary bodies (exception art. 3.4.4) may be submitted exclusively to the Court of Arbitration for Sport by way of appeal within the time limit as laid down in article 3.4.9, which shall have exclusive authority to impose a definitive settlement in accordance with the Code of Arbitration applicable to sport.

FIM North America Appeal Form

When filling in this form, please give details concerning, the identity of the person(s) concerned, his/her function (rider, FMN, entrant, manufacturer, official, starting and/or licence number, etc), as well as References to Rules, Articles, etc.

Event:
Venue:
Session:
Date: Time:
Decision being appealed:
Rider or Team Manager:
Rider or Team Manager Signature:
FIM North America Stewards Panel
FIM North America Chief Steward:
FMNR Steward:

Other Participants	
Name / First name:	
Position:	
Name / First name:	
Position:	
<u>Reasons</u> :	
FOR FIMNA LISE / To be completed by the FIMNA Chief Steward	
Date of anneal:	
Anneal letter added to the decision of the EIMNA Stewards Panel	
Anneal fee naid 1 500 LISD	
Appeal fee guaranteed by MotoAmerica:	
MotoAmerica Signature:	
	7

CIRCUIT STANDARDS

4.0 CIRCUIT STANDARDS

Circuit standards will be guided by the "FIM STANDARDS FOR ROAD RACING CIRCUITS" (SRRC).

MEDICAL CODE

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5.0 MEDICAL CODE

5.1 INTRODUCTION

This Medical Code prescribes the Medical Service available for the competitors and their teams during an AMA FIM North America MotoAmerica event. The intent of this Medical Code is to help insure that any medical emergency can be met with all of the necessary skilled resources and treatments to prevent possible mortality and minimize morbidity. This Medical Code is modeled after the FIM Road Racing Medical Code.

5.2 MEDICAL PANEL

A Medical Panel shall be authorised by MotoAmerica and comprise as a minimum the series Chief Medical Officer (CMO), the Race Director and one (1) MotoAmerica representative. The Medical Panel will set the conditions for the medical service at events.

5.3 MEDICAL SERVICES

The medical service at an event shall comprise of two (2) parts; the track medical service and the public medical service.

- a. The Track Medical Service (TMS) shall provide medical cover and pre- hospital trauma care to riders injured during the event. The TMS shall also provide appropriate assistance to riders, officials and other authorised persons injured or taken ill during the event.
- b. The venue operator shall provide a Public Medical Service (PMS) for the public, contractors, guests and all other visitors on-site. Personnel and equipment for the PMS are strictly separate from the TMS.
 - The PMS is not described in this code but shall conform to any regulations or guidelines published by the relevant authority and reflect the size of crowd expected.
 - 2. The co-ordinator of the Public Medical Service shall be in direct contact with and answerable to the Chief Medical Officer (CMO).
- c. Only the CMO in conjunction with Race Direction may make statements to any third party, other than immediate relatives, about the condition of injured riders.
- d. The basic AMA FIM North America MotoAmerica Medical Services will be comprised of:
 - 1. Medical Intervention Vehicles
 - 2. Advanced Life Support (ALS) Ambulances
 - 3. Medical Center

5.4

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER (CMO)

The CMO shall be a Doctor with full, restriction-free, registration and a licence to practice from the jurisdiction in the state of the event. They shall hold personal medical indemnity insurance and have informed their insurer of their current practice.

The CMO coordinates medical decisions with Race Direction as necessary.

The Series CMO and the Event CMO may be the same person.

5.5 CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER DUTIES

5.5.1 Chief Medical Officer Duties – Pre-Event

The pre-event duties of the CMO shall include as follows:

- a. The CMO shall have a list of appropriate hospitals in the vicinity of the event with contact numbers and details of specialist services.
- b. At least thirty days prior to the event, the venue operator shall contact all appropriate local hospitals to give information concerning the event including dates and times of practice and racing and estimated size of crowd.

- c. The above information shall be available, in writing, to Race Direction prior to the first official practice session of the event.
- d. The CMO shall brief the medical centre, vehicle and trackside medical staff to be fully prepared prior to the start of the first practice session of the event.
- e. The CMO in consultation with the Race Direction is responsible for the deployment of Doctors and Paramedical staff alongside the circuit.
- f. The CMO together with Race Direction shall inspect the deployment of the Track Medical Services approximately twenty minutes before the start of track activities on each day of the event.

5.5.2 Chief Medical duties – During Event

The duties of the CMO during the event shall include as follows:

- a. The CMO shall have executive responsibility for all medical services during the event.
- b. The CMO, together with Race Direction, shall prepare a list of injured riders.
- c. The CMO shall ascertain whether riders fallen during the event are fit, at his/her discretion. Riders who fall in the first part of an interrupted race shall be examined before the re-start. Any riders who fall during the event and who refuse a medical examination shall be added to the list of unfit riders.
- d. The CMO shall attend meetings of the Event Management at the request of the Race Director.
- e. The FIM North America Safety Officer is responsible for all matters of safety and will take responsibility for the investigation of any incident, liaising with all concerned including the CMO.

5.5.3 Chief Medical Officer duties – Post Event

The post-event duties of the CMO shall include as follows:

- a. The CMO, together with Race Direction, shall prepare a list of unfit riders.
- b. The FIMNA Stewards or their representative, in conjunction with the CMO and Race Direction will complete the incident statistics form for presentation at the Event Management meetings.
- c. The CMO shall ensure that a room, suitably private, shall be made available for any drug testing that may be requested.
- d. The CMO shall inform Race Direction of the condition of injured riders under his/her care, and keep the information updated in the period following the event.
- e. Media statements will not be made about the condition of an injured rider without the express agreement of the CMO and Race Direction.

5.6 PROCEDURE IN THE EVENT OF AN INJURED RIDER

The management of an injured rider is under the control of the CMO.

5.7 MEDICAL PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT

The Medical Panel will set the conditions for the Track Medical Service at events including numbers of doctors and paramedics, number of medical cars and ambulances. The Track Medical Service shall be separate to the Public Medical Service.

- a. Individual medical staff must be suitably clothed and carry equipment for initiating resuscitation. Doctors and Paramedics working trackside or in medical cars must be identified by wearing a red safety protection suit with the word DOCTOR or PARAMEDIC written in red on the rear of the suit.
- b. Supporting trackside staff including medical car drivers and authorised trainee/assessing persons must equivalent protective clothing suitably marked with

DRIVER or OBSERVER. The organizer may provide protective clothing for the medical team.

c. Ambulance personnel will be identified in the uniform of the organization they are appointed by.

5.7.1 Medical Personnel

- a. Doctors shall hold full, registration and a licence to practice from the government agency that has jurisdiction for the event location. They may not be restricted to working within an approved practice setting. Any other licence restriction must be communicated to the Medical Panel and will be considered on an individual basis. The doctors shall also hold personal indemnity insurance and have informed their insurer of their current practice.
- b. Paramedics shall be registered as 'Paramedic' with the government agency that has jurisdiction for the event location. The Medical Panel may judge a paramedic to be eligible on provision of evidence of continuing education and maintenance of standards. The paramedics shall have indemnity insurance either in the form of a personal policy or provided by the event organizer.

5.7.2 Vehicles

The number, type and track position of the vehicles will be decided by the Medical Panel in conjunction with the Race Director.

5.7.2.1 Medical Intervention Vehicle

- a. This high performance vehicle will be staffed with a local physician or paramedic, as well as a driver familiar with the lay out of the course, all access roads and gates. The Rapid Intervention Vehicle will have radio communication with Race Control and will be positioned so that a rapid response is possible to any section of the track. It will be equipped with advance trauma and airway management equipment. This vehicle will be deployed by the Race Director in the event of a Red Flag during a session, supporting the trackside ambulance in incidents that suspect;
 - an unconscious rider
 - a spinal injury
 - a serious injury
 - a rider requiring immobilization and/or stabilization before being moved
 - a rescue needing longer than 3 minutes
 - a need for medical intervention on the track
- b. The role of the Medical Intervention Vehicle is to provide the initial evaluation and triage as well supporting the trackside ambulance paramedics and EMTs, supplementing their capabilities with advanced modalities. The Medical Intervention Vehicle will also follow the grid of riders for the warm-up and first lap of each race.
- c. Medical Equipment
 - Portable oxygen supply
 - Supraglotic, endotracheal intubation and surgical airway equipment
 - Suction equipment
 - Manual ventilator
 - Equipment for chest decompression
 - Equipment for vascular access, infusion, circulatory support and hemorrhage control.
 - Blood pressure monitoring equipment
 - Pulse oximeter
 - Equipment to remove race suits and helmet

5.7.2.2 Medical Intervention Vehicle Grid Procedure

- a. The Medical Intervention Vehicle should stage at Pit Out when riders are released for their sighting lap. When Pit Exit is closed for riders, the Medical Intervention Vehicle will enter the track, taking a lap and staging at the center of the track 2 rows behind the last rider on the grid. At the start of the Warm-Up lap, the Medical Intervention Vehicle will follow at speed the grid of riders for that lap, repositioning again in the center of the track 2 rows behind the last gridded rider. With the start of the race, the Medical Intervention Vehicle will follow at speed the grid of riders for that grid of riders, returning to Pit Out, at the completion of the first lap.
- b. In the event that a rider runs of course, and returns behind the Medical Intervention Vehicle, the vehicle will continue at same speed.

5.7.2.3 Advanced Life Support (ALS) Ambulance

- a. There should be 1 paramedic and 1 EMT in each of the trackside ambulances. Each ambulance will have radio communication with Race Control. The ambulances will be positioned per the individual event medical plan requirements. These personnel should be skilled in helmet removal, with/without an Eject helmet removal system, supraglotic and endotracheal airway management.
- b. The Medical Service must have exclusive access at any time to a minimum of two ambulances that are registered as an ambulance with the appropriate authorities and insured to transport casualties on public roads.
- c. Medical Equipment
 - Portable oxygen supply
 - Supraglotic and endotracheal intubation equipment
 - Suction equipment
 - Manual ventilator
 - Equipment for vascular access, infusion, circulatory support and hemorrhage control
 - Blood pressure monitoring equipment
 - Pulse oximeter
 - Equipment to remove race suits and helmets
 - Equipment to immobilize limbs and spine
 - Stretcher
 - Scoop Stretcher
 - ECG monitor and defibrillator

5.7.2.4 Air Ambulance (Medical Helicopter)

- a. A medical helicopter should be available and capable of transporting an injured rider to a Level 1 Trauma Center. The helicopter should have a cold-start to arrival time of < 30 min. The helicopter should be staffed by one Flight Nurse, one Flight Paramedic and one pilot. It is equipped to manage advanced cardiac and trauma resuscitation. The helicopter may be IFR rated, but may be limited by a 1000ft minimum ceiling. The helipad should be positioned in a secure area where aircraft prop wash will not have an effect on racing activities.
- b. Medical Equipment
 - Oxygen supply
 - Supraglottic, endotracheal intubation and surgical airway equipment
 - Suction equipment
 - Manual and automatic ventilator
 - Equipment for chest decompression
 - Equipment for vascular access, infusion, circulatory support and hemorrhage control.

- Blood pressure monitoring equipment
- Pulse oximeter
- Stretcher
- ECG monitor and defibrillator
- c. The Medical Panel will establish the circumstances and procedures at each event for the summoning of an Air Ambulance.

5.8 MEDICAL CENTER

- a. The Medical Center should be staffed with a physician and at least one assistant, (EMT, paramedic or nurse). The Medical Center may be used in some cases to stabilize a critically injured rider before transportation as well as treat minor wound and orthopedic injuries as well as minor illnesses. It may be a permanent or temporary structure, ideally with an entrance for EMS that is separate from the public.
- b. Medical Center should be capable of basic:
 - Burn treatment
 - Wound treatment
 - Fracture treatment
 - General medical care
 - Adult and pediatric resuscitation
- c. The Medical Center will serve:
 - Any injured rider
 - Any team member/pit crew
 - Any MotoAmerica personnel
 - Spectators

5.9 HOSPITALS

- a. A hospital network must be identified so as to manage all potential spectrum of trauma utilizing the services ranging from Level 1 to Level 3 Trauma Center capabilities.
- b. Each hospital as well as the helicopter service will receive a fax notification of the upcoming event seven days before the race. Confirmation of receipt of these notifications will be retained by MotoAmerica. MotoAmerica will also send to each hospital and department confirmation of rider insurance coverage so that there is no delay in care. Maps will be available to these hospitals for officials, team members, and family.

5.9.1 Level 3 Hospital Services

- a. Services for a Level 3 hospital should include:
 - Onsite Helipad.
 - Emergency Medical Services
 - Imaging capability with X-ray, CT, and Ultrasound
 - Available Specialist in General Surgery and Orthopedics.
 - Medical ICU
- b. Transportation time by ground ambulance should be within 30 minutes.

5.9.2

- a. Services for a Level 1 hospital should include:
 - Onsite Helipad

Level 1 Hospital Services

Emergency Medical Services

- Full imaging services with X ray, CT, MRI and Ultrasound
- Medical ICU
- Trauma/Surgical ICU
- b. Additional specialty services should include:
 - Trauma Anesthesia, Surgery and General Surgery
 - Orthopedics
 - Cardiology, Cardiothoracic and Vascular Surgery
 - Neurosurgery/Spine
 - Plastic Surgery
 - Maxillofacial Surgery
 - Internal Medicine
- c. Transportation time by helicopter should be within 30 minutes.
- d. There should also be an identified Pediatric Trauma Center, with a transportation time of 30 minutes.

5.10 TRAINING

There will be a meeting prior to each day of the event. These meetings will familiarize all members of the Medical Team with the goals of MotoAmerica as well as the philosophy of care. These meetings will review with all members of the Medical Team helmet removal and airway management in a suspected cervical injury, and there will also be a review of basic motorcycle racing mechanisms of injury and injury types. Ninety second response times to any section of the track will be the goal, striving for the highest level of medical care for riders, regardless of severity, and to minimize/eliminate unwanted outcomes.

5.11 CONCUSSION POLICY

a. Introduction

Concussion was defined by the "Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport, Zurich, 2012", and as used by the FIM, as a "complex pathophysiological process affecting the brain, induced by traumatic biomechanical forces". This simply means, an alteration in the way in which the brain functions secondary to an impact to the brain, either direct or indirect. This alteration occurs on a cellular level, and is not observable with either a CT or MRI scan of the brain. A loss of consciousness is not a requirement for this condition, and up to 90% of all concussions do not involve a loss of consciousness. The alterations in brain function may be subtle or dramatic.

b. Signs and symptoms

Signs can be observed, and symptoms are reported by the rider.

Clear signs are a Loss of Consciousness – LOC, a profoundly unstable gait/walk – ataxia, confusion, repetitive questioning indicating retrograde amnesia or vomiting.

Common symptoms of a concussion may include headache – the most common, nausea, "pressure in head", dizziness/balance problems, sensitivity to light or sound, blurred/double vision, difficulty in concentrating/remembering/focusing, fatigue/drowsiness, confusion, sleep disturbances and changes in emotion/irritability, as well as other vaguer symptoms such as "not feeling right".

Even impacts that are away from the head may produce a concussive event, for example, loading the spine axially.

Symptoms typically are self-limited to 7-10 days. 10-15% of the time this can be longer.

- c. Criteria for Suspicion of a Concussion
 - Observation of Loss of Consciousness on CCTV in Race Control, or the rider is slow to get up off the ground.

- Observation of profound ataxia/staggering, unsteadiness, balance difficulty or falling again after getting up.
- Observed confusion or inability to communicate by initial responding Medical Personnel or Corner Marshals. (These personnel are asked to report these signs only, and are not making a diagnosis).
- Observed vomiting.
- Suspicion of the physician in the Medical Center.
- Self-reporting of Symptoms of a Concussion.
- Determination of a Concussion

Concussions do not effect brain tissue in the way found in more significant Traumatic Brain Injury, TBI. Therefore, there are not any detectable changes on standard CT or MRI scans that can help determine if a Concussion has occurred. These scans however, are commonly used to detect the presence of a more serious TBI, because Concussion and these more serious head injuries share many common signs and symptoms.

Currently MotoAmerica, and the FIM, use the Sport Concussion Assessment Tool, **5th Edition - SCAT 5**, with a Balance Error Scoring System - BESS to confirm the presence of an alteration in brain function that is consistent with a Concussion. MotoAmerica will also use Vistibulo Occulo Motor Screening – VOMS, with or without computer aid. These tests, in combination, have excellent sensitivity and very good specificity in detecting the presence of a Concussion.

ImPACT neurocognitive testing, when used, is a helpful tool in determining the level of continued neurocognitive disability from a concussive injury and rehabilitation strategy. It cannot be used as a stand lone determinant for Return to Competition.

d. Exclusion from Competition

When a concussion has been suspected, a rider is removed from competition and placed on the Unfit Rider List until a review can be completed. This review will include, at a minimum, evaluating the video of the incident by the CMO after the session.

The CMO will determine the rider fit/unfit status and communicate to Race Direction utilizing the "Fit To Ride Certificate" form. It is the team/rider responsibility to provide the form to Race Direction prior to participating in any session.

The rider will not be able to return immediately to the current session, even with favorable testing. The rider may be held out from competition for 24 hours.

e. Return to Competition

It is always important for riders to observe a graduated increase in activity before returning to full competition to help avoid persisted symptoms.

- 1. Complete mental and physical rest until all symptoms have resolved. Usually 72hrs.
- 2. Light aerobic activity walking.
- 3. Moderate aerobic activity bicycling/swimming.
- 4. Strenuous aerobic activity HR > 60% MPHR. Preferably low impact.
- 5. Full Training MX, FT, MTB
- 6. Return to full Competition

Symptoms should not recur as activity is advanced. If symptoms do occur, then return to the next lower level of activity for 24hrs and try to advance again. If symptoms continue to occur, a head scan may be needed to investigate further for a more serious Traumatic Brain Injury.

f. Conclusion

The understanding and management of concussion in athletes is rapidly evolving. Serious consequences can occur from the mismanagement of concussions, and it is important for all riders to have a thorough understanding of this condition and how it may potentially affect them. Since the symptoms are mostly self-reported, this policy relies heavily on self-implementation. The rider and their teams need to honestly identify rider symptoms and alert the Chief Medical Officer. Though an injury to the brain is not externally apparent in a concussion, the need for the competent management of this injury should be viewed equally as important as that of a seriously broken bone or other serious injury.

5.12 INTRAVENOUS HYDRAYTION

- a. At no time during the meet will a rider receive any type of intravenous hydration unless such hydration is deemed medically necessary by medical personnel as a result of an emergency medical situation (e.g. heat stroke) encountered by a rider, during, or as a result of competing in the meet.
- b. Once a rider receives such hydration during the meet, the rider will be permitted to compete only after the CMO has deemed the rider safe and has released them to continue in the meet.

5.13 ALCOHOL POLICY

The Alcohol Policy and testing procedures will follow the FIM Alcohol Policy listed in the FIM Medical Code.







FIT TO RIDE CERTIFICATE

TO: RACE DIRECTION

FROM: MEDICAL CENTER

RIDER NAME	
RIDER COMPETITION NUMBER	
CLASS	

The rider named above has been evaluated at the Medical Center and is judged fit to compete in motorcycle circuit racing.

CIRCUIT	
ТІМЕ	
DATE	

NAME SIGNED

INFORMATION TO RIDER/TEAM: You must take this certificate and present it to RACE DIRECTION. Failure to do so may result in you being unable to participate in a practice session to race.

DATABASE INPUT COMPLETED	

6.0 ANTI-DOPING CODE

The regulations will be governed by the US Anti-Doping Agency (USADA).

7.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CODE

The regulations will be guided by the FIM Environments Code.